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ADVANCED AIRCRAFT ELECTRICAL SYSTEM (AAES)

Definition and Prototype Design for F-14 Aircraft (GPMS)

Grumman Aerospace Corporation Bethpage, New York

SEPTEMBER 1977

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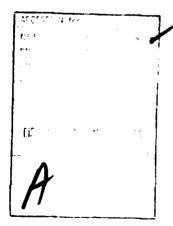
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- General Purpose Multiplex System (GPMS)
- MIL-STD 1553A

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A four terminal area multiplex scheme was selected to demonstrate multiplexing on an F-14A test aircraft. The compliment of power generation, power distribution and avionics multiplex equipment was revised to reflect the addition of GPMS and the installation in F-14A test aircraft No. 5. The requirements of each of the GPMS data terminals and their interfaces were identified. The design of data bus interface cards for future avionics encorporating MIL-STD-1553-A capability were developed and the volumes in a typical compliment of avionics were identified.



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ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

AAES Advanced aircraft electrical system

AAI Air-to-air identification

A/C Aircraft

AIMIS Advanced integrated modular instrumentation system

ACLS Automatic carrier landing system

ACM Air combat maneuver

A/D Analog to digital
ADC Air data computer

ADF Automatic direction finding

ADI Analog display indicator

AFCS Automatic Flight Control System

AHRS Attitude heading reference set

AICS Air inlet control system
AIM Air intercept missile

ALTM Altimeter

APC Approach power compensator

A/S Air stream/Air speed

AUX BRK Auxiliary brake

AWG-9 Phoenix Missile System
AWG-15 Weapon control system

BIRAM Bit input random access memory

BL Butt line
BRG Braking
BT Bus tle

CADC Central air data computer

C&A Caution & Advisory

CB Circuit breaker

CCDP (CC&D) Crew control and display panel

CCU Cable control unit

CIACS Central integrated armaments control system

CFG Constant frequency generator

CMD Command

Constant, speed, drive

CSDC Computer signal data converter

DDD Digital data display
DDI Digital data indicator

D/A Digital to analog

DECM Defensive electronic countermeasures

DEMUX (DMUX) Demultiplexer

DES Designator
D/L Data link

DT Data terminal

EAC Emergency ac contactor

ECM Electronic countermeasures

ECMD Electronic countermeasures display

EDC Emergency dc contactor

ESS Essential

ETI Elapsed time indicator

EXT External

EXC External contactor

FDR Feeder FLT Flight

FS Fuselage station

GAC Grumman Aerospace Corporation

GEN Generator

GCU Generator control unit
GPM Ground power monitor

GPMS General purpose multiplex system

HDG Heading
HDL Handle

HND BRK Hand brake

HSD Horizontal situation display

HUD Heads-up display
HVDC High voltage dc

ICS Intercommunication system

IDENT Identification

IDG Integrated drive generator IFF Identification friend or foe

IFU Interface unit (Part of AWG-9 computer system)

ILS Instrument landing system
INS Inertial navigation system
IMU Inertial measurement unit

IR Infrared INTLK Interlock

IRAM Input random access memory

I/O Input/Output

IWSFD Integrated weapon systems functional diagrams

LDC Left main d-c contactor

LED Light emitting diode

LGRB Left glove relay box

LGSE/LE Lateral glide slope error/Lateral error

LMC Left main contactor

LMLG Left main landing gear

LSB Least significant bit

LWOW Left weight on wheels

MAG Magnetic

MCB Mid-compression bypass

MDIG Multiple display indicator group (HSD and ECMD)

MDR Multiplexer driver receiver

MLG Main landing gear

MMD Master monitor display

MUX Multiplexer

MSB Most significant bit

MSL Missle

MTBF Mean time before failure
MU Master unit (processor)

NADC Naval Air Development Center

NAV Navigation

NFO Naval Flight Officer

NLG Nose landing gear
OBC Onboard checkout

ORAM Output random access memory

OVSP Over speed

PCD Precision course direction
PGS Power generating system

PP Pilots panel

PROM Programmable read only memory

PMS Phoenix Missile System

QAD Quick assembly disconnect

RAM Random access memory

RCCB Remote controlled circuit breaker

RDC Right main de contactor

RDR ALT Radar Altimeter

REL Reliable

RIT Remote input terminal
RGRB Right glove relay box

ROM Read only memory

ROT Remote output terminal
RMC Right main contactor

RMLG Right main landing gear

RNG Range

RWOW Right weight on wheels

SAS Stability Augmentation System
SINS Ships Inertial Navigation System

SIU Standard interface unit

SIP Serial input SOP Serial output

SOSTEL Solid state electric logic

SPD Speed

SSPC Solid state power controller

TAS True airspeed

TACAN Tactical air navigation

TID Tactical information display

TR Transmit receive, transformer rectifier

TTG Time to go
UMB Umbilical

VDI Vertical display indicator

VDIG Vertical display indicator group (HUD and VDI)

VGSE/VE Vertical glide slope error/Vertical error

VSCF Variable speed constant frequency

WCS Weapon control system

WL Water line

WOW Weight on wheels

WRA Weapon replaceable assembly

Section 1

INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

This is the addendum to the final engineering report describing work performed by Grumman Aerospace Corporation under Naval Air Development Center Contract N62269-75-C-0392 of 30 June 1975. The first part of this report was submitted in July 1976. It identified the requirements and established a prototype design for the installation of an Advanced Aircraft Electrical System (AAES) in an F-14 test aircraft. This system utilizes a new electrical generator (High Voltage DC (HVDC)) for primary electrical power. It utilizes the Solid State Electric Logic (SOSTEL) system for power distribution, control, management, and protection. It employs MIL-STD-1553A data bus concepts for information transfer and control. The use of a General Purpose Multiplex System (GPMS) data terminals was restricted to the SOSTEL Master Unit interfaces and to those F-14 transducers and low power control signals which would be difficult or cumbersome to adapt to the SOSTEL remote terminal interface requirements.

This portion of the study was initiated in January 1977. It identifies a representative F-14 avionics suite selected for incorporation in a GPMS avionics multiplex system. The interfaces selected are presently serviced by the Computer Signal Data Converter (CSDC) and portions of the AWG-9 system.

The CSDC provides interface compatibility, computations, mode switching and on-board checkout in the present F-14 design. As such, it provides a centralized multiplexing point for the transfer of information between much of the aircraft avionics.

A system containing four GPMS area data terminals was selected as the approach to demonstrate GPMS on an F-14 AAES flight test aircraft. The four terminal system was selected since it allows for subsequent design development to include system redundancy and growth. The existing avionics which the data terminals must interface with will not require modification. Modification would have incurred costs which

could not be justified for a system solely intended to demonstrate GPMS. This rationale also led to rejection of approaches which would have necessitated the inclusion of data bus interfaces in existing avionics. However, new aircraft or aircraft undergoing major avionics modification must have avionics which incorporate data bus interfaces for this information transfer technique to be efficient. In addition, the approach selected allows a performance comparison of the existing system with the GPMS system by reinstallation of the CSDC. The design is compatible but independent of the SOSTEL terminals of AAES. The avionics interfaces cover the range of signal types (discretes, serial digital, pulse, dc and ac analogs) which are typical of aircraft equipments.

The CSDC interface signals and functions were analyzed and tabulated. Functional drawings describing the present and proposed system were developed. The design of each data terminal was blocked out along with the actual and estimated parts required. The size of each terminal was determined. An estimate of the memory requirements was generated. A revised AAES system configuration was generated. This revision is primarily affected by consolidating MUX, DMUX, and SSPC functions, and the addition of the four GPMS area data terminals. A revised installation for the equipment was developed, based upon utilization of a test aircraft configured similar to the No. 5 F-14. The data bus message transfer requirements between the data terminals were synthesized. The message groups developed were organized to meet the data update requirements between the avionic users. Data bus usage is less than 15% of a single channel's capacity. An investigation of a number of F-14 avionics was performed to evaluate which equipments in a future design could absorb the bus interface electronics required to interface to a data bus system. Most equipment investigated would accommodate the two cards a data interface unit would require. A conceptual design of a future LSI device incorporating the necessary functional requirements along with the data, controls and status interfaces for a MIL-STD-1553A interface was generated.

Section 2

OBJECTIVES

The primary objectives of this phase of the AAES study are:

- Provide a design for the utilization and evaluation of a General Purpose Multiplex System (GPMS) on the F-14.
- The incorporation of GPMS should compliment the previous AAES study efforts and may modify that approach. However, the GPMS system and the SOSTEL system shall be capable of independent operation.
- The GPMS approach should be oriented about a typical aircraft suite of avionics and functions such that the design realistically evaluates GPMS concepts.
- Inherent in the objective is the basic fact that the F-14 aircraft is a test bed for the evaluation of AAES (PGS, SOSTEL, GPMS) concepts as opposed to being a unique design improvement under evaluation for future production F-14s.
- Subjective costs of various approaches, as related to modifications to existing avionics, quantity of GPMS terminals and complexity of interface and functions, should be factored in to establish a realistic but not overly ambitious approach.

Section 3

GPMS DESIGN

3.1 PRESENT F-14 SYSTEM

Figures 3-1 and 3-2 represent the existing signal and functional drawings of the interfaces considered during this portion of the study. They consist of the AWG-9 Computer Interface Unit (IFU) interface to the Vertical Display Indicator Group (VDIG), AWG-15 and the complete Computer Signal Data Converter (CSDC) interface. A description of the signal and functional interfaces between the various units follows.

3.1.1 IFU/VDIG

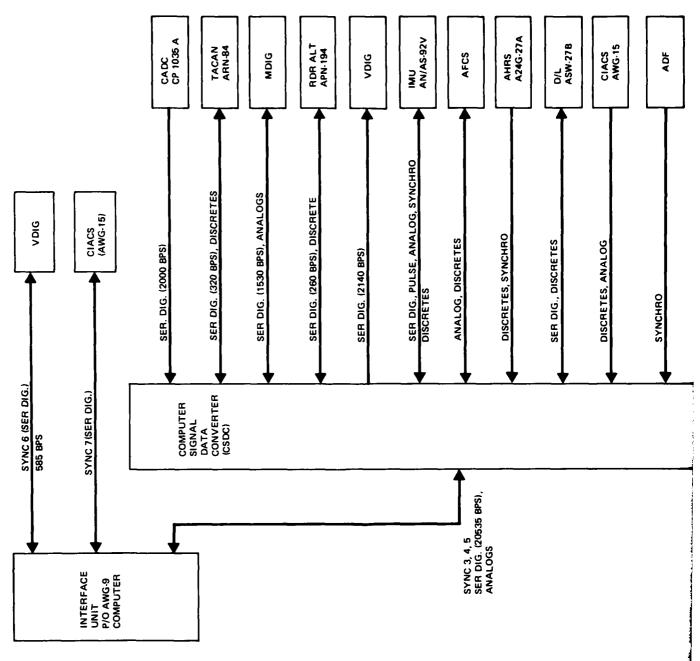
This interface is a serial digital data stream under control of the IFU. Serial Output (SOP) and Serial Input (SIP) information is transferred between the two units under a sync envelope utilizing clock pulses. Data is transferred NRZ in 32 bit words at 125 KHz rate. The SIP/SOP interface consists of four twisted wire pairs containing true and complement differential information of data in, data out, sync envelope, and clock. SIP input information to the IFU is delayed one data bit from the SOP output word to the VDIG, but is not an immediate response to the SOP message. The VDIG transmits command and mode information in one data word (SOP 0600) to the IFU, the IFU responds with the appropriate 1 of 13 data words (SIP0600 to SIP0612) containing display information.

3.1.2 IFU/AWG-15

This interface consists of a SIP/SOP channel utilizing sync 7 envelope. SOP/SIP0700 and 0701 provide missile command information to the AWG-15 and missile status information to the IFU.

3.1.3 IFU/CSDC

The IFU/CSDC interface consists of three SIP/SOP channels utilizing syncs 3,4, and 5, and two dc analog channels providing pitch and roll angles to the IFU. The serial digital SIP/SOPs provide a multiplexed interface between the IFU and the F-14



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	1111	FUEL QUANTITY LOX QTY INDICATOR	FNL IFF TRANSPONDER RADAR CONTROLLER	RADAR
SER DIG., DISCRETES DISCRETES, ANALOG SYNCHRO ANALOGS ANG-15 ANG-	DISCRETES	DISCRETE	DISCRETE AC ANALOGS	AC ANALOGS

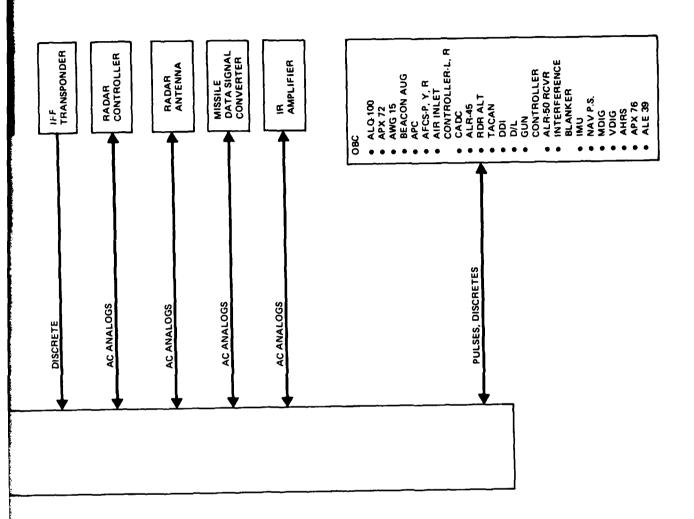
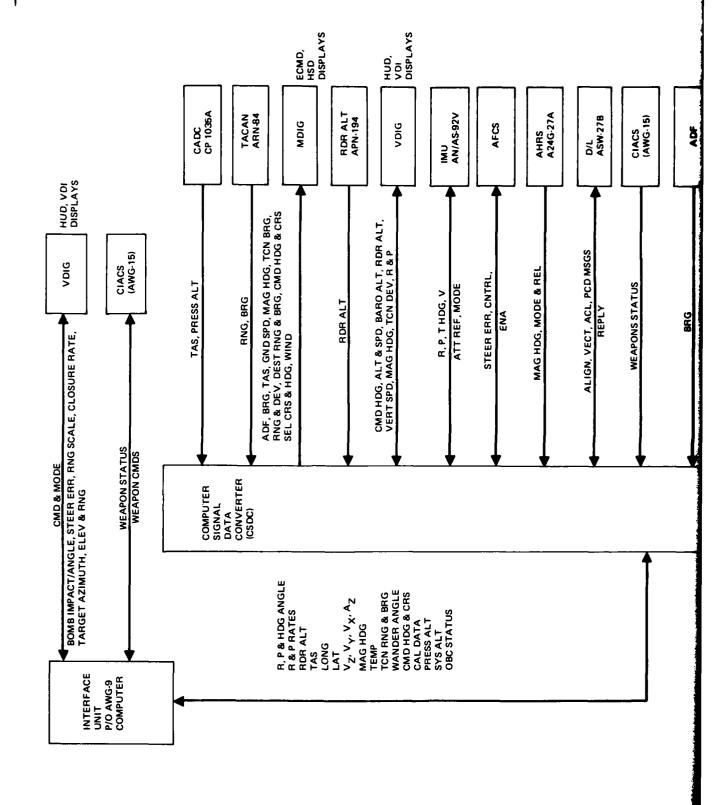


Figure 3-1 Existing F-14 CSDC/AGW-9 Signal Interface



2

AHRS A24G-27A	D/L ASW-27B	CIACS (AWG-15)	ADF	LIFT ACCEL	ILS RCVR	C& D PANEL	BLANKER	HND BRK	Q 88	FUEL	LOX QUANTITY INDICATOR	D/L REPLY PANEL	IFF TRANSPONDER	RADAR	RADAR
MAG HDG, MODE & REL	ALIGN, VECT, ACL, PCD MSGS REPLY	WEAPONS STATUS	BRG	LIFT ACCEL	AZIMUTH & ELEV DEV	NAV MODE	PULSE/DOPPLER MODE	BRK	CAUTION	FUEL	гох	D/L PILOT RESPONSES	IFF EMERGENCY	SPACE COORDINATES	A/C COORDINATES

HDG & CRS REL RNG TO DEST INITIAL V_X & V_Y MAG HDG OBC CMDS TRUE HDG SCALING INIT/DELTA LONG, LAT & WANDER ANGLES ACCEL TORQUE CMDS GND TRK MAG GND SPD WIND DIR & SPD

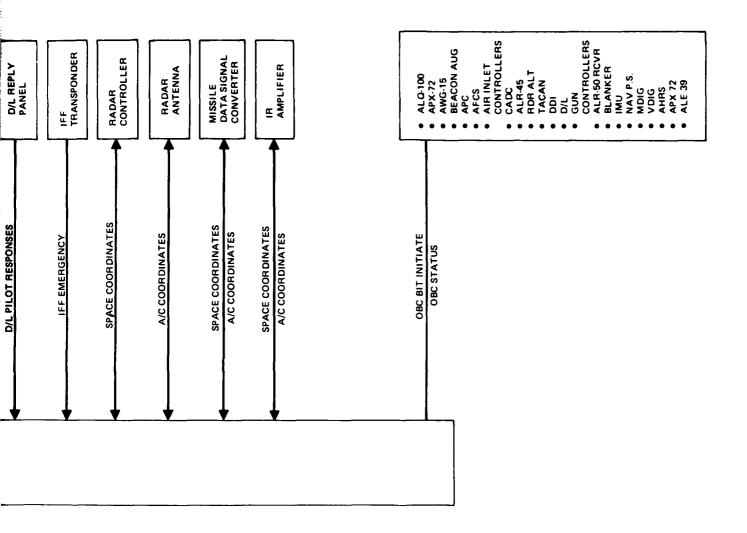


Figure 3-2 Existing F-14 CSDC/AWG-9 Function Diagram

avionics to which the CSDC interfaces. The CSDC provides signal timing, formatting, switching, general purpose computational capabilities and interface compatibility between the F-14 avionics equipments. As such, it is a central element in providing navigational computations and switching, onboard checkout (OBC) and signal conversions. The CSDC/IFU serial digital interface transfers the following information at 8,32 or 128 per second intervals:

To IFU

- Roll, Pitch & Heading Angles
- Roll & Pitch Rates
- Radar Altitude
- True Airspeed
- Longitude
- Latitude
- Roll, Pitch & Heading Velocity
- Vertical Acceleration
- Temperatures
- TACAN Range & Bearing
- Wander Angle
- Command Heading & Course
- Calibration Data
- Pressure Altitude
- System Altitude
- OBC Status

To CSDC

- Heading & Course Relative
- Range to Destination
- Initial Velocities
- Magnetic Heading
- OBC Commands
- True Heading
- Scaling
- Initial/Delta Latitude
- Initial/Delta Wander Angles
- Acceleration
- Torquing Commands
- Ground Track Magnetic
- Groundspeed
- Wind Direction
- Windspeed

3.1.4 CADC/CSDC

The Central Air Data Computer (CADC) interface to the CSDC is a one-way serial digital interface from the CADC to the CSDC under control of the CADC. The interface consists of a sync envelope, data, clocks, and their respective complements.

Information is transferred 20 times a second utilizing a 24 bit data word. The following functional information is transferred to the CSDC:

- Pressure Altitude Rate
- True Airspeed
- Mach Number
- True Angle of Attack
- Free Airstream Temperature
- Pressure Altitude
- Indicated Airspeed.

3.1.5 TACAN/CSDC

The Tactical Air Navigation (TACAN) system interface to the CSDC consists of a serial digital data interface from the TACAN under control of the CSDC. The CSDC provides this control by transmitting envelope, read and clocking signals; information is transmitted 20 times per second and consists of station range and bearing.

3.1.6 MDIG/CSDC

The Multiple Display Indicator Group (MDIG) which consists of the Horizontal Situation Display (HSD) and the Electronic Counter Measures Display (ECMD) provides two dc analog signals to the CSDC and receives serial digital data from the CSDC. The serial digital data interface consists of differential data, clock and envelope. The data words contain 31 bits and information is updated at a 10 per second rate. The analog signals to the CSDC provide Sine and Cosine Manual Command Course information. The serial interface provides the following display information to the MDIG:

- Magnetic Heading
- Groundspeed
- Wind Direction
- Command Heading
- Command Course

- Range to Destination
- True Airspeed
- TACAN Deviation & Bearing
- Relative TACAN Bearing & TACAN Range
- MDIG Symbol Word.

3.1.7 Radar Altimeter/CSDC

The Radar Altimeter provides radar altitude to the CSDC in a 20 bit serial digital differential data word. The CSDC provides information transfer control by providing a read envelope and clocking signals. The information is updated at a 20/second rate.

3.1.8 VDIG/CSDC

The CSDC transmits serial digital data to the VDIG on a one-way channel under control of the CSDC. A differential envelope, clock and data path is utilized to provide the VDIG, which consists of the Heads Up Display (HUD) and Vertical Display Indicator (VDI) with display information. The information is updated at a rate of 20 per second. This display information consists of:

- Command Airspeed Error
- Instrument Landing System Vertical Error
- Instrument Landing System Lateral Error
- Time to Go
- Reticle Manual Elevation
- TACAN Deviation
- True Angle of Attack
- Vertical Glide Slope Error
- Command Heading Relative
- Pressure Altitude Rate
- Sine & Cosine Roll
- Pressure & Radar Altitude

- Command Altitude Error
- Lateral Glide Slope Error/Lateral Error
- Aircraft Pitch & Command Airspeed
- Magnetic Heading & Command Altitude
- Weapon Types Selected
- Weapon Quantity Reading
- Weapon Status
- Navigation Mode
- Data Link Status.

3.1.9 IMU/CSDC

The Inertial Measurement Unit (IMU) interface to the CSDC consists of serial digital, analog, discrete and pulse train signals. A serial digital 22 bit calibration data word is transmitted to the IMU under control of the CSDC, which provides envelope and clocking signals. The IMU transmits a roll and pitch 3-wire synchro and two 4-wire heading resolver signals to the CSDC. Three axis torquing pulses are transmitted to the IMU in true and complementary form on three wire pairs. Three axis accelerometer pulse trains are transmitted to the CSDC in true and complement form along with an accelerometer clocking signal for timing. Four discretes are transmitted to the IMU from the CSDC for mode control. Five discretes from the IMU provide IMU status. The IMU is a three axis, four gimbal, all attitude unit containing gyros, accelerometer and associated electronics. The accelerometers provide the basic interial navigation signals necessary for navigational information. As such, the IMU is the primary unit for aircraft inertial navigation. Two backup modes are provided utilizing combination of the IMU, AHRS and CADC information.

3.1.10 AFCS/CSDC

The Automatic Flight Control System (AFCS) interface to the CSDC consists of three discretes from the AFCS to enable steering error computations. The CSDC provides four steering validity discretes and a dc analog steering error signal. The steering error signal may be clutched magnetic heading error derived from AHRS or

AWG-9 backup magnetic heading; clutched ground track error derived from AWG-9 ground track magnetic; or command heading error derived from data link command heading and AWG-9 ground track angle.

3.1.11 AHRS/CSDC

The Attitude Heading Reference Set (AHRS) interface supplies the CSDC with three 3-wire synchro inputs (Roll, Pitch, Heading) and three discrete status lines. The AHRS provides backup roll and pitch information for navigation in the event of a inertial navigation system failure. It provides primary magnetic heading information.

3.1.12 DL/CSDC

The Data Link (D/L) interface to the CSDC is comprised of serial digital and discrete interfaces. The D/L provides two envelope signals and two 42 bit data words containing odd and even data link information. The CSDC provides two gated shift clock lines to control the receipt of odd and even data. The CSDC provides a 42 bit data word reply message along with a clocking signal of gated pulses. A D/L tilt status discrete provides indication of D/L message validity. Nine D/L messages to the CSDC and the reply message to the D/L contain the following functional information:

To	CSDC
----	------

- Command Altitude
- Command Airspeed
- Command Heading
- Time to Go
- Vertical Glide Slope Error or Vertical Error
- Lateral Glide Slope Error or Lateral Error
- Discrete Messages
- Altitude Scale

To D/L

- Aircraft Heading
- Weapon Status
- Aircraft Altitude
- Altitude Scale
- True Airspeed
- Fuel Status
- Encoded Discretes
- Aircraft Type

3.1.13 CIACS/CSDC

The CIACS (armament panel and elevation lead panel) provides seven discretes and one dc analog. The discretes are coded to identify weapon type selected and weapon quantity ready. The analog elevation lead angle provides manual mode offset of the HUD sighting pipper.

3.1.14 ADF/CSDC

The Automatic Direction Finder (ADF) provides a 3-wire synchro to the CSDC. This synchro provides ADF bearing to the MDIG displays.

3.1.15 Lift Accelerometer/CSDC

The Lift Accelerometer provides lift acceleration in the form of a dc analog to the CSDC. Lift acceleration is transmitted to the AWG-9 IFU.

3.1.16 Blanker/CSDC

The Interference Blanker receives a discrete from the CSDC identifying Pulse/Doppler mode.

3.1.17 Fuel Quantity Sensor/CSDC

The Fuel Quantity Sensor provides a dc analog to the CSDC for conversion and transmission in the D/L reply message.

3.1.18 Lox Quantity Indicator/CSDC

The Lox Quantity Indicator provides a discrete input indicating low lox status. This information is supplied in the reply message to the D/L.

3.1.19 DL Panel/CSDC

The D/L reply panel provides six discretes (NFO switch initiated) which are transmitted to the D/L in the reply message.

3.1.20 IFF/CSDC

The IFF transponder, IFF transponder control unit and ejection seat switches provide an OR'ed discrete identifying an emergency condition which is transmitted to the D/L in the reply message.

3.1.21 Coordinate Transformations

The CSDC provides four sets of three direction cosine signals for use by the IR amplifier, radar antenna, radar controller and missile auxiliaries. The CSDC has one channel available for conversion of IR amplifier space stabilized coordinates to aircraft coordinates. The CSDC receives space stabilized coordinates for use by the radar antenna. It receives aircraft coordinates from the radar antenna and converts them to space stabilized coordinates which are transmitted to the radar controller. It provides a channel of earth stabilized coordinates to aircraft coordinates for the missile data signal converter. All channels except the IR amplifier channel have conversion bypass capability. Coordinate conversions are accomplished by digitally modifying the analog resolver signals with IMU/AHRS pitch, roll and heading information.

3.1.22 OBC

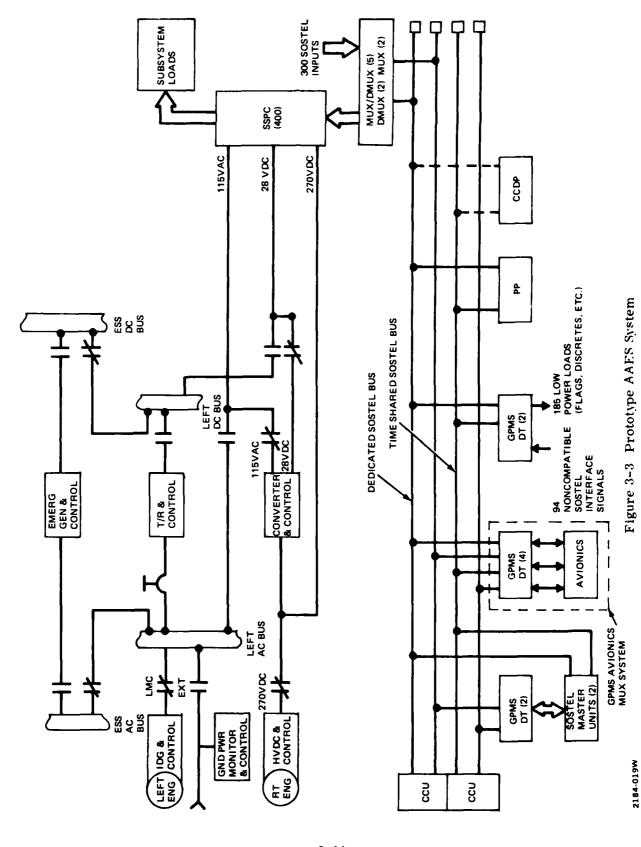
The CSDC performs onboard checkout of the F-14 avionics. Discrete failure indications are automatically coded and transferred to the AWG-9 IFU. Commanded BIT is initiated and terminated under command of AWG-9 IFU(SOP0500). All OBC information is transferred to the IFU on serial interface SIP0501-0505 for fault analysis. F-14 OBC interfaces and operation can be divided into five classes:

- Continuously monitored information
- Command initiated, in flight test only
- Command initiated, ground test, pilot OBC selected
- Command initiated, ground test only
- Command initiated, in-flight and ground test.

3.2 PROTOTYPE AAES SYSTEM

The prototype AAES system identified in the July 1976 portion of this report has been revised and is illustrated in Figure 3-3. The primary considerations for revising the system are:

- The addition of four area GPMS data terminals to provide for the incorporation of the avionics interfaces identified in this phase of the study.
- The identification of an AAES test bed aircraft configured as in the No. 5 F-14. This test vehicle does not contain an AWG-9 system or gun; as a result, large equipment volumes are available for AAES installation even though some portions of the AWG-9 system must be installed.
- Incorporation of cable controllers and pilot's panel.



- Consolidation of the SSPCs and some SOSTEL terminals into two locations: one forward of the pilot and one aft of the NFO.
- A revision of the number and mix of SOSTEL remote terminals (MUX, DMUX and MUX/DMUX). Greater emphasis is placed on the use of MUX/DMUX (5) while still maintaining 2 MUX and 2 DMUX for evaluation purposes. The revised configuration provides for the 302 MUX inputs and 386 DMUX outputs identified previously with 38% and 15% growth capability, respectively.
- The outline dimensions for AAES equipments were adjusted to the values identified in the SOSTEL procurement specifications. The GPMS data terminals were established utilizing the Grumman data terminal complement of components and an estimate of the user interface components.

In addition, the following guidelines were adopted:

- The SOSTEL system should be independent of the GPMS avionics equipment complement. This would allow SOSTEL operation with or without GPMS onboard the aircraft.
- The present CSDC cabling would be capped and stowed to allow the CSDC to be reinstalled for comparison with its GPMS replacement.

The resultant revised complement of equipment is as follows:

• Cable Control Units (2)

Each servicing two data bus cables by providing bus offer messages and monitoring bus utilization.

• GPMS Data Terminals (8)

Two data terminals service the SOSTEL Master Units. These two units are configured to provide two channel data bus service to the MUs. Each of these require two MU serial interface cards besides the control/timing and multiplex driver/receiver sections. An additional two data terminals provide inputs and output user interfaces for unique SOSTEL signals. The inputs and outputs for these terminals were identified in the previous report. They consist of low power output signals (discretes, flags, relays, etc.) which would not justify the use of solid state power controllers, and SOSTEL input signals which would require cumbersome conditioning circuitry to

to modify for SOSTEL impedance type interfaces. Four data terminals were added as a result of this portion of the study and provide the interface between the avionics suite selected for demonstration of GPMS.

- Master Units (2): No change from previous AAES prototype design.
- Pilot's Panel (1), CCDP (1): No change from previous AAES prototype design. CCDP may be a nonflight plugable unit for ground test and checkout.
- MUX (2), DMUX (2), MUX/DMUX (5): Reconfigured mix of these remote units with greater utilization of MUX/DMUX components.
- Solid State Power Controller (400): Controller installation along with their DMUX interfaces have been consolidated into two compartments starboard forward and aft of the pilot and NFO, respectively. Four hundred SSPCs were identified as a result of the previous study effort based upon a full-up complement of F-14 avionics.
- Transducers (300): No change from previous AAES prototype design.

3.3 GPMS AVIONICS CONFIGURATION

The GPMS avionics system identified during this effort is configured about the use of four area multiplex data terminals. These data terminals have been assigned designations DT1, DT2, DT3 and DT4. A block diagram of the proposed configuration and their associated users is illustrated in Figure 3-4. The present F-14 avionics interfaces contain a significant amount of multiplexing as evidenced by the present CSDC. AWG-9 IFU, VDIG, MDIG, etc., designs. A number of system approaches were initially considered as illustrated by Figure 3-5 and Figure 3-6. These were rejected as being overly ambitious for a flight test program oriented about demonstrating the general applicability of the GPMS system. They would require considerable support by the F-14 avionics suppliers, thus incurring costs which may not be justified solely for the aims of this program. They are more in line with updating the avionics complement of the F-14 aircraft for future production and modification of the present fleet complement of F-14s. When data bus systems are considered solely as a communication system between the subsystems and avionics of an aircraft without consideration of the other functional requirements (improved air-to-air, air-to-ground, maintainability, etc.) they usually are not cost effective.

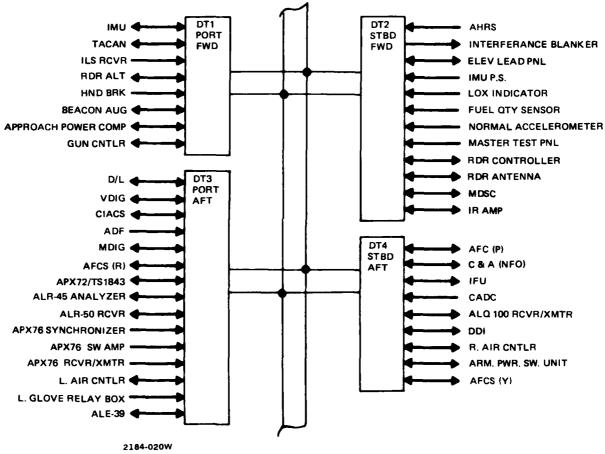


Figure 3-4 Area MUX Configuration

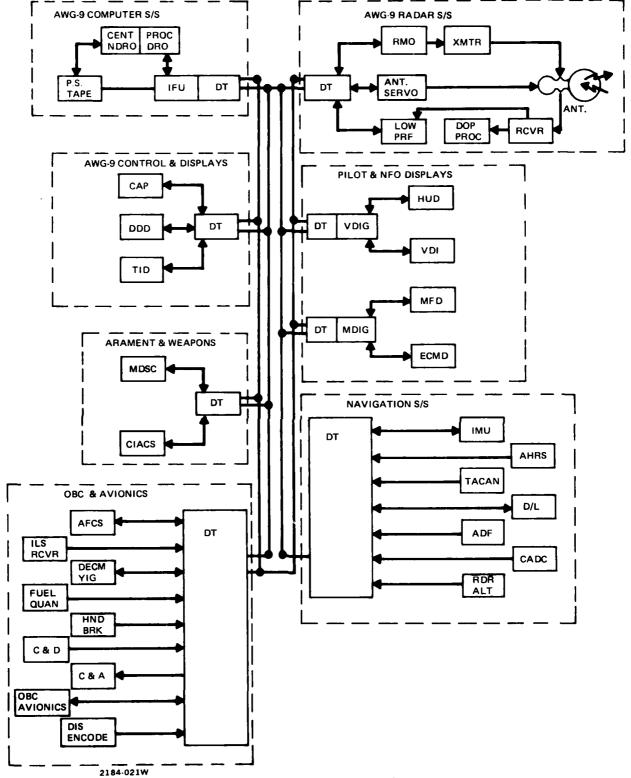
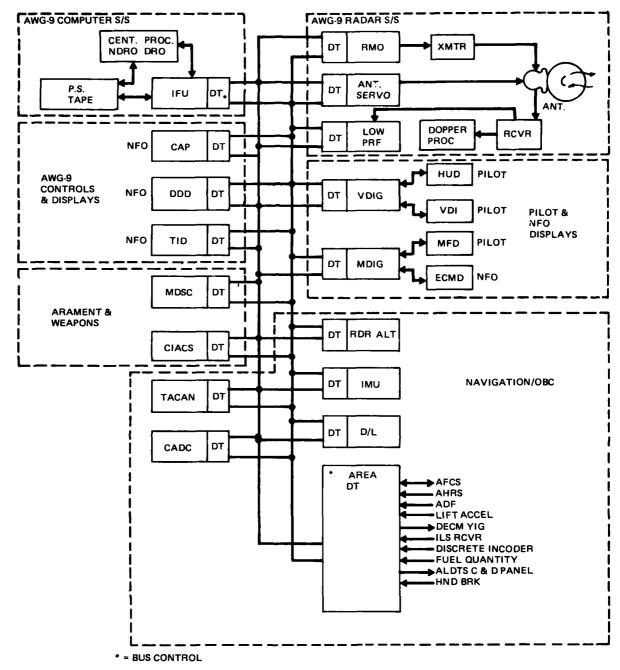


Figure 3-5 Functional MUX Configuration



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Figure 3-6 Dedicated MUX Configuration

When considered as part of an overall aircraft avionics update (new aircraft, or conversion in lieu of production (CILOPS)) a data bus system is advantageous as it leads to a standardized communication approach. This is particularly true as future equipment will be designed with data bus compatible interfaces. Figure 3-7 illustrates a data bus organized system specifically oriented about on F-14 CILOPS configuration.

To arrive at the proposed four data terminal GPMS test configuration, the CSDC/ IFU interfaces and functions were analyzed and tabulated (see Appendix A). This tabulation is oriented about the functional aspects of signal flow as opposed to the electrical interface. Thus, all functional interfaces under SIP03 (items 2 through 14) time share the same serial electrical interface using the SIP03 envelope, clock and data lines. A total of 311 functional interfaces were tabulated. The present CSDC/IFU user interface and the GPMS data terminal interface for each signal are listed. The figures referred to in the comments column can be found in Appendix B. These figures were generated to provide an insight into the functional requirements each of the data terminals is required to perform based upon the present interface requirements. In addition, they identified the data bus information flow required by each of the data terminals. These requirements are summarized for each data terminal in Figures 3-8 through 3-11 (DT1 to DT4 user electrical interface) and Figures 3-12 through 3-15 (DT1 to DT4 functional interface). From this data base, information was derived to characterize the GPMs system and each of the data terminals.

Table 3-1 summarizes the significant data terminal characteristics.

3.4 DATA TERMINAL PARAMETERS

3.4.1 Data Terminal Configuration

The design of the four data terminals (DT1, DT2, DT3 and DT4) are characterized in Table 3-1 and is based upon Grumman's effort associated with MIL-STD-1553A data bus systems. Central to this effort is the application of microprocessor technology to the individual data terminals. In this configuration, the microprocessor (Intel 3000) is required to provide the bus protocol functions of MIL-STD-1553A in addition to servicing the users. A block diagram of the general layout of the data terminals is illustrated in Figure 3-16. The data terminals are divided into three sections.

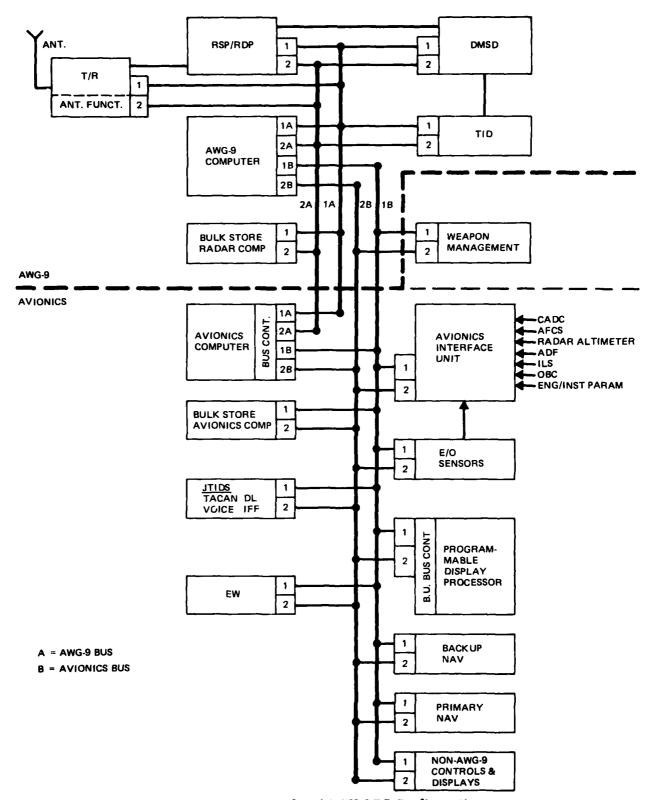


Figure 3-7 Typical F-14 CILOPS Configuration

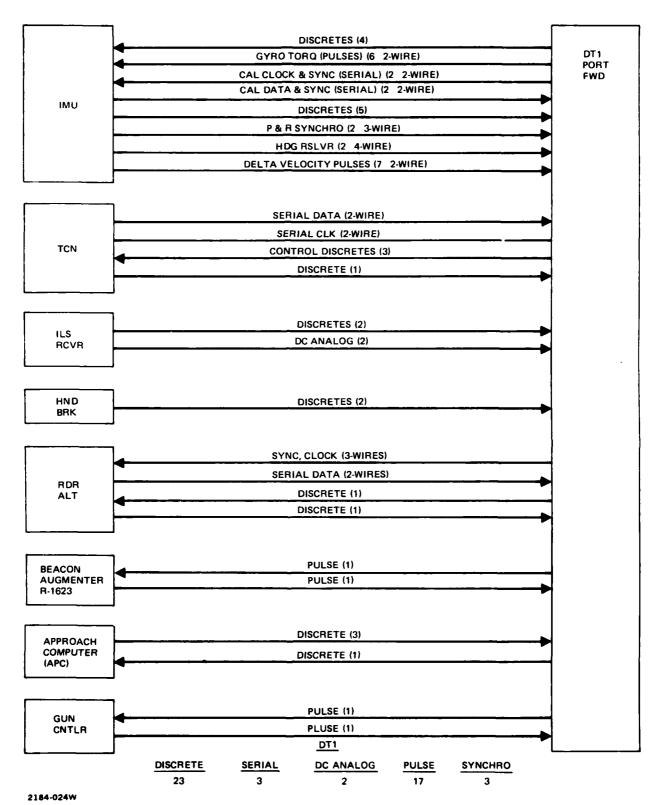
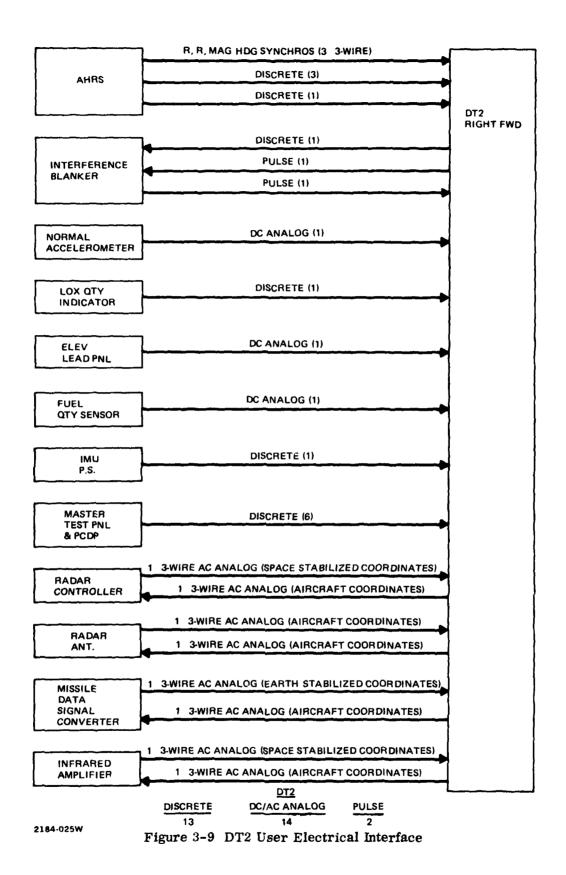


Figure 3-8 DT1 User Electrical Interface



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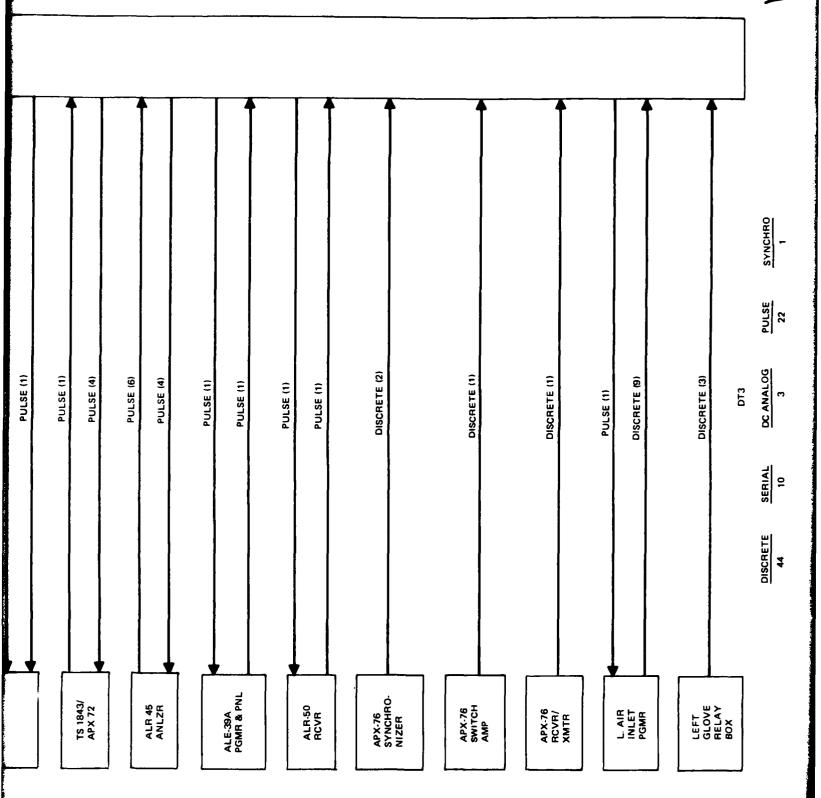
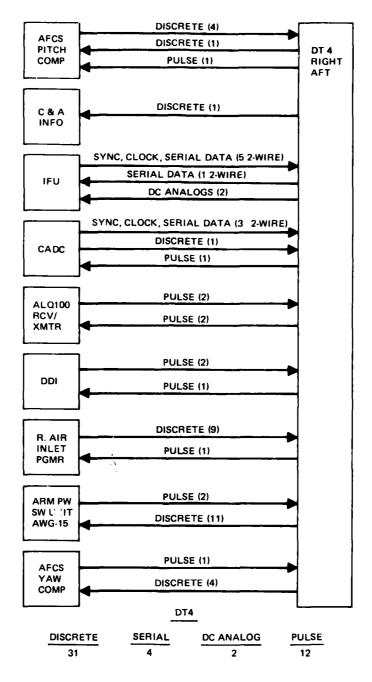


Figure 3-10 DT3 User Electrical Interface



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Figure 3-11 DT4 User Electrical Interface

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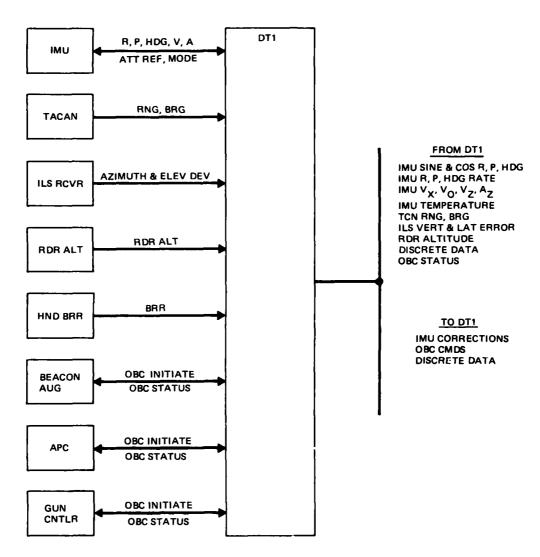


Figure 3-12 DT1 Functional Interface

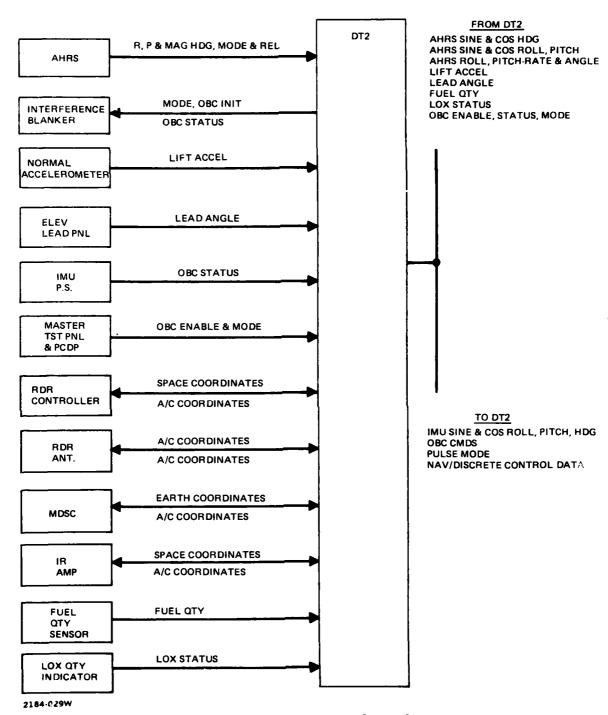


Figure 3-13 DT2 Functional Interface

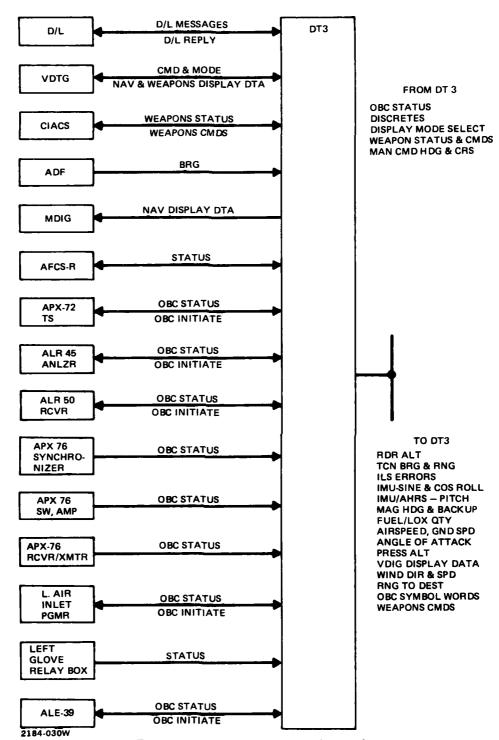


Figure 3-14 DT3 Functional Interface

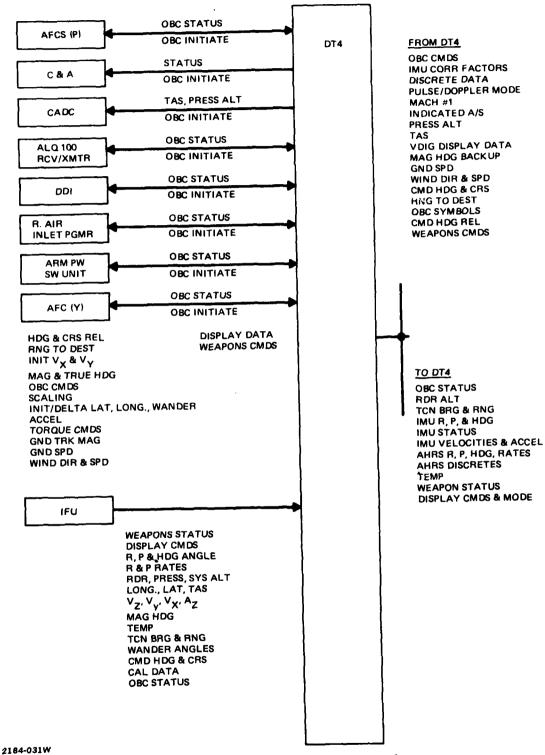


Figure 3-15 DT4 Functional Interface

Table 3-1 Data Terminal Characteristics

	DT 1	DT 2	DT 3	DT4
AVIONIC SIGNAL INTERFACES				
Discretes Serial Digital dc/ac Analog Pulse	23 3 5 17	13 14 2	44 10 4 22	31 4 12
DATA BUS INTERFACE				
Transmit/Receive Message Groups Data Words (XMIT/RCV) Utilization Time (usec/sec)	6 41 62480	5 22 52000	5 52 32360	10 83 82780
ELECTRICAL/MECHANICAL DESIGN				
Major Identified Electrical Parts Volume Required/Alloted (in. ³) RAM Indentified/Alloted (Words) Prom Indentified/Alloted (Words)	85 212.8/320 124/1K 2225/4K	58 270.4/320 91/1K 1955/4K	151 292. 8/320 183/1K1 1546/4K	107 233. 6 '320 383/1K 1414/4K

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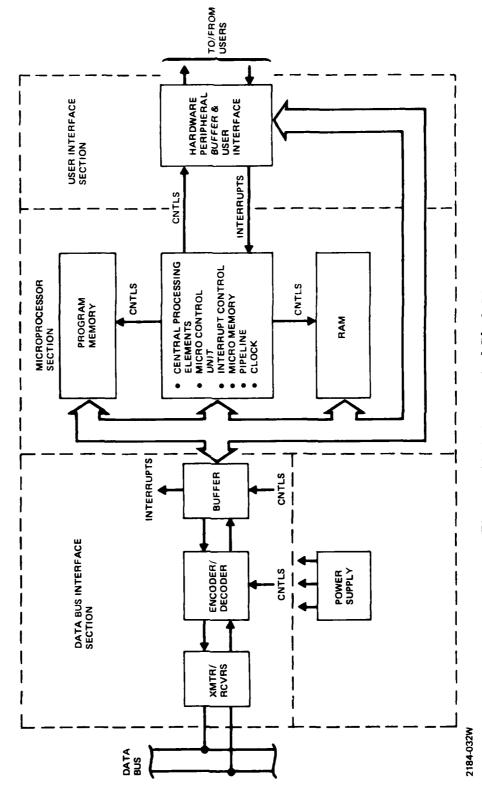


Figure 3-16 Data Terminal Block Diagram

The data bus interface section provides the transformer coupling, isolation, line driver receiver, and inhibit logic required to insure a compatible data bus electrical interface and transmitter selection. The encoder/decoder provides Manchester/NRZ conversions and associated received data and status signals, while accepting the controls and data for transmission. It is organized to provide independent receive and transmit functions. The buffer is also designed to provide independent transmit and receive paths, and is basically a serial to parallel, and parallel to serial dedicated asynchronous receiver transmitter. It is organized to provide the interrupts, data and status for received information and accept the controls and data for transmitted information. This data bus interface section is designed to operate in conjunction with the 3000 microprocessor elements as well as so called "dumb" terminals. Dumb terminals are data terminals which do not warrant microprocessor capability by virtue of the simplicity of the user interface and the functions it is to perform. The data bus interface controls are implemented in hardware logic.

The microprocessor section is organized to provide the arithmetic, logical, storage, and control functions required by the data bus interface section and the user interface section. For all terminals the data bus protocol programs will be the same while the user programs are unique to the user requirements. This section is organized about a 2 bit slice central processing element and for this application an 8 bit machine (four slices) was selected.

The hardware for these two sections (data bus interface section and microprocessor section) are common to each of the four data terminals. Table 3-2 identifies the required parts, size, and card area required. It should be noted that the parts for a two channel data bus interface section require 26 sq in. of card space and can be easily mounted on a 5.5 in. x 5 in. card. Thus, for future redesigns of avionics requiring a data bus compatible interface, the addition of a single card is the minimum required additional circuitry.

Each of the four data terminals user interface requirements were analyzed based on the signal input/output requirements of Appendices A and B. Figures 3-17 through 3-20 are block diagrams of the user interface for DT1, DT2, DT3 and DT4, respectively. Using these figures, an estimate of the required circuitry was performed. The resulting estimated user parts requirements are tabulated in Tables 3-3 through 3-6. Based on the parts count for each data terminal, a physical size was

Table 3-2 Data Bus Interface and Micro Processer Parts Estimate (Common to All Data Terminals)

A COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE P

PART FIINCTION	QUANTITY	SOURCE/TYPE/CONTROL NO.	SIZE	* AREA. in.
XMTR/RCVR	2	SM-A-914991	1.5 in. x 1.5 in. Hybrid	က
XMIT Inhibit Control	!	i	2-16 Pin Dips	2
XFMRS	2	GAC-P42	.75 in. x .5 in x .5 in Module	r-i
Encoder/Decoder	Ø	SM-A-915019	40 Pin Dip	10
Buffer	81	SM-A-914983	40 Pin Dip	10
Micro-Control Unit	-	3001	40 Pin Dip	വ
Interrupt Control Unit	-	3214	24 Pin Dip	3.25
Micro Memory Prom	4	82S114 (256 x 8 ea)	24 Pin Dip	13
Pipeline Registers	က	54LS114	24 Pin Dip	9.75
XTAL Clock	H	MF5406	.8 in. x .5 in. x .3 in. Module	П
Counters	1 ea	54S196 & 93S05	14 Pin Dips	7
CPE	4	3002 (x 2)	28 Pin Dips	14
RAM	4	93L422 (256 x 4 ea)	24 Pin Dips	13
Address Extension	1 ea	54273 & 54138	20 & 16 Pin Dips	3.5
Main Memory (PROM)	4	82S191 (2K x 8 ea)	24 Pin Dips	13.0
Power Supply	1	GAC No. TBD	4 in. x 4 in. x 2 in. Module	

*NOTE: Card area required is based on the following alloted area per dip:

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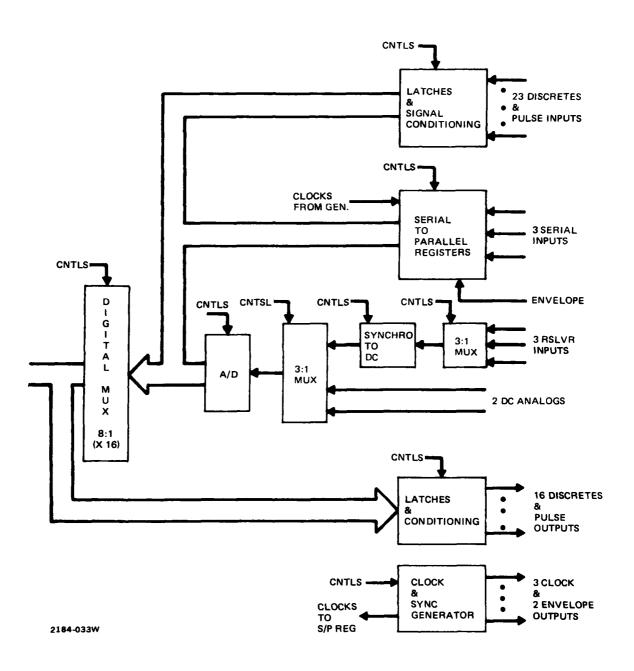


Figure 3-17 DT1 User Interface

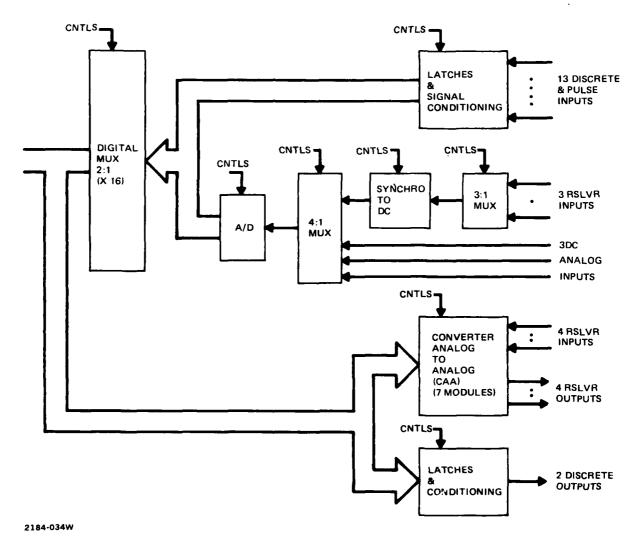


Figure 3-18 DT2 User Interface

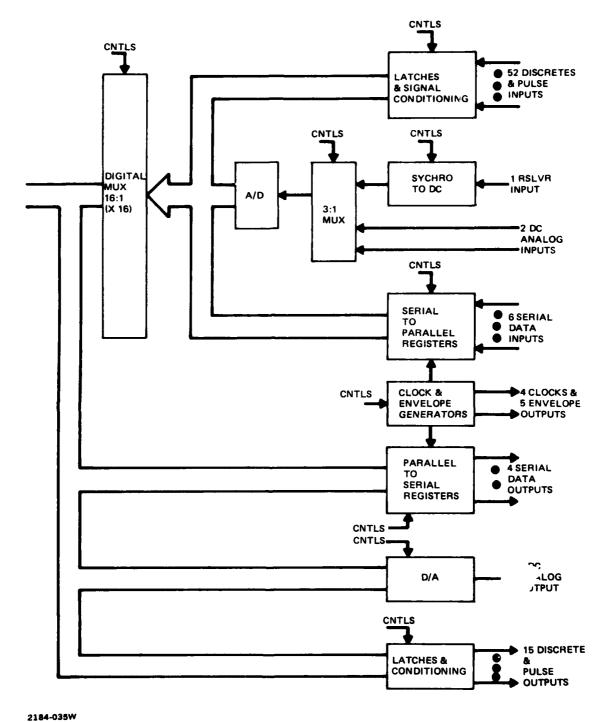
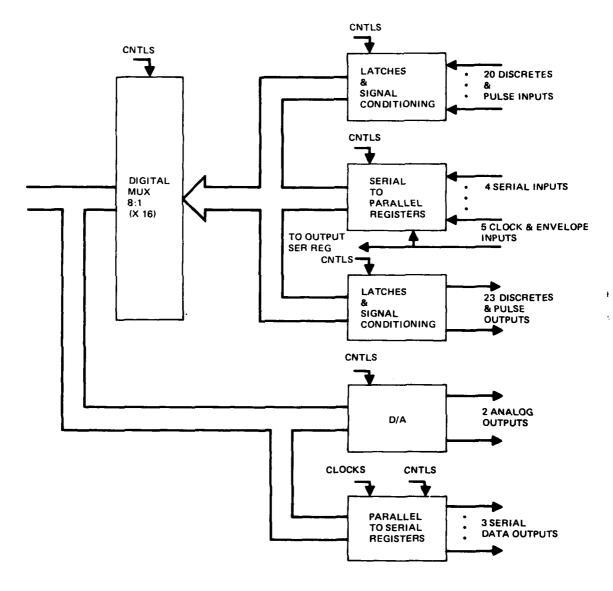


Figure 3-19 DT3 User Interface



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Figure 3-20 DT4 User Interface

Table 3-3 Data Terminal 1 (DT1) User Parts Estimate

	Table 3-3 Data Terminal 1 (DTI) User Parts Estimate	ser Parts Estimate	
FUNCTION	SOURCE/TYPE	EQUIVALENT SIZE	AREA, in. 2
Input Discretes & Pulse	Conditioning & Latches (Quad -4)	8-16 Pin Dips	œ
SER Input Registers	SER/PAR 8 Bit (74164)	12-16 Pin Dips	12
3:1 MUX (RSLVR)	4 x SPST	3-14 Pin Dips	က
Synchro to de	SLDC-L-1	3.1 in. x 2.6 in. x .82 in. Module	ര
3:1 MUX (dc Analog)	4 x SPST	1-14 Pin Dips	г
A/D	DAC395	2 in. x 2 in. x 0.4 in. Module	4
Output Discretes & Pulse	Conditioning & Latches (Quad-4)	6-16 Pin Dips	9
Clock & Envelope Generators	Counters, Latches (Quad-4) & Conditioning	4-16 Pin Dips	44
Digital MUX	3-S, 8 to 1 x 16, SN54151	16-16 Pin Dips	16
		TOTAL	63

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Table 3-4 Data Terminal 2 (DT2) User Parts Estimate

FUNCTION	SOURCE/TYPE	EQUIVALENT SIZE	AREA, in. ²
Input Discretes & Pulse	Conditioning & Latches (Quad-4)	4-16 Pin Dips	4
3:1 MUX (RSLVR)	4 x SPST	3-14 Pin Dips	က
Synchro to dc	SLDC-L-1	1-3.1 in. x 2.6 in. x .82 in. Module	6
4:1 MUX (dc)	4 x SPST	1-14 Pin Dips	1
A/D	DAC 395	1-2 in. x 2 in. x 0.4 in. Module	4
Digital MUX	3-S, 2 to 1 (x 16) SN54151	4-16 Pin Dips	4
CAA	CSDC Modules	7-7 in. x 2 in. x ½ in. Modules	(49 in. total vol.)
Output Analog	N-DAC-10	1-2.6 in. x 3.1 in. x 0.6 in. Module	80
Output Discretes	Conditioning & Latches (Quad-4)	1-16 Pin Dips	1
		TOTAL	34

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Table 3-5 Data Terminal 3 (DT3) User Parts Estimate

FUNCTION	SOURCE/TYPE	EQUIVALENT SIZE	AREA, in. 2
Input Discretes & Pulses	Conditioning & Latches (Quad-4)	26-16 Pin Dips	26
Synchro to de	SLDC-L-1	1-3.1 in. x 2.6 in. x .82 in. Module	o,
3:1 MUX (Analog)	4 x SPST	1-14 Pin Dips	1
A/D	DAC 395	1-2 in. x 2 in. x 0.4 in. Module	4
Serial Input Data	SER/PAR-8 Bit (74164)	24-16 Pin Dips	24
Clock & Envelope	Counters, Latches	6-16 Pin Dips	9
Serial Output Data	PAR/SER-8 Bit (54165)	16-16 Pin Dips	16
D/A	N-DAC-10	1-2.6 in. x 3.1 in. x 0.6 in. Module	6
Output Discretes & Pulse	Conditioning & Latches	8-16 Pin Dips	œ
Digital MUX	3-S, 16:1 (x 16) 54151	32-16 Pin Dips	32
		TOTAL	135

Table 3-6 Data Terminal 4 (DT4) User Parts Estimate

FUNCTION	SOURCE/TYPE	EQUIVALENT SIZE	AREA, in. 2
Input Discretes & Pulse	Conditioning & Latches (Quad 4)	10-16 Pin Dips	10
Serial Input Data	SER/PAR 8 Bit (74164)	16-16 Pin Dips	16
Output Discretes & Pulse	Conditioning & Latches (Quad 4)	16-16 Pin Dips	16
Output Analogs	N-DAC-10	2-2.6 in. x 3.1 in. x 0.6 in. Modules	18
Output Serial Data	PAR/SER 54165	12-16 Pin Dips	12
Digital MUX	3-S, 8 to 1 x 16, 54151	16-16 Pin Dips	16
		TOTAL	88
2184-006W			

determined for the units. The approach and results are tabulated in Table 3-7. These unit envelope volumes are consistent with the 320 cu in. (4 in. x 8 in. x 10 in. box) allotted for each data terminal for installation on the aircraft.

3.4.2 Data Terminal Functional Flow

A general flow diagram for the data terminals is illustrated in Figure 3-21. The basic concept is oriented about the five major functions that each of the data terminals require. These programs are identified as initialize, built-in-test, service user interface, service terminal computations, and service data bus. Interrupts associated with the data bus, user interface circuitry, and functions are provided to insure servicing requirements on a priority basis.

The initialize routine is executed each time power is applied to the unit, after a power interruption or after program watchdog timers have indicated excessive loop counts in a program. This routine clears the interrupts, presets internal flags, presets or clears user and data RAM files, and initializes the user and data bus interface circuitry. The built-in-test routine follows the initialize routine on power turn on, however, portions of this routine are entered whenever the terminal has satisfied operational functions and does not have interrupts being serviced or in the interrupt control unit. This routine includes such functions as memory check-sum tests, A/D and D/A tests, user interface loop checks, simulated user limit computations, stack status checks, and interrupt watchdog timer checks. The user service must be accomplished by reading and writing information from the user RAM files into the user interface hardware. Typical functions required are loading the discrete interface latches. reading discrete inputs, parallel loading of serial output user registers, reading out serial input registers, reading out digitally encoded analog data, loading D/A modules, updating converter analog to analog digital modifiers and initiating and modifying pulse train information. The terminal computations are those logical or arithmetic functions which have been assigned to each terminal. They are generally assigned as a function associated with a user of the terminal, but may be associated with a convenient or redundant location to perform an arithmetic function that is utilized by other terminals as well. Typically, these functions are mode control (i.e., IMU or AHRS navigation functions, OBC class interlocks), reformatting information for compatibility with users and data bus, computations (i.e., commanded airspeed error, true angle of attack, relative TACAN bearing/range). The data bus interface functions are

Table 3-7 DT Volumes Required

FUNCTION	PARTS AREA, in. 2	NO. CARDS	VOLUME, in. 3
Bus Interface & Processor	103.5	2	63
Power Supply		4 in. x 4 in. x 2 in. Module	32
		SUBTOTAL	95
DTI User Interface	63		38
DT2 User Interface	34	2	25
DT2 CAA Modules		1	49
		SUBTOTAL	74
DT3 User Interface	135	7	88
DT4 User Interface	88	4	51
DT1 Minimum Envleope		(95 + 38) x	$(95 + 38) \times 1.6 = 212.8$
DT2 Minimum Envelope		(95 + 74) x	$(95 + 74) \times 1.6 = 270.4$
DT3 Minimum Envelope		x (95 + 88) x	$(95 + 88) \times 1.6 = 292.8$
DT4 Minimum Envelope		(95 + 51) x	$(95 + 51) \times 1.6 = 233.6$
NOTES: 1. Card Size = 3 in. x 7 in., Card Spacing = . 2. Number of Cards = Parts Area : Card Size	= 3 in. x 7 in., Card Spacing = .6 in. Cards = Parts Area + Card Size		

e. 4.

Volume = Card Size x Spacing x Number of Cards Minimum Envelope (Box Size) = Electronics Volume x 1.6 (Mechanical Components Factor)

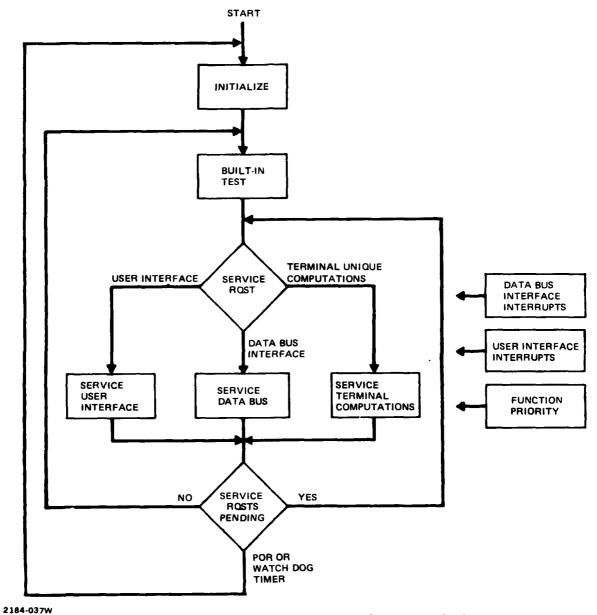


Figure 3-21 General Data Terminal Functional Flow

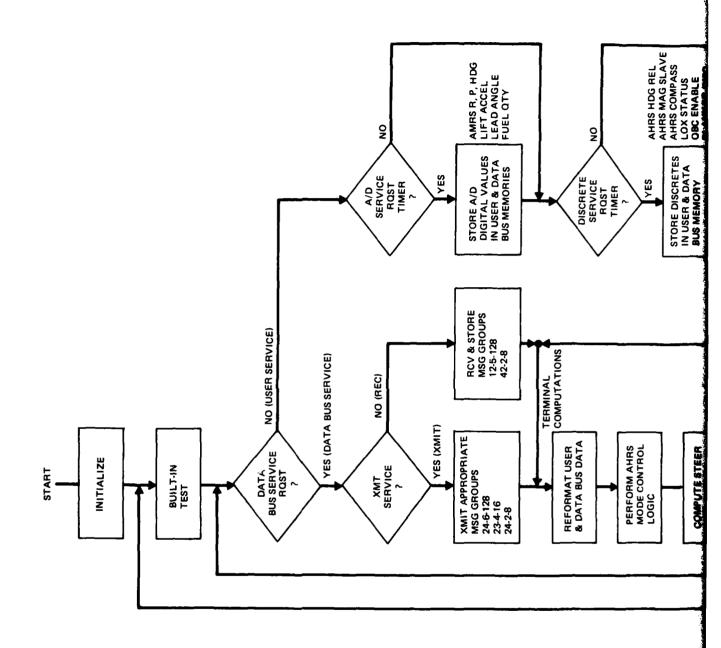
associated with servicing the requirement of this interface. The program must respond to transmit, receive and offer commands, transfer data to and from the data bus RAM files, and generate commands and/or data when information is required to be transmitted or received from other terminals. Thus, this program must be capable of operating in command/response or polling modes and as either bus controllers or remotes with echo checks of its own transmissions. A flow diagram for DT2 is illustrated in Figure 3-22 with annotations relating the identified user, data bus and computational functions identified for this terminal.

In order to provide an insight into the program memory requirements, the CSDC program elements were reviewed and assigned to each of the data terminals according to the user interface, self test and computation requirements (Table 3-8). This approach is considered conservative and is basically a confirmation that the 4K main program memory size selected is adequate. In addition, based on experience in programming, the 3000 and its application with data bus systems, the initialization and data bus routines are expected to require $\frac{1}{4}$ K and $\frac{1}{2}$ K, respectively. The total program memory is expected to be distributed as follows:

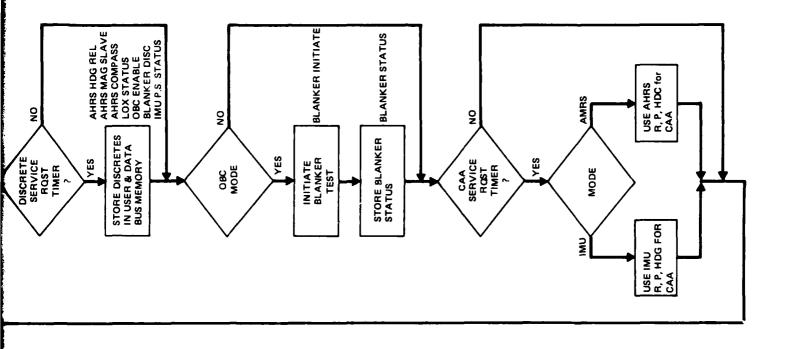
Initialization	4 K
Built-in-Test	$\frac{1}{4}$ K
Data Bus Service	1 K
User Service & Computations	2 K
Scratch Pad & Growth	1 K
	4 K Total

The amount of random access memory required for each of the data terminals is based upon organizing the memories into two separate files of 8 bit words. A user file which will service the user input/output data requirements and a data bus file which will service the data bus interface input/output requirements. This approach results in some duplication of data in each file, but this is not considered significant for this preliminary analysis.

The user RAM requirements is based upon analysis of each data terminal user interface using the baseline information of Appendices A and B. Table 3-9 is an itemized listing of the RAM requirements for each data terminal. The RAM required



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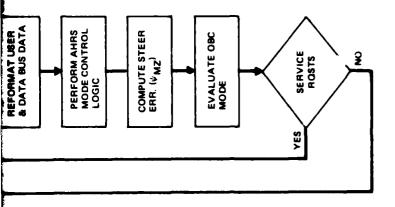


Figure 3-22 DT2 Functional Flow

Table 3-8

Data Terminal User Program and Computation Elements

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	NO. WORDS	DT APPLICABILITY
OBC ALE-39 Testing	60	3
Flycatcher Routine	12	4
Command BIT Testing Routine	82	1 2 3 4
Angle of Attack Bias Routine	50	4
OBC Command Routine	31	1 2 3 4
NDRO SIN/COS Tables	1024	1 2
Interrupt Disable Routine	6	1 2 3 4
SINE/COSINE Subroutine	26	1 2
ARCTAN Subroutine	57	1 2
"A" MATRIX Elements	54	4
AWG-9 Input Data Routine	19	4
AWG-9 Output Data Routine	12	4
Rescale SIN/COS	8	1 2
VDIG/MDIG Output Routine	22	3
Initialize A/O MUX, BIT & WOW	22	1 2 3 4
OBC CMD BIT Termination	10	1 2 3 4
OBC Clear/Post Fail BITS Routine	5	1 2 3 4
Gyro Torque Output	38	1
MUX Input	55	1 2 3 4
Velocity Output to AWG-9	22	4
NAV Data Output to AWG-9	12	4
Rate Computations	78	1 2
IMU CAL Data Routine	16	1
D/L Request Routine	20	3
D/L Output Routine	47	3
D/L Mode Check	12	3
D/L Test Output	15	3
D/L Processing	83	3
VDIG Pitch & Command Speed	10	3

Table 3-8 Data Terminal User Program and Computation Elements (Cont.)

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	NO. WORDS	DT APPLICABILITY
TACAN Input & Output	21	1
VDIG Roll Output	18	3
Radar Altimeter Input	2	1
Compute Platform Heading	24	1 2
ALE-29A OBC Routine	22	3
Vertical Accel. Computation	8	1
Update Mode Routine	38	4
System Altitude Computation	16	4
Fixed Earth Torquing	35	1
"A" MATRIX Update	39	4
Velocity Correction Terms	39	1
Gyro Torquing Computation	32	1
Wander Angle Computation	11	4
Latitude Computation	12	4
Longitude Computation	6	4
Select IMU/AHRS for Roll & Pitch	38	4
Update Align BITS	21	1
Comp Valid/Select True Heading	27	1 4
Smooth Magnetic Variation	16	2
Select Mag. Heading Source	14	4
D/L Command Errors	39	3
VDIG (CMD A/S Error/ILS Vert Error)	23	3
MDIG (Magnetic Heading)	4	3
VDIG (ILS Lateral Error)	9	3
MDIG (Ground Speed)	6	3
VDIG (TTG/Reticle, Man Elev)	8	3
MDIG (Wind Dir/Wind Speed)	4	3
VDIG (Vert. GSE)	4	3
MDIG (DSM CMD Hdg (Rel)/CMD CRS (REL)	4	3
VDIG (PRES ALT-C/RDR Alt)	17	3
MDIG (Range to Dest)	4	3

Table 3-8 Data Terminal User Program and Computation Elements (Cont.)

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	NO. WORDS	DT APPLICABILITY
VDIG (CMD Alt Error)	6	3
MDIG (True A/S B)	4	3
VDIG (Lateral GSE)	4	3
MDIG (OBC Symbol Word)	4	3
VDIG (MAG Hdg/CMD Alt)	5	3
Pressure Alt. Rate/Airspeed A	16	4
Airstream Temp/MACH #2	6	4
Angle of Attack	6	4
Lift Acceleration	3	4
MAG Heading/Manual CMD Heading & Course	13	3
TACAN Bearing Computation	16	1
VDIG (Command Heading)	4	3
MDIG (TACAN Range & Bearing)	8	3
VDIG (ALT Rate 2)	5	3
MDIG (ADF Bearing & TACAN Dev)	19	3
VDIG (Angle of Attack & TACAN Dev)	17	3
AFCS Valid & VDIG Display Valid	74	3
Steering Error Reliable	25	3
VDIG (DISCR Data WD to VDIG)	22	3
AWG-9 Discrete Data Word	74	4
OBC Processing	55	1 2 3 4
ALE-29/39A Processing	69	3
APR-45/50 Processing	51	3
TACAN OBC Processing	18	1
D/L OBC Processing	20	3
APX-76 Servicing	44	3
WRA Fail Encoding	50	1 2 3 4
Scratch Pad Test	10	1 2 3 4
Instruction Test	62	1 2 3 4
Memory Checksum Test	6	1 2 3 4
Serial Word Test	24	1 2 3 4
Discrete MUX	20	1 2 3 4

Table 3-8 Data Terminal User Program and Computation Elements (Cont.)

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION	NO. WORDS	DT APPLICABILITY
Output & Power Supply Test	22	1 2 3 4
A/D & D/A Test	58	1 2 3 4
Update Fail BITS	23	1 2 3 4
Packed Discrete Control Words	19	1 2 3 4
Discrete Encoder Table	12	1 2 3 4
Inertial NAV Constants	23	1
Indexed Constants - Various	41	1 2 3 4
Converter Constants (A/D & D/A)	11	1 2 3 4
Rate Comp Constants	7	1 2
Various Constants	91	1 2 3 5

SUMMARY			
DT 1	DT 2	DT 3	DT 4
2225	1955	1546	1414

Table 3-9 User RAM Requirements

DT 1			
ITEM *	FUNCTION	RAM (WORDS)	
84	TCN RNG	2	
85	TCN BRG	2	
86	RDR ALT	2	
110	IMU CAL Data	3	
120	IMU Temp Mon	2	
131-136	Gyro Torq	8	
142	Roll Angle	2	
143	Pitch Angle	2	
144	HDG-X1	2	
145	HDG-X8	2	
146-148	$\Delta V_{\mathbf{x}}$, $\Delta V_{\mathbf{y}}$, $\Delta V_{\mathbf{z}}$	9	
188	Azimuth Dev	1	
190	Elev. Dev.	1	
	Discretes & OBC	4	
		42	

DT 2			
ITEM*	FUNCTION	RAM (WORDS)	
157	Roll Synchro	3	
158	Pitch Synchro	3	
159	MAG HDG Synchro	3	
199-204	Coord Transforms	36	
	Discretes & OBC	2	
		47	

Table 3-9 User RAM Requirement (Cont.)

	DT 3	
ITEM	FUNCTION	RAM (WORDS)
22	ADF BRG	2
31	SIP 0600	2
32	SIP 0700	3
33	SIP 0701	2
90	MDIG CMD HDG & CRS REL	3
91	RNG TO DEST	2
92	TAS-B	2
93	TCN Dev & ADT BRG	3
94	REL TCN BRG & RNG	3
95	OBC Symbol Word	3
96	CMD A/S & ILS Vert Error	2
97	ILS Lat Error	1
98	TTG & Ret Man Elev	2
99	TCN Dev & True AOA	3
100	Vert Glide Err/Vert Err	1
101	VDIG CMD HDG REL	2
102	Press Alt Rate -2	1
103	Sine & Cos Roll	3
104	Pres Alt-C-RDR Alt	3
105	CMD Alt Err & Scale Change	3
106	Lat Glide Err/Lat Err	1
107	A/C Pitch & CMD A/S	2
108	MAG HDG & CMD Alt	3
109	Discrete Data	2
111-117	D/L MSGS	13
118	D/L RO	2
123	Sine Man CMD HDG	1
124	COS Man CMD HDG	1
125	Sine Man CMD CRS	1
126	Cos Man CMD CRS	1
149	Steer Err	1
	Discrete & OBC	5
		79 TOTAL

Table 3-9 User RAM Requirements (Cont.)

DT 4			
ITEM	FUNCTION	RAM (WORDS)	
1	1/2 Sine & 1/2 Cos Roll	3	
2	1/2 Sine & 1/2 Cos Pitch	3	
3	1/2 Sine & 1/2 Cos HDG	3	
4	P & Y Rates	3	
5	R Rate & Press Alt Rate 1	3	
6	RDR Alt	2	
7	TAS A & Mach 2	3	
8	Airstream Temp & True AOA	3	
9	Longitude	3	
10	Latitude	3	
11-13	V_z , V_x , V_y	9	
14	Vert & Lift Accel	3	
15	Sine & Cos MAG HDG	3	
16	Discrete Data	3	
17	Temp Monitor C	2	
18	TACAN BRG & RNG	3	
19	Wander Angle	2	
20	Platform Azimuth	2	
21	Man CMD HDG & CRS	3	
23	Press Alt A	2	
24	Sys Alt	2	
25	Discrete Data Word	1	
26-30	OBC 01-05	15	
31	SIP 0600	2	
32-33	SIP 0700-01	5	
34	HDG Correction	2	
35-36	X & Y Velocity Corr.	6	
37-38	X & Y Tilt Corr.	6	
39-40	Sine & Cos. Azimuth Corr	6	
41-43	X, Y & Z Gyro Bias Corr	9	
44	Discrete Data Word	2	

Table 3-9 User RAM Requirements (Cont.)

ITEM	FUNCTION	RAM (WORDS)
45	Delta Wander Angle	3
46	GND Track MAG	2
47	GND SPD	2
48	Wind Dir & Speed	3
49	MDIG CMD HDG & CMD CRS	3
50	VDIG CMD HDG & Range to Dest	3
51 & 53	Delta Long & Lat	6
54	Backup MAG HDG	2
55	OBC Symbol Word	3
56	OBC CMDS	2
57-69	SOP0600-12	36
70-71	SOP0700-01	3
72	Press Alt Rate 1	2
73	Press Alt A	2
74	TAS-A	2
75	MACH # 1	2
76	TRUE AOA	2
77	FREE AIRSTREAM TEMP	1
78	PRESS ALT RATE 2	1
79	PRESS ALT B	2
80	PRESS ALT C	2
81	TRUE AIRSPEED B	2
82	MACH 2	2
83	INDICATED AIRSPEED	2
		217

*NOTE: Refers to item numbers in Appendix A.

to service the data bus message groups is directly related to the data words transmitted and received by each data terminal (see Table 3-10).

The total RAM requirements for the user and data bus interfaces are summarized as:

	DT1	DT2	DT3	DT4
User	42	47	79	217
Data Bus	82	44	104	166
Totals	124	91	183	383

3.4.3 Data Bus Information Transfer Requirements

The data bus information transfer requirements for each of the data terminals and the system as a whole were derived from the information given in the tables and figures of Appendices A and B, respectively. Table 3-11 is a tabulation based upon the terminal to terminal information transfer requirements and is organized to arrange the information into message groups. A total of 13 message groups were developed and configured to minimize the overall data bus usage. These message group structures are a compromise between the conflicting requirements associated with the number of data words, overhead (Command, Status words) and individual word or bit update requirements. Each message group identifies the source, sink, number of data words and transfer rate as follows:

$$x_1 x_2 - x_3 - x_4$$

 x_1 = Source data terminal number

 x_2 = Sink data terminal number

 x_3 = Number of data words in message group

 x_A = Message group transfer rate

Table 3-12 identifies the data bus service time required by each of the four data terminals by organizing the individual message groups transmitted or received for each data terminal. Each message group is burdened by an offer, command and status word, along with 15 usec gap time. The resulting normalized total time (usec/second) represents the time each of the data terminals must utilize a data bus link to

Table 3-10 Data Bus RAM Requirements

	DT 1
MESSAGE GROUP	RAM (WORDS)
12-5-128	10
13-7-32	14
14-7-8	14
14-7-32	14
14-5-128	10
41-10-8	20
	82 TOTAL
	DT 2
MESSAGE GROUP	RAM (WORDS)
12-5-128	10
23-4-16	8
24-5-8	10
24-6-128	12
42-2-8	4
	44 TOTAL
	DT 3
MESSAGE GROUP	RAM (WORDS)
13-7-32	14
23-4-16	8
34-8-32	16
43-18-8	36
43-15-32	30_
	104 TOTAL
	DT 4
MESSAGE GROUP	RAM (WORDS)
14-7-8	14
14-7-32	14
14-5-128	10
24-5-8	10
24-6-128	12
34-8-32	16
41-10-8	20
42-2-8	4
43-18-8	36
43-15-32	30
	166 TOTAL

Table 3-11 Data Bus Information Transfer Requirements

FUNCTION	FROM DT NO.	TO DT NO.	BITS	USER RATE (PER/SEC)	USER (BPS)	FIGURE (APPENDIX B)	COMMENTS
APC Test Complete	1	2	-	80	80	ω	
IMU-Sine & Cos Roll	н	81	24	128	3000	15	Data Bus Message Group
IMU-Sine & Cos Pitch	H	2	24	128	3000	16	12-5-128
IMU-Sine & Cos Hdg	H	7	24	128	3000	19	
Radar Altitude	H	က	13	20	360	9	
TACAN Bearing	1	က	16	20	160	10	
TACAN Range	1	က	16	20	160	10	
ILS Vert Error	1	က	6	10	06	13	
ILS Lateral Error	ī	က	G	10	06	13	
IMU-Sine & Cos Roll	1	က	22	10	220	15	
IMU-A/C Pitch	1	က	12	10	120	16	Data Bus Message Group
							13-7-32
OBC Status	-	4	~	œ	26	4	
Radar Altitude	1	4	13	20	260	9	
TACAN BRG	1	4	16	20	320	10	
TACAN RNG	-	4	16	. 20	320	10	
IMU-½ Sine & ½ Cos Roll	-	4	24	128	3000	15	
IMU-Roll Rate	H	4	12	∞	96	15	
$ \text{IMU} - \frac{1}{2} \text{ Fine & } \frac{1}{2} \text{ Cos Pitch} $	1	4	24	128	3000	16	
IMU-Pitch Rate	-	4	12	œ	96	16	
IMU-\frac{1}{4} Sine & \frac{1}{2} Cos Hdg	ᆏ	4	24	128	3000	19	
IMU-Yaw Rate	H	4	12	∞	96	19	Data Bus Message Group
IMU-Platform Azimuth		4	16	∞	128	19	14-7-8

Data Bus Message Group COMMENTS Data Bus Message Group 14-5-128 Data Bus Message Group 14-7-32 23-4-16 Table 3-11 Data Bus Information Transfer Requirements (Cont.) FIGURE (APPENDIX B) 20 20 15 16 20 20 21 22 10 17 17 25 ∞ 11 BITS (PER/SEC) (BPS) 576 576 576 96 9640 320 220 110 9610 9 24 œ 88 USER RATE 32 32 10 10 10 œ ∞ œ 10 œ œ œ ∞ 18 18 18 12 12 16 22 11 12 11 11 FROM TO DT NO. က က က က က N N 2 Ø 0 0 0 AHRS-Sine & Cos Roll AHRS-Sine MAG HDG AHRS-Cos MAG HDG FUNCTION Temp Monitor C Steering Error IMU Discretes Fuel Quantity AHRS-Pitch OBC Status MAG HDG Discrete Lox Qty ٧y Λz Az ×

Data Bus Message Groups COMMENTS 43-15-32 43-18-8 Table 3-11 Data Bus Information Transfer Requirements (Cont.) (APPENDIX B) FIGURE 12 12 12 12 12 14 25 6 11 USER (PER/SEC) (BPS) 640 640 112 176 809 736 672 704 809 152 152 152 9696144 192 96 192 96 USER RATE 32 32 32 32 32 32 10 ∞ œ œ ∞ œ œ œ ∞ œ œ œ œ ∞ BITS 22 14 22 19 23 6 21 19 19 19 19 12 12 18 24 DT NO. DT NO. 5 FROM SOP0700 & 0701 Equivalent Display Data - SOP0602 Display Data - SOP0605 Display Data - SOP0606 Display Data - SOP0609 Display Data - SOP0612 Display Data - SOP0600 Display Data - SOP0603 Display Data - SOP0604 Display Data - SOP0607 Display Data - SOP0608 Display Data - SOP0610 Display Data - SOP0601 Display Data - SOP0611 FUNCTION OBC Symbol Word MAG HDG Backup Wind Dir & Speed CMD HDG & CRS CMD HDG Rel RNG to Dest GND SPD Discretes

Table 3-11 Data Bus Information Transfer Requirements (Cont.)

COMMENTS														Data Bus Message Groups 34-8-32				Data Bus Message Group 41-10-8		Data Bus Message Groups 42-2-8
FIGURE (APPENDIX B)	15	15	16	16	16	19	4	0 0	6	22	23	23	26		4	22	24		4	18
USER (BPS)	3000	96	3000	96	96	3000	256	16	320	œ	96	96	312		112	40	1440		œ	œ
USER RATE (PER/SEC)	128	80	128	∞	∞	128	8	∞	32	œ	0 0	œ	œ		80	œ	o o		œ	∞
BITS	24	12	24	12	12	24	32	77	10	П	12	12	39		14	വ	180	,*	н	H
TO DT NO.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		1	-			73	8
FROM DT NO.	2	87	81	81	81	2	င	က	က	က	က	က	က		4	4	4		4	4
FUNCTION	AHRS-½ Sine & ½ Cos Roll	AHRS-Roll Rate	AHRS-½ Sine & ½ Cos Pitch	AHRS-Pitch Rate	AHRS-Pitch Angle	AHRS-½ Sine & ½ Cos MAG HDG	OBC Status	Discretes	Display Mode Select	Discrete	MAN CMD HDG	MAN CMD CRS	SIP0700-SIP0701		OBC CMDS	Discrete Data	IMU Corr Factors		OBC CMDS	Pulse Mode

Table 3-11 Data Bus Information Transfer Requirements (Cont.)

)Tabi	e 3-11 D	ata Bus ii	ntorm	tion Transf	er kequ	Table 3-11 Data Bus Information Transfer Requirements (Cont.)	
MOHOMIN	FROM	FROM TO	DITE	RATE USER	USER	FIGURE	OMMENTES
FUNCTION	NO.	DI IN	2110		(c.r.a)	(a ALLENDIA D)	COMMENIS
Mach 1	4	က	10	20	200	83	
Indicated Airspeed	4	က	10	20	200	8	
True Angle of Attack	4	က	11	10	110	က	
OBC CMDS	4	က	11	∞	88	4	
Press Alt Fate 2	4	က	6	10	06	c.	
Press Alt B	4	က	6	20	180	9	
Press Alt C	4	က	10	20	200	9	
True Airspeed-B	4	အ	11	20	220	7	
Note: Data Bus Message Group	Definition	1 X X 2->	3-X4	From/To-N	lo. of Da	Message Group Definition X, X ₂ -X ₃ -X ₄ From/To-No. of Data Words-Message Rate	ige Rate

Table 3-12 DT Data Bus Service Time (Transmitting and Receiving)

	DT1	
MESSAGE GROUP	USEC/UPDATE INTERVAL	USEC/SEC
12-5-128	175 usec/7812.5 usec	22400
14-5-128	175 usec/7812.5 usec	22400
13-7-32	215 usec/31250 usec	6880
14-7-32	215 usec/31250 usec	6880
14-7-8	215 usec/125000 usec	1720
41-10-8	275 usec/125000 usec	2200
Total DT1 Data Bus Ser	vice Time = 62480 usec/sec	
	DT2	
MESSAGE GROUP	USEC/UPDATE INTERVAL	USEC/SEC
12-5-128	175 usec/7812.5 usec	22400
24-6-128	195 usec/7812.5 usec	24960
23-4-16	155 usec/62500 usec	2480
24-5-8	175 usec/125000 usec	1400
42-2-8	95 usec/125000 usec	760
Total DT2 Data Bus Ser	vice Time = 52000 usec/sec	<u>-</u>
	DT3	
MESSAGE GROUP	USEC/UPDATE INTERVAL	USEC/SEC
13-7-32	215 usec/31250 usec	6880
34-8-32	235 usec/31250 usec	7520
43-15-32	375 usec/31250 usec	12000
23-4-16	155 usec/62500 usec	2480
43-18-8	435 usec/125000 usec	3480
Total DT3 Data Bus Ser	vice Time = 32360 usec/sec	<u> </u>

Table 3-12 DT Data Bus Service Time (Cont.)

	DT4	
MESSAGE GROUP	USEC/UPDATE INTERVAL	USEC/SEC
14-5-128	175 usec/7812.5 usec	22400
24-6-128	195 usec/7812.5 usec	24960
14-7-32	215 usec/31250 usec	6570
34-8-32	225 usec/31250 usec	7200
43-15-32	375 usec/31250 usec	12000
14-7-8	215 usec/125000 usec	1650
24-5-8	175 usec/125000 usec	1400
41-10-8	275 usec/125000 usec	2200
42-2-8	115 usec/125000 usec	920
43-18-8	435 usec/125000 usec	3480

NOTE: Message Times Consist of: Offer Word Time + Command Word Time + Status Word Time + (Nx Data Word Time) + 15 usec Gap Time.

maintain the present user interface information requirements. Data terminals 1 through 4 will utilize data bus service 6,5,3 and 8% of the time, respectively. Table 3-13 is the sum total of the GPMS data bus usage based upon the 13 identified message groups and represents 11% of a single data bus channels capability. Figure 3-23 illustrates a typical message group activity on the data bus; all 13 message groups can be transmitted within the maximum update interval (128 times per second) occupying 2955 usec of the available 7812.5 usec.

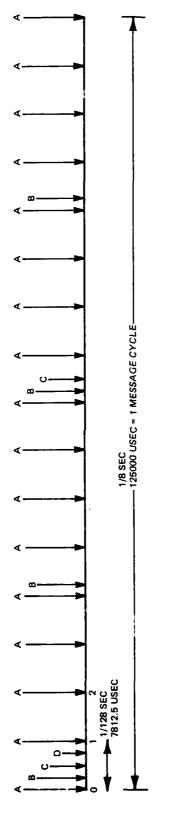
The impact of the flight mission phase upon the information transfer requirements is dependent upon the user's interface requirements. A cursory examination of the information transfer requirements of the selected system indicates it is relatively insensitive to mission phase. The causes for changes in information transfer requirements are associated with the mode changes of equipment. These mode changes are initiated automatically as a function flight phase, flight characteristics, external stimuli, etc., or manually in response to flight operator inputs.

The IMU navigation requirements were examined as a function of mission phase. The IMU inertial navigation mode is required during all phases of flight. During preflight, the unit goes through the initialize, prealign and align modes prior to the inertial navigation mode. During these preliminary modes, information for establishing initial latitude, longitude, velocities, wander angles, and gyro/accelerometer scale and correction factors are required by the system. When alignment is completed and the unit is in the inertial mode, this information is no longer required. Output information to the IFU remains relatively constant during all phases. Table 3-13A indicates that approximately 4 KBPS more information is required during the alignment modes of the pre-launch phase than during the inertial navigation mode.

The OBC functions operate in a command activated mode and in continuous monitor mode for the various OBC functions. In each of these modes, flight and non-flight inhibits allow certain functions to be performed or establish the validity of the OBC data. In the command activated mode, the flight operator initiates OBC test sequences. It may be initiated in flight or during preflight. Typically, OBC command initiated operation would be performed during prelaunch, cruise to engagement or flight station and during the return segment of the mission profile. Based upon the transmission of the OBC operational code word, the OBC symbol word, the MDIG

Table 3-13 Total Data Bus Message Utilization

MESSAGE GROUP	MESSAGE TIME FOR ONE MESSAGE	TOTAL MESSAGE TIME (USEC/SEC)
12-5-128	175	22400
13-7-32	215	6880
14-7-8	215	1720
14-7-32	215	6880
14-5-128	175	22400
23-4-1 6	155	2480
24-5-8	175	1400
24-6-128	195	24960
34-8-32	235	7520
41-10-8	275	2200
42-2-8	115	920
43-18-8	435	3480
43-15-32	375	12000
		TOTAL 108360



MESSAGE GROUP TIME = OFFER WORD TIME + COMMAND WORD TIME + STATUS WORD TIME + 15 USEC GAP TIMES + (N X DATA WORD TIME)

A = MSG GROUPS 12-5-128, 14-5-128 & 24-6-128; TOTAL MSG TIME = 545 USEC/7812.5 USEC

B = MSG GROUPS 13-7-32, 14-7-32, 34-8-32, & 43-15-32; TOTAL MSG TIME = 1040 USEC/31240 USEC

C = MSG GROUPS 23.4.16; TOTAL MSG TIME = 155 USEC/62500 USEC D = MSG GROUPS 14.78, 24.5-8, 41-10-8, 42-2-8, 43-18-8; TOTAL MSG TIME = 1215 USEC/125000 USEC

Table 3-13A IMU Navigation Modes Data Transfer Requirements

	PRI	PREFLIGHT		PREFLIGHT & F	FLIGHT
INPUT DATA	INITIALIZE	PREALIGN	ALIGN	INERTIAL NAV	BPS
Init/Delta Latitude	X	×	×	I	144
Init/Delta Longitude	×	×	×	!	144
Baro Alt	×	×	×	×	160
Init/Delta Wander Angle	×	×	×	ı	120
X, Y, Z Gyro Torque Corr	×	×	×	ı	432
X, Y, Z Gyro Scale Corr	×	×	×	ı	1152
X, Y, Z Accel Offset Corr	×	×	×	ı	384
X, Y, Z Accel Scale Corr	×	×	×	ı	288
X, Y Initial Velocity	×	×	ı	ı	1152
Input Word Code	×	×	×	×	200
Gyro Torque Pulses	1	×	×	×	
			4176	4176 BPS Max/360 BPS	Min
OUTPUT DATA					
Latitude	×	×	×	×	136
Longitude	×	×	×	×	144
X, Y, Z Velocity	×	×	×	×	1296
Vertical Accel	×	×	×	×	96
System Altitude	×	×	×	×	120
Wander Angle	×	×	×	×	140
Output Mode Code	×	×	×	×	176
Accelerometer Pulses	1	X	×	X	
			210	2108 BPS Max/2108 BPS Min	3PS Min
NOTE: X = Data Required					

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OBC symbol words, the OBC discrete data word, and OBC data words, the change in information transfer would be a maximum of 1.6 KBS in the commanded mode.

The data link information was similarly analyzed. The data link may be operational during all phases of a mission. Data link information was assumed available or not depending upon whether a data link transmitting station is active and addressing the aircraft. The data link messages and replies constitute a 3.4 KBPS increase in the data information transfers when active. These changes in information transfer requirements are relatively insignificant compared to the 108 KBPS previously identified.

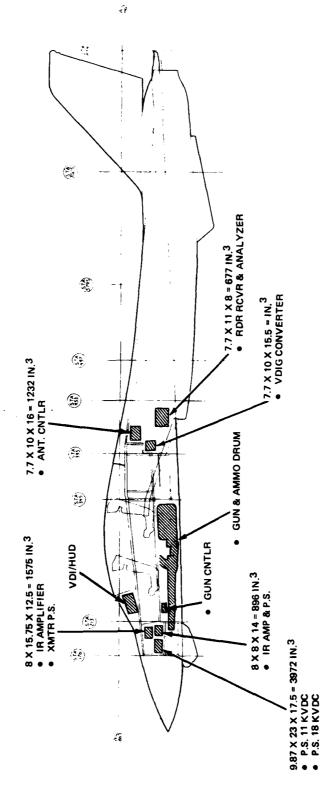
3.4.4 Installation

The No. 5 F-14 test aircraft was selected as a typical test bed for AAES. This aircraft has been used for avionics system, power system, environmental control system, and weapon separation tests. More recently, it has been used to evaluate the radar guidance weapons system (RGWS). Significant equipment volumes are available since this aircraft does not contain all the equipment of a production item. The major avionics/ equipment which are not presently installed are the complete AWG-9 air superiority weapon control system (28 major pieces of equipment) the gun and gun controller, and vertical display group (see Figure 3-24). The AWG-9 computer subsystem will be reinstalled to provide the required interface to DT4, which will provide the equivalent CSDC/AWG-9 computer IFU interface. In addition, the vertical display indicator group (VDIG converter, VDI and HUD) will be installed, as well as the AWG-9 Tactical Information Display (TID). These equipments are required to provide the navigational and OBC display capability. The gun compartment presently contains instrumentation and can provide additional equipment areas if the need arises. Presently, there appears to be no need to install AAES equipment in this area.

Figure 3-25 illustrates the installation of a complete AAES/GPMS system in test aircraft No. 5. The equipment inventory is based on the following considerations and requirements.

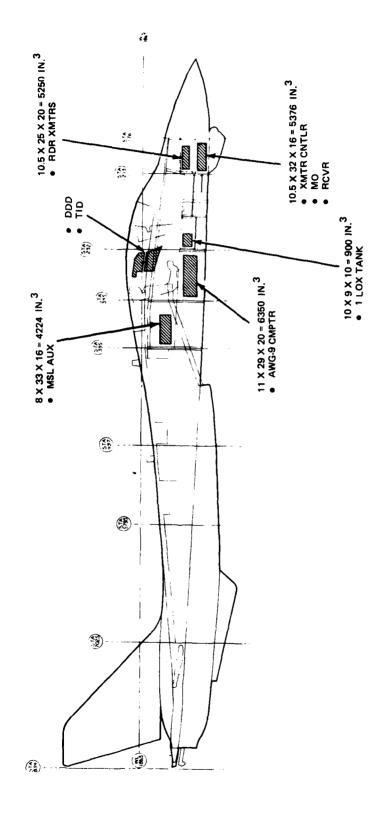
Two SOSTEL Master Units (MU) are located in reference locations A and G.

These units are serviced by two GPMS data terminals located in the same referenced locations. Since the SOSTEL system is considered an aircraft subsystem, these



Test Aircraft No. 5 Port Profile Illustrating Volumes Available and Identifying Avionics Presently Not Installed (Sheet 1 of 2) Figure 3-24

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Test Aircraft No. 5 Starboard Profile Illustrating Volumes Available and Identifying Avionics Presently Not Installed (Sheet 2 of 2) Figure 3-24

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3-67

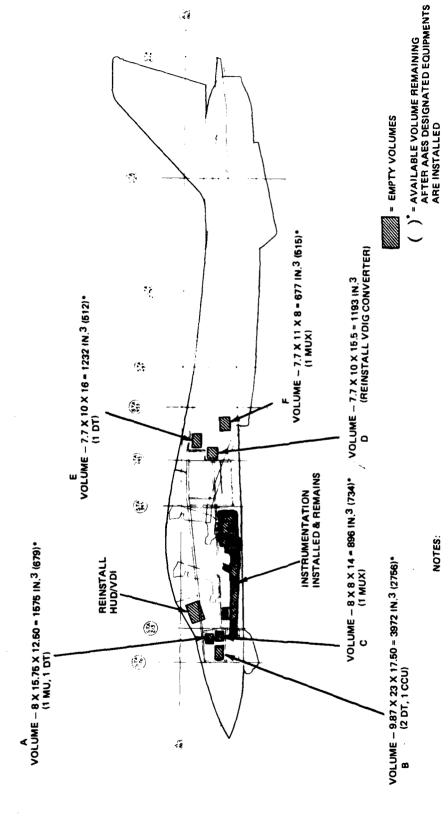


Figure 3-25 F-14 No. 5 Port AAES Profile (Sheet 1 of 2)

2184-040W(1)

6 X 8 X 12 (576) SSPC = 2 IN.³ (AVG) 6 X 12 X 10 (720) ALLOW 5 IN.³ PER SSPC 4 3/8 X 4 X 5 3/4 = (100) 3 X 6 X 9 (162) 3 X 6 X 9 (162) 4 X 8 X 10 (320) 4 X 8 X 10 (320) 8 1/2 DIAM X 21 MAX. (179) 7.5 X 8.75 X 20.25 MAX. (1329) 6 X 8 X 12 (576)

2. MUS CCDP PP MUX MUX/DMUX MUX/DMUX DT (GPMS) HVDC GEN, CONVERTER

1. VOLUME LIST HT(WL) X WIDTH(STA) X LENGTH(BL)

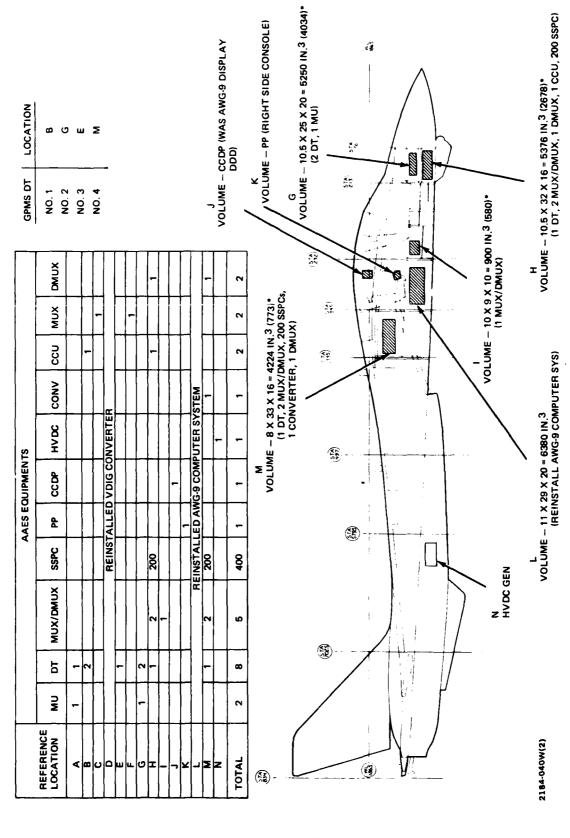


Figure 3-25 F-14 No. 5 Starboard AAES Profile (Sheet 2 of 2)

GPMS data terminals would provide the bus interface and bus protocol and MU serial or parallel interface requirements when the SOSTEL system is operating in conjunction with GPMS data terminals. If the SOSTEL system is operating without GPMS, these two data terminals are not required, since the SOSTEL MUs will have a two channel dedicated bus interface.

The four data terminals identified in this report are located in reference locations B (DT1), G (DT2), E (DT3) and M (DT4).

Two additional data terminals supporting the SOSTEL system with user interfaces compatible for non-SOSTEL input and output signals are located in reference locations B and H. Two double channel cable control units will provide channel polling offers for the SOSTEL (MUs) and GPMS avionics data terminals. These units are located in reference locations B and H.

Two locations, one forward of the pilot (H) and one aft of the NFO (M) were selected to contain the housing for 2 MUX/DMUX, 1 DMUX and their associated SSPCs. This installation allows for two centralized locations for SOSTEL terminals and SSPCs that are located in the areas of the majority of avionic loads and signal sources. Location M will also contain the PGS converter. An additional MUX/DMUX is located between locations H and M in location I. Two MUX terminals are to be installed in forward (C) and aft (F) locations.

The pilot's panel will be installed in the NFO's right side console (reference location J). The CCDP (nonflight unit) can be installed for ground checkout in the area which is normally occupied by the AWG-9 Detail Data Display (DDD). This will allow ground correlation between the operation of both displays and the system by one operator.

Section 4

FUTURE REDESIGNED AVIONICS INCORPORATING MIL-STD-1553A INTERFACES

A survey of the F-14A avionics was performed to identify whether a future redesign could incorporate MIL-STD-1553A data bus interface circuitry. The equipment selected are those which were considered during some phase of this study. This effort did not justify the incorporation of data bus circuitry because this is largely dependent upon factors not considered during this study. The rationale for or against incorporating a data bus interface may be as wide and varied as:

- Avionics update is required for other functional reasons
- Limited or widely utilized military avionics
- Equipment size or information transfer requirements
- Equipment distribution
- New equipment for CILOPS or new aircraft
- Data bus loading constraints.

Table 4-1 lists the available card space of the equipment surveyed. This card space was identified by physical examination of the units or their drawing and consulting the cognizant engineers. It is based upon deletion of the existing interface circuitry which would be replaced by the data bus interface circuitry.

A minimum data bus interface is illustrated on Figure 4-1. It is designed to provide a compatible MIL-STD-1553A interface for data terminals organized about microprocessor or hardware users. This design, using existing or under development components, is mounted on a 4 in. x $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. card. The primary elements of this two channel card are:

• Transformers and Isolation: Provide coupling and isolation between the transmitter/receiver and the data bus.

Table 4-1 1553 Universal Buffer Functions

1 RCV BIPHASE	Two inputs from the receiver accepting unipolar complementary TTL compatible data.
2 XMIT BIPHASE	Two outputs to the transmitter providing unipolar complementary TTL compatible data.
3 TRANSMIT COMMAND INTERRUPT	An interrupt occurring at bit time 6 identifying the received word as a transmit command addressed to this unit.
4 RECEIVE COMMAND INTERRUPT	An interrupt occurring at bit time 6 identifying the received word as a receive command addressed to this unit.
5 BROADCAST COMMAND INTERRUPT	An interrupt occurring at bit time 6 identifying the received word as a command to be recognized by all units.
6 ZERO MESSAGE FIE LD	A status bit indicating the 5 bit message field of a command addressed to this terminal is all zeros.
7 ZERO WORD FIELD	A status bit indicating the 5 bit word field of a command addressed to this terminal is all zeros.
8 VALID WORD	A status bit indicating a received word of a message addressed to this terminal has all the characteristics for validity. This implies correct sync, Manchester formatted data, correct number of bits, and odd parity. Valid word occurs during the received word parity time.
9 INVALID WORD	A status bit indicating improper Manchester or incorrect parity. Invalid word may occur anytime during a received word after the sync.
10 DATA AVAILABLE	A status bit indicating the contents of the receive register has been transferred to the receive buffer and therefore the received word is available to the user.
11 DATA REQUEST	A status bit indicating the contents of the transmit buffer has been loaded into the transmit register and therefore a new word can be loaded into the transmit buffer.
12 MESSAGE COMPLETE	A status bit indicating the last data word is in the process of being received or the last data word is being transmitted.
13 IDLE/BUSY	A status bit indicating whether either or both inputs from the receiver are transitioning.
14 COMMAND SYNC	A sixteen microsecond envelope bracketing the data field of command/status words for use during serial receive operation.
<u> </u>	<u> </u>

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Table 4-1 1553 Universal Buffer Functions (Cont)

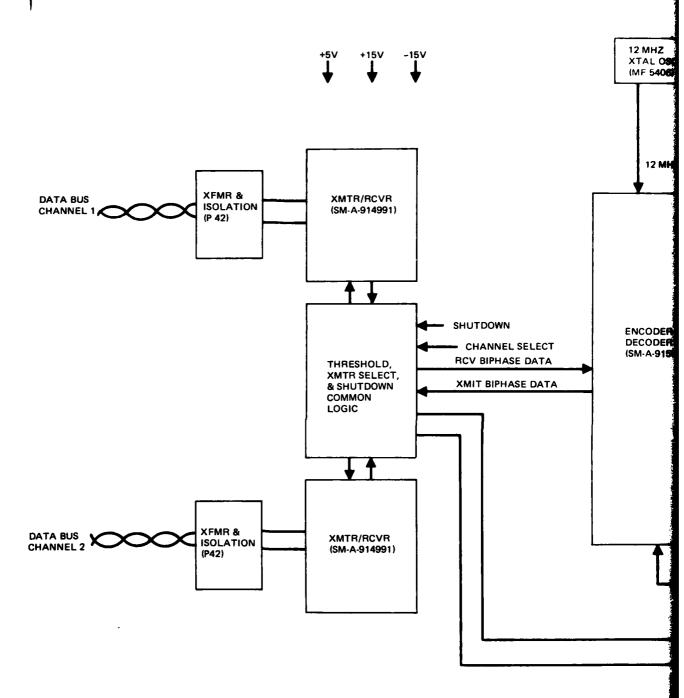
A 16 microsecond envelope bracketing the data field of data words for use during serial receive operation.
A serial sixteen bit non-return to zero signal covering the data field of all received words.
A sixteen bit serial clock derived from the received man- chester data of all words.
A sixteen microsecond envelope bracketing the data field of all transmitted words for use during serial transmit operation.
A sixteen bit serial clock under the send data envelope for shifting in transmit NRZ data.
A sixteen bit parallel tri-state input/output interface for accepting data from the receive buffer or putting data in the transmit buffer.
An input control signal identifying in which the mode the buffer is to operate. Users acting as bus controller or backup bus controllers will control this input. Users not capable of acting as bus controllers will have this input handwire. The primary distinction being the ability to initiate commands and decode receiv d commands or offers.
An input signal causing the buffer to start transmissions depending upon the state of bus controller and auto command response.
An input signal identifying the mode in which the data bus in to operate, one 16-bit byte or two 8-bit bytes.
An input signal to initialize the buffer on power turn on or subsequently.
An input signal which when active takes the tri-state status data out of the high impedance state. When used with a processor, the buffer status bits may be wire ''or'ed'' to the 8/16 bit data bus. When used with a ''dumb'' terminal, this output may be hardwired providing active status (may be used for control functions) information continuously.
Five inputs which would normally be hardwired identifying this units address.
The basic 12 MHz clock required for operation of the unit.
An input signal identifying the type of sync (command/status or data) which the buffer is to generate for a transmit word.
An input pulse which directs the unit to accept and place into the transmit buffer the data on the 8/16 bit data bus. Two take data enable pulses are required for 8 bit operation.

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Table 4-1 1553 Universal Buffer Functions (Cont)

30 READ DATA ENABLE	An input pulse which places the contents of the receive buffer onto the 8/16 bit data bus. Two read data enable pulses are required for 8 bit operation.
31 INTERRUPT ACKNOWLEDGE	An input signal indicating acknowledgement of the bit time 6 interrupts and causing them to be reset.
32 SERIAL TRANSMIT NRZ	A 16 bit serial NRZ input utilized during serial mode of operation. Data is synchronous with the send date envelope and send clock.
33 PARALLE L/SERIAL OPERATION	An input signal identifying the mode of operation of the buffer relative to the user interface.
34 AUTO COMMAND RESPONSE	An input signal causing the buffer to go into a ''dumb user'' response mode. The buffer will respond to a valid addressed transmit command by initiating the transmission, appending the correct address and sync polarities and terminating transmission after the last commanded word count. The buffer will respond to a valid addressed receive command with the status word, appending the sync polarity, address and message error. This form of operation is useful for those terminals having fixed and a limited number of message groups to receive or transmit.
35 ECHO INHIBIT	The buffer is capable of echoing its own data transmissions along with the receive status information. For those users which may desire to periodically or permanently inhibit or enable this function, this input control is provided.
36 SYNC POLARITY	An input signal identifying the transmit sync to be used for transmit words. This function operates in conjunction with the auto command response and bus controller inputs.

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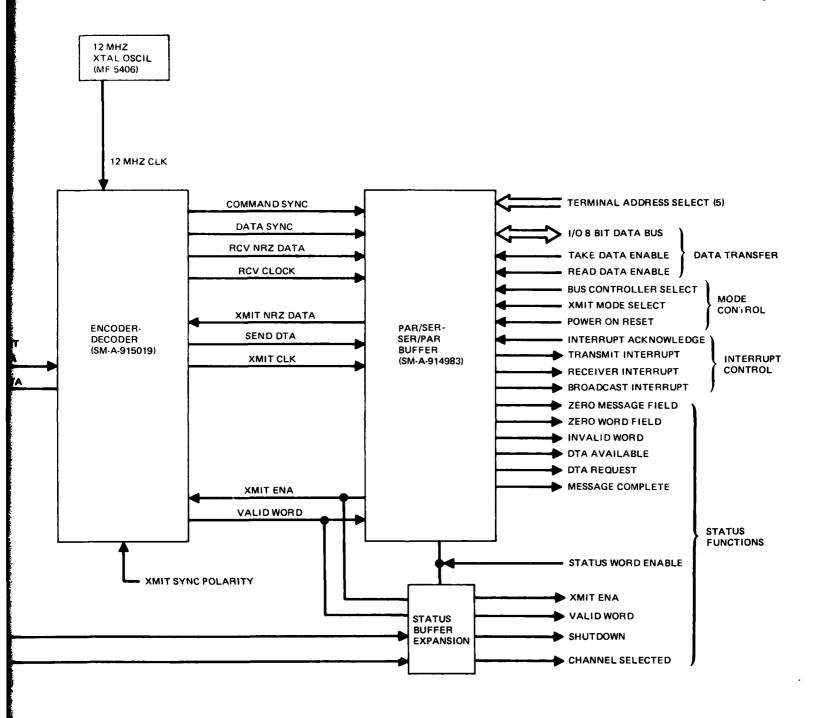


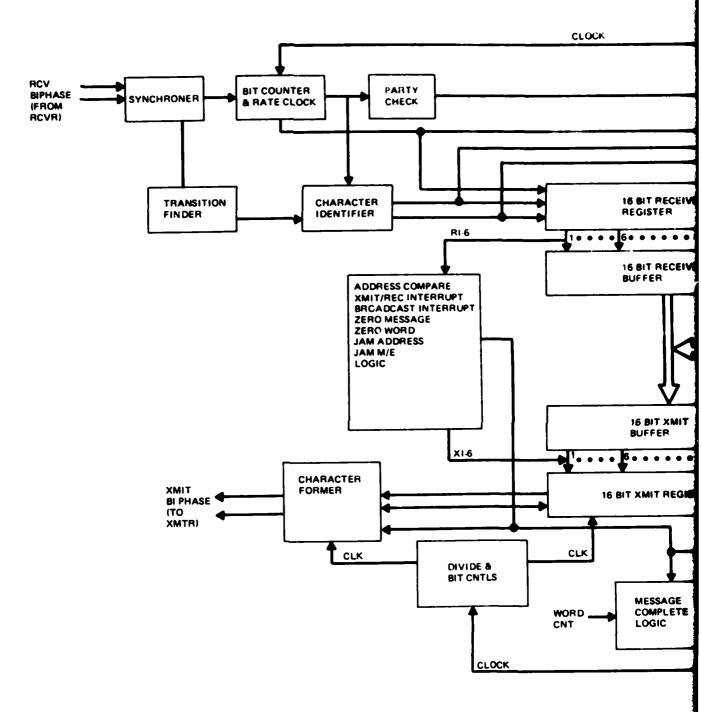
Figure 4-1 Data Bus Interface Card

- Transmitter/Receiver: A single package hybrid designed to provide the transmitted biphase drive capability and obsteperous transmitter inhibit at the closest point to the data bus channel interface. The receiver section provides biphase detection, conversion to TTL levels, bandwidth filtering, and threshold selection.
- Common Logic: The common logic is designed using MSI-TTL circuitry to provide a common path between the receiver/transmitters and the encoder/decoder. It provides threshold adjust circuitry for the receiver, sensitivity selection, and transmitter channel selection as function of the channel upon which the unit was addressed, or user preference. In addition, shutdown circuitry is provided to protect against blabber-mouth terminals.
- Encoder/Decoder: The encoder/decoder provides Manchester to NRZ and NRZ to Manchester conversions, and receive and transmit control signals. While the device is a 40 pin LSI, only five receive signals and five transmit signals are required to interface with the buffer or user. The unit is designed to accept 16 bit serial NRZ data from the buffer for transmission. The unit generates the transmit sync polarity as directed and automatically appends the correct parity when transmitting. The receive section detects the presence of received words containing correct sync and Manchester format and generates a 16 usec envelope and clocking signals to shift out to the buffer a 16 bit NRZ word. The type of word (command/status or data) is identified by the envelope. If all conditions of a received word are correct (number of bits, Manchester coding, parity) a valid word signal is generated after each received word.
- Parallel/Serial-Serial/Parallel Buffer: The buffer's primary functions is to provide the serial to/from parallel conversions, the controls, interrupts, and status information for the user. It is designed as a 40 pin-LSI device and maintains the independent transmit/receive paths of the encoder/decoder. Data transfer functions are provided by a 16 bit transmit and a 16 bit receive register which are serviced by a 16 bit transmit buffer and 16 bit receive buffer storage. These are organized in 8 bit bites to accept or deliver data to the 8 bit tri-state bus in response to take and read signals from the user.

Interrupts and controls are generated in response to command word reception of the command type (transmit, receive, broadcast). Mode controls provide the flexibility to initialize the unit, initiate or respond with transmissions, and provide the flexibility for the unit to operate as either a remote terminal responding to commands or as a bus controller initiating commands. Status information is provided as tri-state (or discretes) outputs which alert the user of unique polling offer word fields, data transfer alerts, and critical operating conditions or modes. The unit has several unique and automatic functions such as a message complete function. This operates to alert the user of the thirty-third word transmitted in the case of a bus controller. In addition, as a remote unit, it is generated in response to the correct number of data words received or the correct number of words transmitted and initiates and/or stops transmission. Internal idle line resets cause the unit to revert to the receive mode in the event of message failures.

A future LSI design of this interface combining the encoder/decoder and serial/parallel interface functions and specifically designed for MIL-STD 1553A formats is illustrated in Figure 4-2 (1553 Universal Buffer). The transmitter/receiver section would not be part of this design due to the power dissipation requirements. This 64 pin LSI is conceived to provide the interface to a user which may be an 8 or 16 bit processor or a hardware (so called dumb terminal) terminal. It is capable of providing a serial or parallel interface along with the associated controls and status. The function of each of the input/output pins as presently identified is shown in Table 4-2.

Based upon a two channel bus interface occupying approximately $22\frac{1}{2}$ in. of card space and allowing an additional card for unique user interface requirements it appears that most of the F-14 equipment surveyed (Table 4-1) could accept the required hardware. A future production run of the tabulated avionics could easily contain the required data bus interface circuitry under the same physical envelope based solely on state-of-the art electronics redesign and new layouts.



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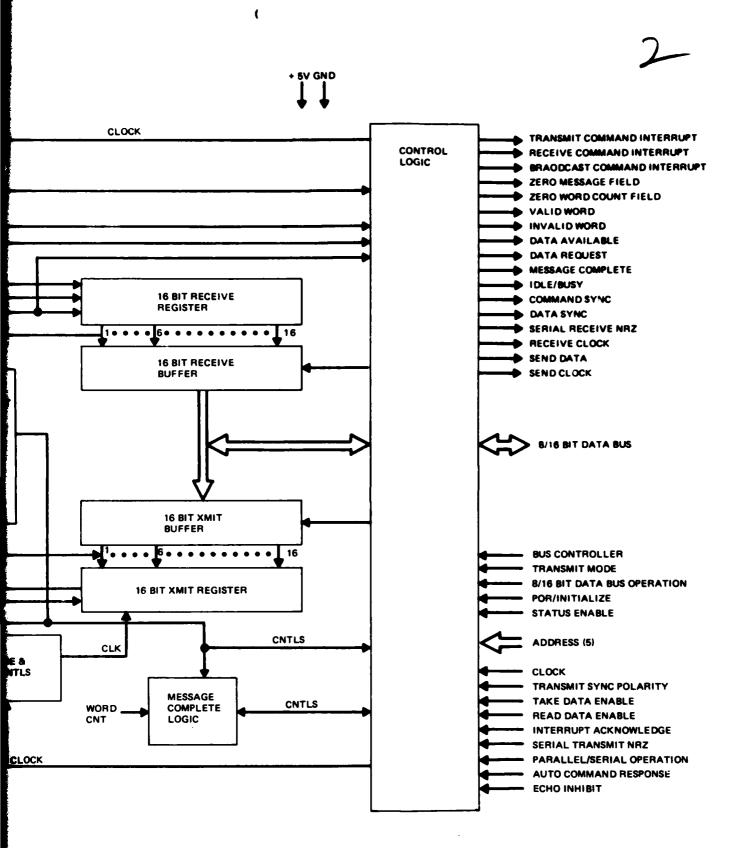


Figure 4-2 1553 Universal Buffer

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Table 4-2 Available Data Bus Space in Surveyed F-14 Avionics

UNIT & NO.	NO. CARDS AVAILABLE	APPROXIMATE CARD/MODULE SIZE	COMMENTS	DATA BUS INTERFACE FITS?
IFU (461)	ဍ	6 in. x 6½ in. (54 Dips)	41 Cards in IFU, Serial Interface - Cards A12 to A16	Yes
MDSC (710)	2-3	6 in. x 6½ in. (54 Dips)	25 Cards in MDSC	Yes
CAP (505)	81	5 in. x 5½ in.	8 Cards in CAP	Yes
DDD (541)	83	5 in. x 4 3/4 in.	19 Cards in DDD	Yes
TID (580)	83	5 in. x 4 3/4 in.	15 Cards in TID	Yes
RMO (001)	3 CARD/ MODULE	3 in. x 4 in. x 9 in.	Card Mounted in Shielded Module	Yes
Low PRF Proc (083)	က	6 in. x 6½ in.		Yes
Ant Servo (081)	H	6 in. x 6½ in.		2
VDIG Conv	က	8 in. x 4½ in. (50 Dips)	12 Card for VDI, 12 Card for HUD	Yes
AWG-15 (C8579)	H	8 in. x 4 in.		2
IMU (AN/AS 92V)	83	5 in. x 4 in.		Yes
CADC (CP1035A)	H	6 in. x 8 in.		8
Radar Alt (RCV/XMTR)	H	7 in. x 3 in.	Card 2A4	2
TACAN (RCV/XMTR)	H	5 fn. x 3 fn.	Converter Module 2A1, Card A1	8
D/L CV- 2441B/ASW27	H	12 in. x 6 in.	Even Output on Card A6, Odd Output on Card A10	Yes

APPENDIX A
GPMS SIGNAL LIST

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PRESENT	URS LOS	10.1 MRA 461	IFU WRA 461	1.7 WRA 1631	HRA 1461	11.00 Mark 10.00 Mark
PRESENT S-UNCE	SDC WPA SOF	SS 43%	CSDC 47A 805	CSIC WPA 461	1376 1884 805	NSO Yak
SIGNAL NAME	SIPONO 1/c SIME A/C Roll & 1/c CCE A/C Roll & Angle)	SIP-301 (1/2 SINE A/C Pite: A 1/2 COS A/C Pite:: Angle)	SIRYOD SING A/C True HDG angle and 1/2 COS A/C True HDG Ankle)	SIPCAO? (A/C Plich & Year Rates)	Sipwyou (A/C Foll Pate v Fress Alt Pate 1)	Signal
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PIG STGRAL LIST

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SIPO306 CSDC True Airspeed A & With 805 Mach #6:	CSDC MRA BOS		TPU WRA 1463	prote	15 .1	Periodic Serial Mgital	Augeo	સે 	ž:	LOB TAS • 2 fps LEP Mach • 0, NOW	True Air Speed (TAS) & Mach AC are generated in the CASC. CASC & IF Taker same (CDA). To date but information necessary. See Figure 1	
SIPO307 CSDC Temp. & True Angle of Attack)	CSDC WRA 805		IFU WRA 461	DTO4 D	Ë	Periodic Serial Seltal	o ga g	e .	160	Lrh temp - C,5 deg c LkF Angle - 30/2 ¹⁷ deg	Free alratream temp, and true argle of actors are generated to the NGC. CMC to D. down not per use asks tha processable transfer after the tray exare (find).	
SIPO308 CSDC	CSDC WRA BOS		IFU WRA 4-61	unota	ž.	Pertotte Serial igital	,/Sec	ą.	1	- 10:1 - 10:1	If all MAY program output, requires computation of present longitude. Ton it the use tast out- information transfers, see Mana It.	
SIPO309 CSDC // Letttude / WRA BOS	CSDC WRA 905		IF".	GPJE:	14.	Periodic Serial States.	ų G æ	11	9.	24 € 4/36 • 529	The DAM program Attack, related computation or present letture. The related between the but the related to be but the letture the but the related to be but the letture the but the letture the lettur	
SIPOTO CSD" (Vg Vert. Velocity) WRA 805	CSDC WRA BOS		TF WFA 1461	anous	i.	Periolic Serial Digital	31 a ₂	a.	1	& • ↓ • ↓	Of 12 and program related in manages of deed separated which the state of the state	
SIPTAL CSDC "W Welcetty 'nore- WPA For ments 'slocity'	1337 174 104		1.54 Villa	670E	Ė:	Periodic Serial Higher	ي ريف	1	:	r 8 }≉π H	The first of the control of the cont	
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SIGNAL NAME	CTPO3;; (Vertical & Lift Acceleration)	STPOMOD SINF & COS NA : HDG)	STOGED (Discrete form Word)	SIPOACA (Temperature Monitor C	STRALIC TACAN PRO A RWD	SIPOL 4	CIMAIO Platform Azimith	
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GRG SIGNAL LIST

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SIGNAL	Feriodic Serial Digital	3-Wire Synchro	Periodic Serial Digital	Feriodic Serial Maltal	Periodic Serial Digital	Feriodic Serial [igital	Periodic Serial Latral	Feriodic Serial Tigital	Periodic Serial igital	
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SIGNAL NAME	SIPCAll (Manual Command HDG & Manual Command Course)	ADF Rearing	SiPOW13 (Press Altitude A)	StPCklk (System Altitude)	SIPC50. (Discrete Data Word)	8180501 (c ac)	(280) (280)	STPC403 (CBC)	(Jap) 1095318	
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SIGNAL NAME	Scrotton & Speed	는 128 S43 대시 - (138 S43 대시 - 한기에서 대기	SCHOOLS (V.1.1) OND HELL A MICH CALL BY TEST (M.1.1)	Selta Longituse)	Sitse Toppler Mole	STATES SALES	Signate (Page)	्राप्ता १८ महरू । १९९१) इ.स.स.च्या १८ महरू	SCHOOL STANDS	Q 4 10.2
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SIGNAL	Periodic Serial Digital	Periodic Serial Digital	Feriodic Serial Digital	Periodic Serial Digital	Periodic Serial Digital	Periodic Serial Hightan	Periodic Serial Maital	Periodic Cerial Olgital	Ferivic Serial Digital	Serial Digital.	Fort St. Sorial Civital	Feri lie Serial ligital
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GPMS SOURCE	IFU (461)	D .	कः (461)	(191)	(197)	(<u>f</u>	(161)	IF!!	(461)	(191)	IF: (461)	(461)
PRESENT S INK	VDIS ADI Con- verter (811)	VPIG Con- verter (WRA 811)	VDIG Com- verter (All)	VDIG Com- verter (811)	VPIG Con- verter (811)	VAIG Cab- verter (811)	VDIG Con- verter (811)	VDIG Con- verter (@11)	VDIG Con- verter (811)	Vrisicen- verter (811)	V'IG COB- verter (411)	vis co- verter (All)
PRESENT SCURCE	IF9 (461)	⊡ ∵ (461)	F.;	17: (161)	(FC)	IF" (161)	17.7	. 154.)	F. (51)	(19) (19)	(191)	1F7 -461)
SIGNAL NAME	SoP06.31	30. 706 .02	Scendor	S_PC604	S.Pr605	\$0: . 6°6	30 P06 07	S≎P060₽	8050208	S0P0410	St POSIT	S: P:61.
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GPME SIGNAL LIST

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PRESENT S INK	CIACS (80L) ARMAMENT FANEL	(904)	(§08)	(SEC	(30g)	('a)	(404)	(805)	rsac (805)	CSDC (Acs.)
PRESENT	TFC (461)	F(1)	(A2F0195)	CATO (CP1035A)	(CR)(C	(CP103*A)	(A2C) (073335)	A26 (ceroasa)	(A2C_195)	CENSTA)
SIGNAL NAME	SOPU7CO	seroter	Code / Word (Pres. Alt. Fite 1)	Code 1 Word (Pres. Alt. 3)	Code 3 Word (True Airspeel A)	Code 1- Worl	CALAT CALAT (CALAT ATTER (CALATA)	TAIN TAINT TERE (CPIC)	fote) Wort (Pres. Alt. Sate -5)	rode 1: Word (Pres. Alt. ·)
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98	Code 12 Word (Pres. Alt. C)	(CPLO35A)	(908) caso	CADC	ақода	Periodic Serial Digital	50/sec	10	8	भ \$टा - हड़ा	OAC pres. alt. C is retransmitted to the late Link and VDIG (TYCH) and used to generate OMD ALT error which is output to the UTI).
 80	Code 13 Word (True Airspeed B)	CADC (CP1035A)	cspc (805)	CADC	DTOLD	Periodic Serial Digital	20/Sec	n	220	1.5.P = 7600/2 ¹¹ Pre	See Figure 6. OACC true airspeed 5 is retransmitte; to the METO and Data Link (1700).
 &	Code 4 Word (Mach #2)	CADC (SP1035A)	CSDC (805)	cADC	DTOLD	Periodic Serial Digital	20/Sec	n .	55¢	v -300.0 = 831	See ligure 7. CADC Mach #2 is retransmitted to the 37 1 233 2906), data bus information transfer is not
83	Code 15 Word (Indicated Airspeed)	CADC (CPL035A)	CSDC (805)	CADC (OLD)	OTOPD D	Periodic Serial ligital	20/Ser	2	200	1.5B - 900/c15 kts	required. See Figure 1. OM.C indicated simples is transmitted to 19101 for command simpled error computation for 1711.
ć											See Figure 2.
	Address Code 1 (Range)	TACAN (APN-84)	(805)	TACAN	ortore	Periodic Serial Digital	ງອ ຮ/ດ _ເ	ક	94 94	1.85 a.	TANAN range is transmitted to 1700-5 (FFT) and to 570-35 (MEIS). See Figure 1.
93	Address Code O (Bearing)	TACAN (APN-84)	(\$:8)	TACAN	PTOL	Periodic Serial Digital	oos/od	93 	0.25	1.89 = 0.75 deg	MACAN bearing is transmitted to the DLE for relative MAM bearing and TACAN decisation and to TMOAL for use by the TE.
90	Radar Altitude	Radar Alt- imeter (APN-194)	731.7 (305)	Radar Alt- imeter	תוסדת	ieriodic Serial Digital	/Sec	2	260	ت د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د	Radar Altitude is transmitted to DE 37 (1 1) and to DDE (IF). Ove Hause 6.
<u>-</u>	Address Code 0 (Mag. Hdg.)	cspc (805)	SIJW S	p.T03p	METG	Periodic Serial Digital	19/Sec	ជ	au	1.SP - 1. 1eg	Course of Mak. Hig. to DD.77 is DD.D. (ADS). See Figure 11.
6 0	Address Code 3 (Ground Speed)	7305)	51 G	dro r d	NO IC	Feriodic Serial Digital	10/5ec	ä	ं	ion . Mon : 12 mg	Source of ground speed to 111% by 2006 on No. See Figure 10.
6	Address Code 3 (Wind Tirection & Speed)	(\$.÷)	ž T	drom:	Ø108	Periodic Serial : imital	10 Cec	1,6	ි අ :	Mr. 189 - 140 19 deg SPD 184 -	Source of wind directive and speed to might is could used.
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QUANTI- ZATION	40:128 = 10:120 4eg 12:12 4eg 12:12 360/, 14:16 16:12 16	* HS1.	15k = 3600/2 ¹¹ ktr	DRV LCB • 22.5° 3 deg RR1 1SP • 105.2° 10 deg	950 211 des 9N7 LSP • 0.1 n.m.	
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PRESENT	(805)	rspc (805)	cspc (805)	(Ros)	(805)	(805)
SIGNAL NAME	Address Code 4 'MDIG CND HDC REL & CMD CRS REL)	Address Code 5 (Range to Dest.)	Address Code 6 (True Airspeel B)	Address Code 7 (TACAN Peviation & ADF Bearing)	Address Code 8 (FEL TACAN SHO & TACAN RAWSE)	Address "Ole 15 (, Pf Symbol dord)
E or	1	16	84	8	1 6	95

GPME STONAL LIST

STATE	Command Airspeed error is computed in the UTU3D. ILB vertical error is a TC analog signal from the ILB receiver to the TD where it is digit- ized. On A/S Error = 8 Bits ILB Vert Error = 8 Bits See Figures 2 & 13.	IIS lateral error is a PC analog signal from the TIS receiver to the TSPC where it is digitized. See Figure 13.	Time to Go (TTP) is serial limital data from the data link (FTOQT) which is reformatted for transmission or the VTD (TOQT). Settle marks) transmission or the VTD (TOQT). Settle marks) from (TAGS (AMT-15) digitized in the PTOP for transmission to the VDI; TTI = 6 Mts ELEY = 9 Mts See Figures 17 & in.	TACAN sevision (9 sits) is generated in TL.: from TACAN bearing and ALD memoal commani- course. The angle of attack all sits in generated in the ALM ("T.", and transmitted to TF 7.	intical EF NET error is reformated; I data.
QUANTI- ZATION	A/S LSB = 900/2 ⁷ kts VERT LSB = 1.4/2 ⁷ de&	1.5; = 6/2 ⁷ deg	77G ISR = 0.5 mec ELEV ISB = 20/29 deg	22.5. 8 deg 72.5. 8 deg 7AT 158 - 30/2 ¹⁷ deg	ਦ • •
BITS/ SEC	160	90	150	8	- 50 -
MESSAGE LENGTH	16	σ.	£1	4	·.
SANPLE RATE	10/Sec	10/Sec	10/sec	10/Sec	10/Sec
SIGNAL	Periodic Serial Digital	Periodic Serial Digital	Periodic Serial Digital	Periodic Serial Digital	Periodic Certal Digital
GPAS S.DAK	void	VDIG	VDIG	VDIG	राह
GPMB SOURCE	סדיס	DTO3D	orogo	ртозр	nt 03b
PRESENT S INK	VDIG	VDIG	VDIG	VD IG	VPIG
PRESENT SCURCE	(805)	(80c)	(8c5)	(805)	(905)
STORAL NAME	Address Code O (CMD Airspeed Error & ILS Vertical Error	Address Code 1 (ILS Lateral Error)	Address Code 2 (Time to 70 & Reticle Manual Elevation)	Address Code 3 (TACA) Peviation & True Angle of Attack)	Address Code u (Vertical Siror) Vertical Error)
MO.	8	76	86	\$	8

PMS SIGNAL LIST

COMBINE	Course forms common wealths to the Front office.	Source of press attitude have - us the CADY (1704).	Source of SUME and CTT -old is a value synchrofrom the USC, a in analog of Lide signal in sent to the ID and the USC, a sent to the ID and the USC,	Source of pressure withtude of is the XP (Code L. Word) source of reder mittude is the reder mittude is the reder mittude is RES AIT of a 1, bits PP AID = 11, bits PP AID = 1	Searce is a CENC commission using data ling of ALT and CANC THES ALT data. VE ALT HERE: " Here contains a " Here contai	LATES OF The Police of the Pol	An outcould bits by a convertion of IMT And askers to Markers of Bits in from the 7 to MC AN open not require data NT information transfer.
QUANTI- ZATION	.gp = 360/2 ¹¹ .3eg	्रक्ता च प्रकार च प्रकार	: TRE : 12: - 180/2 ² deg crs LSB - 180/2 ¹⁰ deg	FES 126 • 1.5 ft 1.5 ft 8000 (1.1 ft 1.25 •	P 12 1.00	28. 3. 38. 48. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 1	BONE AND
BITS/	υo	06	0 ?	ر د	6	:	<u>:</u> .
MESSACE LENGTH	п	7	ิ ดัง	-	6	ŧ	1.
SAMPLE RATE	10/Sec	10 Sec	10/sec	15/fec	10/Sec	10/Sec	
SIGNAL	Periodic Seriol Mantal	Periodic Serial Digital	Periodic Serial Digital	Periodic Sorial Digital	ieriodic Serial Digital	Feriodic Feriol Digital	Pertoff
GPMS	VDIG	VDIG	VDIG	With	S1CV	£ [:	Î.
GPMS	ртозв	акода	מיסידת	E.	2£0 1 10	oroze	PTO 45
PRESENT S INK	VDIG	VDIC	VDTG	Wrig	ziev Ziev	51:	ë ::
PRESENT SCURCE	CSDC (805)	CSDC ·	(805)	(802)	(805)	(왕) (0 5)	SDC (8-8)
STGHAL NAME	Aldress Code 5 (Vr.L.) CMD :PG PEL)	Aduress Code 6 Press Alt Fate -2)	Address Code 7 (SIME A/F Roll & COS A/C Roll)	Address Code 8 (Pres. Alt - C E P ALT)	Attress Code : (CMD ALT Frror & Scale Chonge)	Address Code 15 (Lateral Gide Slope Error/Lateral Error)	Adiress Tolo 11 'A/C Pitch and 'MD Airspeed)
ITEM NO.	101	97.	103	đ	505	106	7 1

WAG. DAT

HE SIGNAL LIST

COMMITS	Magnetic healing (1) bits is from the AUG or EV: Township altitude (7 bits) is from the Fig.	D/L. MV computations and "AC" itserate nated data. See Figure 25.	DV relitration data (Thiose a City, ATA a 10 Miss) is transmitted to the TAN where it is the Timmattal and at red for NAL chaptalona. See Maire (1).	Message is Did depertert. a. ONE HOLS A Pitts (Ent. 40.1.) few. b. DE ALT A Tales LES - 10. or 10. ft. c. ALT COLLE CHANGS - 1 art d. OLE DE A E Fitts (Ent. 41. y) e. TENENE MESSARES - Afte See Eightes , 6 % 17.	Versage is D/I dependent. A. CMI IDP3 to M.S., M. S. Sits (25 * 40. Page) B. CWI AIT = Nets (25 * 4.) or 154 CM. A.T. SIALE CHANGE : 19 to 10. G. "WE SIF. 6 * Et # 159 * 10.0 G. "DEPRIN MESSAIN = 4 Bit. The Highes ; 6 4 17.	A. TEPT LLITE SLOW EST & A PRISE LEST . A. CEPT LLITE SLOW EST & A PRISE LEST . AND REF : Bit . A. CAT . TEPT COMP. EST . A PRISE . A. CAT . TEPT . TEPT . CAT . TEPT . TEPT . TEPT . TEPT . CAT . TEPT . TEPT . TEPT . TEPT . CAT . TEPT
QUANTI- ZATION	36.7e ¹¹ 1eg ALT = 150 or 1300 or					
BITS/ SEC	180	2.	α. -	67.	672	েশ ⁄
MESSACE LENGTH	19	g	5	ia	3	×
SAMPLE RATE	λ⊖,′Sec	10/Sec	60 60	16/Sec	16/Sec	
SIGNAL	Periodic Serial Digital	Periodic Serial Digital	Aperiodic Serial Digital	Aperiodic Serial Tigital	Aperiodic Serial ligital	Aperlodic Ser'al Digital
GPME SIDIK	2100	VIIG	יתכוז	T037	Trota	1 ro3b
GPMB SOURCE	24630	pT03p	Ě	T/Q	7/0	7/3
PRESENT S INK	Vrig	VPIG	(804)	(805)	(805) (805)	(805)
PRESENT S. URCE	(805)	(308)	TM: (AS=92V)	D, L (ASW-27R)	2/L (ASW-C7B)	77.1. (ASM-277R)
SIGNAL NAME	Address Code 12 (WG HDU & CMD ALT)	Address Code 12 (Piscrete Data)	LMU CALIBRATION DATA	D/L MESSAGE 3 (A/C VECTOPIN3)	D/L MESSAGE 5 (Traffic Control)	ACL Control)
ETEM NO.	138	81	011	111	#1	113

GPAS SIGNAL LIST

COMENTS	1 1 deputation - The de	1.1 septiden - a. Mr. 197 to Mr. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17. 17	Fl dependent uses in 16 D I stetur - n. UEM 3E + e Etc t. IAC 2E + 1 fits See Figure 17.	i I dependent, used in ORC I Status - a, vorum; a Bitte b, All SCALF a File c, vorum; a Gold a File c, vorum; a Cours a, course a File c, vorum; a Moscon RS c, vorum; a Course cour	1. Lependent - a
QUANTI- ZATION					
BITS/ SEC	4	15	160	- 1	¢:
MESSAGE	<u>.</u>	ĸ	á	.	×
SAMPLE RATE	1n/3ec	16/Sec	16/Sec	16 'Sec	16/Sec
SIGNAL	Aperiodic Serial Digital	Aperiodic Serial Digital	Aperiodic Serial Digital	Aperiodic Serial Digital	Aperiotic Serial Digital
GPMS	тозр	PT03D	orogn	ু সহ	n/t.
GPME SOURCE	1/0	7/0	1/c	7/ _G	progp
PRESENT S DAK	(\$08)	(805) (805)	(805)	(805)	D/L (ASW-27B)
PRESENT SCURCE	SAL (ASW=C79)	5/1 (ASW-27?)	F.L (ASW-27P)	0/L (ASW-2™B)	(508)
SIGNAL NAME	(1 30 8 530(T))	TT Control	D.T. MESCAGE 10 (Control Test EVEN MSG)	D/L MESSAGE 21 (Control Test OND MSG)	(MESSAGE R-O)
ITEM NO.	*11°	11.5	116	711	118

2184-086W

LIST	
SIGNAL	
2	

SLEGGOO	Signel sources for this enalog are the DK or AHS pitch synchron; this information comes from DTO15 and DTO2D, See Figure 16.	DYOLD A/P and transmission to DYOMP 'SIPOL'?' to IFU. See Figure 21.	PTOME A/T and transmitted to IF in SIFFEE.	Olgoni sources for this analygare the IM and AMPS roll synchros, the TON: and DYDED per- forms synchro to digital, and transfesion to DYDU. See Figure 15.	Sed to generate digital amount ONE UNDS CONSESSED to UTDS Sequines PTON to UTDSC date transfer. See Figure :	Teed to provide digital sample) WE dot COPAL) to IT . Dequires ID of to ITAM data transfer. See Figure 3.	Used to generally manual CMC ORT SIDMAN to IFU and TACAN sevietism to VDT and MDIG. See Figure: That IC.	The to comprehe divisal morals ONE CNECKELY CONTROL OF THE CONTROL
QUANTI- ZATION	6 /volt +10v = +60° -1vr = -60°	1/Sec	Je3/0 _L	± 13V ± 80° 6°/VOLT	± 10 VTC 5k CHN POT	10 UNC Sk offer from	± 1¢ VDC ≤k odbl POT	10 VRC
BITS/ SEC								
MESSACE								
SAMPLE RATE					20/2ec	50 /Sec	0/Sec	. Sec
SIGNAL	Dr. Analog	DC Analog	PC Analog	DC Anelog	DC Analog	TC Analog	DC Analog	DC Analog
CPMS	э м	more	ortor o	:: ::	3T 03D	₫ ξο ΙΙ.	DT 03h	orogo
GPMS SOURCE	group	Que de la companya de	Normal Accelero-	oroto	STON.	X 01G	MOTG	DI G K
PRESENT S DVK	181) (461)	CSDC	CSDC	IFU (461)	(305)	CSDC (808)	(805)	CSDC (805)
PRESENT S(URCE	CSDC (802)	DWAI	ADC Normal Accelero- meter	(80£)	HSD (D/O MDIG)	HSD (P/C MDIG)	HED (P/O MDTG	HSD (4.7)
SIGNAL MANE	A C PITCH ANGLE	TEMP MONITOR C	LIFT ACCELERATION ADC NOTES Accelero-	A/C RCLL ANGE	SINE MANUAL OND HEY	CS MANUAL TAD HD3	CLITE MANUAL CMD CRS	COE MATTAL
NO.	ì	०.त	121	52 1	ñ	77.71	1.5	Ş

LIST
STONAL
Ŷ

CAMENTS	Signal to general tractificity of the Dr. Sec. Science Processing Sec. Store Proceedings.	Stand is generated than IP in also Ga. Marting out. See Figure 1.	Signal is generated from 11 C 172 - Historie word.	Signal is generated from IF S.P.L.) its pase word.	Signal is generated from Color of Color 11. See Figure 4.	Signal is generated from AMPS IV terial trusts to unoutp, compare to person.	Stand in Accessed from two in serial inputs to brown in any in property of property feet items of the serial inputs of the serial input	Signal is perested from 15 serial insite - Industriancy as to 5.1 111.	Cignal is generated from DTT verical topics to producing any te papersis. Ree Figure Ga.
QUANTI-	1 - ATT PEF MODE	1 + NOTTATE	1 - FLAG SET	1 = FLAG SET					
BITS/ SEC									
MESSAGE							_		
SAMPLE					100 PPS MAX	3:30 PPS MAX	ANY PPS MAY	400 PPS MAX	AOU PHE MAX
SIGNAL	'iscrete	Discrete	Miscrete	Discrete	Alse	ivlse	- S.I.S.	12186	Patra
GPMS STATE	IMU	EW .	ž	Die Ei	UMI		M	ž	is.
GPME SOURCE	urom	പാന	ьтота	DTOID	TOTO	वाः⊭	orens	TOID	מניזט
PRESENT SINK	DMC (AS-27V)	IN: 'AS-9≥v)	IMU .AS=40V)	IMU (AS-901.)	IMU (AS-9£V)	DMU (AS-92V)	TM:) (AS-20V)	:M3-92V)	DMC (AG-227)
PRESENT 3' URCE	78PC (Ans)	(805)	CSDC (805)	(\$08)	(805)	(805)	CSDC (R05)	(308) (808)	(305)
SIGNAL NAME	ATTIT DE REFERENCE MODE	NAVIJATE/ALIJN MODE	Dau Flag set	DAC FLAT RESPIT	X WRO TOPOR	Xं अप्रति 10क्यक	Y GYFO TOPUTE	Y IYBO TORQUE	## O#C - 1.00 - 1
ETEM NO.	ية. ا	6.7	र्स	ž	113	130	ž	134	č

LIST	
SIGNAL	
946	

	·							_
COMMENTS	Signal is generated from IFT serial Enpire to probest. GOPO303 to SCPC311. See Figure 24.	Signal is transmitted to the TP1 (s seria) data word C1POACT from DYOM. See Figure 12.	Signal is transmitted to AMCS/IF" in serial date word SIPGall from 1754 [See Figure 15, 19 6.0] used in fishing mode rait of the logic.	Upped is transmitted to [17] in serial auto- word CHPWol from 1704D. THE Figure [1	Clock is translitter to the PT in serial data control PDM in serial data control PDM in the PDM in serial data control PDM in the PD	1814 - 11 E	See Figure	
QUANTI- ZATION		O • FFADY	o = FAIL	.5 *		t. e.	* :: 10 :: 10 :: 10	
BITTS/ SEC								
MESSACE								
SAMPLE RATE	300 PPS MAX						833/Sec	
SIGNAL	Pulse	Discrete	Plonete	terroe	Discrete	Discrete	atre Sync	
GPMS S ZNTK	E	IMI	רבוסדת	:701:	arona	OTOTO	74015	
GPAS	DTOID	того	TMD	IMU	DAU	TMU	I MI	
PRESENT S INK	(AS-97V)	(305)	(808)	(805)	(805)	CSDC (805)	(805).	
PRESENT SCURCE	CSDC (805)	Ditt. (AS=90V)	INU (AS-92V)	:MU (AS-92V)	IM:	IMU (AS-92V)	(√8-92V)	
SIGNAL NAME	記 GXI O TUBIOF	TWO READY	IM. FAIL	ATCELEROMETER CLARSE HEATER ON	TYRO COARSE HEATER ON	GYRC FLAT TEMP UP	ROLL AWIE SYNCHPO	
NO.	ŷ	13.7	1	\$	14.	161	න <u>ූ</u>	
	STUNKL NAME STUNCE SIDK SOURCE SIDK TYPE RATE LEMOTH SEC ZATION	STUNAL NAME PRESENT CROR STUNAL SAMPLE WESSAGE BITS QUANTI-	STUNAL NAME STURE STUR STURE STUR STURE STURE	STGMAL NAME STGMC STRK SOURCE STRK STGMAL SAMPLE MESSAGE BITS QUANTI-	STUNAL NAME	STORMAL NAME	STORAL NAME PRESENT CAPE CAPE STORAL SAUPLE RATE LAWOR SEC CALIGN	This could be not be

	af d	بر بر	m tree de la constitución de la	velocit.	resente.	
COMMENTS	Signal In converted to distant and historian in the first and tenniferred alone and the first and th	Signal is converted to digital and carline's with xP and used for the following. a. \$ Silva & \$ Convey and ANIX = SIRVING C. TANIX = SIRVING C. T	Signal is converted in signal and estimated as a signal of the following: A. A. William & Conf. The following: B. A. T. M.	used to compute Vy set ofty (presents) selectional transferres to (P. In (PP. 1). See Figure 1.	ised to DD 17 to compute Ny relection increments) velocity and rendered to PC of PC (PC DD) (CTP DD).	red to complete the following TPT sates a. by year an area of PRES b. complete and area of the bit of the bi
QUANTI- ZATION	2 - 20 0 to 11.8 VAC	2 to 3c.0,	0 to 3600, 0 to 12 Wo.	SEE 35 4 32	FF 3000 FF	erid • A o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o
BITS/ SEC						
MESSAGE						
SAMPLE PATE	8 0/2ec					
SIGNAL	. Mire Syno	4 Wire Sync Resolver	h Wire Sync Resolver	Wires - Pulses	4 Mires -	t alres -
GPAS STATE	proto	PTOID	DTOID	TOTE	поде	ी <u>त्र</u>
GPNE SOURCE	Dec 1	200	DAC	a E	DW.	¥
PRESENT S INK	(805)	(805)	(805)	(805)	(\$0%)	5 (SOE)
PRESENT SCURCE	IN: (AS-92V)	IMU (AS-92V)	DMU (AS-92V)	DK. (AS+9cv)	INC (AS-92Y)	DE: (AT-40V)
SIGNAL NAW		PLATFORM HDG RSUR = x1	PLATY ORN HDG RSLVR - x8	* Vx	YELICITY PUSES	VELCTITY PRACTICAL
NO.	143	77.1	145	146	147	d 11.

CPE SIGNAL LIST

				
Steering error is computed using: a. Obtoled Mad TG when Mad ED ENACT signal from MATS is present: or t. Clutched MOCNO TAMP when TM TM ELAS signal from AFC is present: or c. I'll ref EMS and the entual ground track presert: presert:	Fee Figure 17. Field to informative APPT of the velicity, of the Amiling greening entry signal. (TOTA AMIC STORING ACT exit to TOTA streeting entry 1.5 Mills. ACT CHARGE. PER TOTAL CHARGE TO THE TABLE TO THE CHARGE. PER TOTAL CHARGE TO THE TABLE TABLE THE CHARGE. PER TOTAL CHARGE TO THE TABLE TABLE THE CHARGE.	See thouse 17. [75] generated stand from [] message All Months of TITE • All AT 1 widsh I AT 1110 • 133.• AND 15 • AS 85.•	See Signer 17. [This per crated then i merage or the transfer	Constitution of the consti
± 10 VDC 1,12% deg/7	35.74 4			
	<u> </u>			
8/Sec				
D/C Analog	Discrete	Discrete	e of the to the to the	
APCS	AFCS	V CS	AFCS	
droata	ртозр	progr	aron:	
AFCS (Foll)	AFCS (Roll Computer	AFGS (Pitch Computer)	AFCS Pitch Computer)	
(SOE)	CSDC (1-5/2)	(808) 0200	CSDC (805)	
STRERIY;	STEERING STEERING ERROR RELIABLE	APCS VALID - ACL	APCS VALIT - PCT	
				l
	CSDC AFCS DFO1D AFCS D/C Analog 8/Sec _ 110 VDC Ster 1.12° 3eg 1.12° 3eg	CSDC APCS DFO1D APCS D/C Analog 8/Sec _ 1.124 3eg.;	CSDC APCS DFOND APCS D/C Analog 8/Sec	(SSC) (Roll MYCS D/C Amalog 8/Sec 1.10 VMC 1.12° deg 1

5916-92

GPMS STORAL LIST

CONSTITUE	infold generated signal from Data Link information: 1207 A VALE = 7117 (VECTOR - TANTE (VECTOR - TANTE (VECTOR - TANTE (VECTOR - TANTE (VECTOR - TANTE FAIL (VECTOR - TANTE FAIL (VECTOR - VECTOR - TANTE FAIL (VECTOR - VEC	Enatic (April 1 - steering error (APS MANNIC). Dec 51str 11.	finite signal the electing every(DW [14] Line). See Finite 1.1.	Enable signal of steeling or a companied of the See Figure 17.	PTOPD conversion to 10 July 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	TTCF conversion to DC Analog and digital data transferred to fills and ITC in digital force and to TTC and analog form. to TTC is STC + j - 35 PITCH ANDLE (SIDNIS), A C PITCH ANDLE (SIDNIS), A C PITCH ANDLE (SIDNIS), A C PITCH ANDLE (SIDNIS).
QUANTI- ZATION					+ 150 deg 0 tc. 11.95AC 1. deg: dep	2-97-3e6 O to 11,-VA- 1 deg/deg
BITES/ SEC		٠	·	v		
MESSAGE			-	-		
SANCPLE RATE		<i>3/3</i> دو	3/Sec	2/Sec		۳ن۳۶ څوو
SIGNAL TYPE	Discrete	Discrete	Discrete	Piscrete	3 %1re Synchro	7 Hire Synchro
GPMB SINK	AFCS	окола	Troza	orogo or	vro:n	ואסיר
GPMB SOURCE	nf03p	AFCS	Arcs	Atros	AHRS	AFFIS
PRESENT S DRK	AFCS (Pitch Computer)	(805)	CSDC (BOS)	(805)	CSIC (605)	CSTC (805)
PRESENT S: URCE	CSIIC (808)	AFCS	AFCS (Foll En- gage)	AFCS (Roll Computer)	AHRS (A24G - 27A)	AHRS (14.1 - 37A.)
SIGNAL NAME	AS TS VALTO - VECTOR	CD TCHED MAG	CND IDG FNIATE	CLUTCHEN GRD FRACK EXTAGE	OnicNAS T1. 4	P.T. H. SYNTIBY
KC.	.	<i>‡</i>	٤.	· ·	:	d

2184-090W

PAG SIGNAL LIST

M. Oi	SIGNAL NAME	PRESENT S: UNCE	PRESENT S DAK	GPME SOURCE	GPMG SIDMK	SIGNAL	SAMPLE	MESSAGE	BITS/ SEC	QUANTI-	COMMENTS
159	MAGNETOTI PERMITTE	AHRS (°ala) - (≥°A)	(304)	AHRS	rroen	3 Wire Synchro			_	+ 180 deg O to 11.8vAC 1 deg/deg	UTGO conversion to digital form, used to generate steering error 'magnetic' - Higures 17 & 19. Also used by MTG, WDG & FF' - Figure 11 & 10.
16º	AHRS HDG RELIANT	AHBE (24.0 - 27A)	(805)	AHRS	moon	Discrete				pR vnc/hen	AHE enable for AHE synctro MAS 4DD, if not reliable, switch to IF teck up 4DG (Schwill). See Figure 1: \$ 11.
191	AHPS COMPASS MOPS	AHRS (040 -	csbc (805)	AFIRS	07080	Discrete					PDOD transmission to 17 MP for retransmission to TPI in discrete data word (1954). Cee Figures 20, 17 v 11.
	AHES MAG SLAVE (CMEMSS) MODE	AHRS (24.G - 27A)	CSDC (Avg.)	AHRS	oroch	Discrete					DPAD transmission to 7 % for retransmission to 1F in discrete own and CTP will. Cee Haure F., 17 & 11.
163	Fig. 1	2/L (ASW-27P)	(BCS)	7/3	GF67C	Piscrete					Disable signal to CONS when CLI meanages are not being received and updated at overest rate, used in COL. to place inhibit on PT, VETLS and ACL discretes to APOS.
791	STINS ALITH	(30g) (40g)	Left Glove Pelmy Box (SIMS ALIGN HELAY)	mosp.	SIRS ALIGN RELAY	Discrete					Energize the CIRC ALLY WELLY when more of operation is ALTY. Comparative when it INSECTIAL NAV. For Figure 17.
165	ELEVATION LEAD ANGLE	CTACS (ACM PML)	CSIA (Rn5)	ACM PML	dro1:	PC Analog		-		10 k ohm Fort, -150 to st	1737 performs All concernor and trainming distral data to 40% methols and elevation. See (prime 15,
\$61	WEAPON TYPE SELECTED (NGF)	CIACS (ARM PML)	(805) (805)	ARK PM.	:- O. M.	Of someth				#1 전	Temperation of COLD to a me to the Character of Company (Company)
٦											

LIST	
SIGNAL	
£	

COMENTS	Transmitte: to 171. in Wors 1 See Higure '.	Transmitted to (DDI) in a.rs 15. See Figure 15.	Transmitted to TDI3 in Word 1 See Figure 75.	Transmitted to (11) in mor: 13. See Figure	Transmitted to Vid in sorf lease bigure	Transmittel for Wills in Word 13, One 15gins 17.	Unmanited to 1701) in word lo. See Figure 25.	See Figure 1:	DTC: Performs triority incoding A Trunctor information to D,L as F.T. She, See Figure	OTObb Encoding for transmission. To Drive. See Figure 35.
QUARTI- ZATION	AC, 39	.hN9	.w/x9	ΛO, Λ9	00/09	N0/N3	.v./.v.	A5/A3	INC. NIGO	OPEN JAN
BITS/ SEC										
MESSAGE										
SAMPLE RATE										
SIGNAL. TYPE	fiscrete	Miscrete	Discrete	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE
CPMS	ngogu	dko14	prosp	окола	окола	DT03D	ртозр	NEGW XIG	DTO2D	рточр
GP/S SOURCE	ARM PNI.	ARM PML	ARM PML	ARM PML	ARM PNL	ARM PNL	ARM PML	CE DYO2D	LOX QTY LNDICATOR	D/L PML
PRESENT S INK	(\$08)	cspc (80≤)	(805)	CSDC (805)	CSDC (805)	CSDC (805)	CSDC (805)	INTERFERANCE DTO2D BLANKER	(805)	CSDC (805)
PRESENT S'URCE	CIACS (ARM PANEL)	CIACS (ARM PANEL)	CIACS (ARM PANEL)	CIACS ARM PANEL)	CLACS (ARM PANEL)	CIACS (ARM PANEL)	CIACS (ARM PANEL)	(805)	LOX QTY.	D/L REPLY INSTRUMENT PANEL
SIGNAL NAME	WEARTH TYPE SELECTED (2SP)	WEAPON TYPE SELECTED (LSB)	Weapon quantity ready (MSR)	WEAPON QUANTITY READY (25B)	WEAPON QUANTITY READY (LCB)	MASTER ARM	RELEASE MODE Back up	DISCRETE G	LOW LOX	ARM AKNOMEDGE
ITTEN NO.	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	378

2184-093W

GPMS SIGNAL LIST

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COOCHUS	IMput Encoding for trunchassivity (MPL). to ML). See Figure A.	DTAME Encoding for transmission to PTSE See Figure (5	UNDAD Encoting for transmission to DNUE.	DTVAD Encoding for transmission to DYOAD See Figure 25	DRAD Ferforms Priority Encoding & Transfers information to S.L. as S.BiT Code. See Figure 23	Droid to Droid Transmission. See Figure	INTRY Priority Encoded Bit of L Source is o'll Parel, iff Portrol Puel s Lox Qty. Indicator See Pigure of.	ITALE I IFFORTLY ENgoded Bit to D. Sauro, 18 P.D. Panel, 1FN Control. Panel A lox 4ty. Indicator See Figure 15.
QUANTI- ZATION	OPEN/GND	OPEN/GND	OPEN/GNI:	OPEN/GND	OPEN/GND	QNE/A-	GND/28v	: Age ' COME
SE SE			·					
MESSAGE								
SAMPLE RATE			<u>- — _ — — </u>					i
SIGNAL	DISCRETE	Mscrete	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE
GPAS	DTO4D	рточр	DTO4D	0,7010	атола	ртонр	1/0	D/T
GPME SOURCE	7/G PWL	D/L PML	D/L PWL	7/0	7/a	IFF PAL	DTO3D	D70 3D
PRESENT S INK	csnc (805)	(802)	(805)	(805)	CSDC (80€)	CSDC (805)	D/L (ASW-27B)	D/L (ASW-27B)
PRESENT SCURCE	D/L REPLY INSTRUMENT PANEL	D/L REPLY INSTRUMENT PANEL	D/L REPLY INSTRUMENT PANEL	D/L REPLY INSTRUMENT PANEL	D/L REPLY INSTRUMENT PAMEL	IF Control PANEL	(805)	(805) (1000)
SIGNAL NAME	C1 REQUEST	ABORT	TARGET DESTROYED	GENERAL ACKNONLEDGE	TARGET NOT DESTROYED	IFF EMERGENCY	R1 DISCRETE	R2 DISCRETE
NO.	177	178	179	190	181	180	183	184

2184-095W

S STUNNE LIST

SU(ZOC)	OW'SL Priority knowes but to to some some is oil Panel, JPN Control Panel a low aty. Indicator See Figure	This PH rive Encoded Big to 1.1. Source is it. Panel, IPN Control Panel a Lox tiv. Indicator. See Figure	DTOM Priority Encoded sit to D/L. Source is D'L Panel, IFX Control Punel & L/x ty., indicator. See Figure 25	DAME to DAME Francesister, DAME Transmits this later in Serial Digital Form (115 lateral Error) to This See Figure 13	DWOID to DUCH Transmission, DRCH Trunsmits this data in Serial Digital Form tilk Lateral Error) to Wild. See Figure 13	DVOID to DRY Transmission, DRY Transmits information in Serial Digital (IIS Vertical Error) to VDIO. See Figure 13.	Droll to Dr. M. Transmission, Droll Transmits information in Serial Digital (ILS Vertical Error) to VDio. See Figure 13.
QUANTI- ZATION	0ND/28v	382, 380	A82/aND	, 12V 1eg	ONE Art	.1.4°	2 . 4v/GND
BTTS/ SEC						·	
MESSACE LENGTH							
SAMPLE RATE				20/SEC	_	20/ SEC	
SISNAL	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DC ANALOG	DISCRETE	DC ANALOG	DISCRETE
GPAG SIDNK	1/0	D/L	1/0	arona	DTOID	отола	arona
SOURCE	DEO30	DTO3D	oro or	SII	ड्या -	311	211
PRESENT S DITK	D, T. AUW-277B)	D/L ASW-27B)	D/L (ASW-27B)	(805)	(805)	(\$0\$)	(805)
PRESENT St URCE	CSDC (805)	(805)	(\$0\$) (\$0\$)	ILS DECODER (KY-651/ ARAE3)	ILS DECODER (XY->51/ ARA63)	ILS DECODER (KY-651/ ARA 63)	ILS DECODER (KT-651/ ARA63)
SIGNAL NAME	R3 DISCRETE	R4 DISCRETE	N5 DISCRETE	AZIMUTH (DEVIATION)	AZIMUTH FLAG ALARM	ELEVATION DEVIATION	ELEVATION FLAG ALARM
MO.	185	136	187	186	189	86	191

GPMS SIGNAL LIST

COMBINES	DROD to UPAL Trunsats aton, EPOL Transatis Information to the IF1 (SIPOLI). See Figure 22	DYCD to Drow: Transmission, 175-; Transmits Information to the IFU (SIPOLQ), See Figure 22	UNDER to FRAND Transmission, DTC45 Transmit information to the IPU (SIPC-01) See Figure 22	DYOR to DYOUD Transmission, DYN-P Transmits information to the IR (SIPD-1) See Figure 22	DTOCH to UTALD Transmic scion, PTOM: Transmitts information to the UE; [SIPO-1] See Mgure .c	DW3D to UTC. Iranamission, PWS; Fransmits information to the IR (UPS-3). See Figure U	Generated from Internal Was function. Faulures. See Hight &
QUARTI- ZATION	GND/OPEN	GND/OPEN	GND/OPEN	GND/OPEN	GND/OPEN	GND/OPEN	ND/OPEN
BITS/ SEC							
MESSAGE							
SAMPLE RATE							
S IGNAL TYPE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE	DISCRETE
GPMS STATK	prozp	DTO2D	DTOZD	กรอด	DTO2D	DTc-4D	49 0
GPAS	PCDP	PCDP	PCDP	КОР	PCDP	LORD	proto
PRESENT S INK	CSDC (805)	(Sog)	CSDC (805)	(805)	(805)	(805)	FILOT & NEO DTOID AUTION & DAVISORY PANELS(C&A)
PRESENT SCURCE	PILOTS CONTROL & DISPLAY PANEL (PCDP)	FILOTS CONTROL & DISFLAY PANEL (PCDP)	PILOTS CONTROL & DISPLAY PANEL (PCDP)	FILOTS CONTROL & DISPLAY PANEL (FODP)	FILOTS CONTROL & DISPLAY PANEL (FCDP)	LEFT GLOVE RELAY BOX (LGRB)	0800 (50%)
SIGNAL NAME	MANUAL MODE SELECT	TACAN MODE	DESTINATION MODE SELECT	VYCTOL MODE	AWL/PCD MODE SELECT	HANDBRAKE (INS SUSPEND ALINE)	MAV CORPUTER FAIL.
ITEM NO.	<u></u>	:61	\$.	61	*	161	138

PME SIGNAL LIST

COMMENTS	CSM Transformation to Art Coordinates & Transfer to RDR ANT (141). See Figure 27	Generated from RDR "NTL", (201, Space Stabilized Coordinates. See Figure 27.	CSDC Transformation to lince Stabilizes Coordinates a Transfer to FIR CWILE (ORI). See Figure 27.	Generated from NUM AUT)) A/C Coordinates. See Figure 27.	USEC Transformation to A Coordinate. for Transfer to 18 AP (120). See Figure 77.	Gendinsted from Jave Statilized Condinsted from In AMT [127]. See Figure .T.	Calc irun.formation to a Cocrissies & Trusfer to Missile lata Signal Converse (Dic).	Jenerated from MiGN (17.) Earth. Stabilized Coordinates See Figure 27.
QUANTI- ZATION	o to 10.2 VAC	0 to 10.2 VAC	0 to 10.2 VAC	0 to 10.2 vAC	0 to 10.2 VAC	0 to 10.2 VAC	0 to 10.2 VAC	to It. VAC
BITS/ SEC								
MESSAGE								
SAMPLE RATE								
SIGNAL	3 WIRE AC ANALOG	3 WIRE AC ANALOG	3 WIRE AC ANALOG	3 WIRE AC ANALOG	3 WIRE AC	3 WIRE AC ANALOS	3 WIRE AC ANALOG	3 yire ac Analog
GPMS SIINK	DTO2D	RDR ANTENNA	prozp	RDR	PTO25	IR ALCP	DTO2!.	MDSC (71:)
GPAS SOURCE	RDR CONTROLLER	prozp	RDR ANT	DTO2D	IR AMP	DTO∠D	MDSC (710)	ፓ ፕ <i>ኮራ</i>
PRESENT S INK	(805)	RADAR ANTENNA (031)	CSDC (805)	RDR CNTLR (081)	(805)	IR AMP (120)	(805)	MD3C (710)
PRESENT SCURCE	RADAR CONTROLLER (381)	cspc (805)	RDR ANT (031)	CSDC (805)	1R AMP (120)	CSDC (805)	MDSC (710)	C3IC (80%)
SIGNAL NAME	JPACE STABILIZED COORDINATES	A, C COORDINATES	A/C COORDINATES	SPACE STABILIZED COORDINATES	SPACE STABILIZED COORDINATES	A/c coordinates	EARTH STAPILIZED COORDINATES	A '' COGRDINATES
NO.	661	°02	201	ğ	503	है	505	y

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CTWAL	
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SUMBOO	Valid when CMD Initiated by OFC (AMCS/IPU SOPOSOC, Information .: Transmitted to AMCS/IPU in CIPUSOL-3: See Figure L.	Valid when CMD Initiated by SPC (AMCZ/IPU SUPS) A information of Trusmatited to AMCZ/IPU in SPC-01-0*	Valid when OMO Initiated by ORC (AMCS/IPU ROPOSOD . In: maxime: I Trunsmitted to AMCS/IPU in: IPO* 1 See Figure	Valid when CMD Initiats i by 185 (AMCS/IPU Co-PO) Oct. (identated in Transmitted to AMCS/IPU in 1915. 1-27 See Figure 5.	Valid when CMD initiated by 35' (AMCs/19U SDR OR, 11: reat.) Transmitted to AMCs 19U in 19P ' 1. See Figure	Valid when CMC initiated by OFC (AMCS 1813 OPP) A. S. former on a Trunmitted to AMCS 1813 in S187 1-05. See Figure 4.	Valid when tWD initiated by OBC MCG/LTS GOPGOC, listonam to Transmitted to AWGS/LFS in 178% less than to the two are biguing the two are biguing to the biguing to the biguing to the biguing the biguing to the biguing	
QUANTI- ZATION			·					
BITS/ SEC								
MESSAGE LENGTH								
\Box	Ę	The Cart	TN3	T. N.	TAS		L X3	
SAMPLE	OBC	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	
SIGNAL SAMPLE TYPE RATE	00 ≈ 0VICSE: 00 = 28VDC DEPENDER 00 ≈ 0VDC				FULSE: OBC SWABLE-GND FOR DEFENDE 1 :8C, NORMAL		28 VDC	
\vdash		OWE 89	e ×	FOR MAL=		× e	28 VDQ	
SIGNAL	FULSE: G0 = 28VDC NO G0 = OVDC	DFS APX 72 PULSE: INVITARE-OND FOR 4. SEC, NORMAL = 28 VDC	DT3 APX 72 PULSE: LINTLAIDS-GAD POR 1 SEC, NOBALL-28VDC	DT3 AFX 72 PULSE: ENABLE-GND FOR 1, SEC, NORMAL= 28 VDC	DT3 APX 72 FULSE: ENABLE-GRO FOR 1 :FC1, NORMAL = 28 UDC	FULSE: GO = 28 VDC To GO = GND	FULSE ENABLE 28 VDC	
GPNS SIGNAL SINK TYPE	CSDC APX 72 DT3 RULSE: CO = 26VDC NO :0 = OVDC	DFS APX 72 PULSE: INVITARE-OND FOR 4. SEC, NORMAL = 28 VDC	DT3 APX 72 PULSE: LINTLAIDS-GAD POR 1 SEC, NOBALL-28VDC	NDER DT3 APX 72 FULSE: TT8 LAB Lab Lab Lab Lab	DT3 APX 72 FULSE: ENABLE-GRO FOR 1 :FC1, NORMAL = 28 UDC	177. HUSE: 00 = 28 VIC No 00 = 000	CSDC ALA-100 DT's FULSE 28 VDC	
GPIE GPIE STGNAL SOURCE SINK TYPE	R CSDC APX 72 DT3 RULSE: R0 20 = 28VDC N0 20 = OVDC N)	APX 72 FUISE: [INTIATE=GND FOR 4 SEC, NORWAL = 28 VDC	APX 72 PULSE: INITIATE-CAD FOR 1 SEC, NORMAL-28VDC	AFX 72 FULSE: ENABLE-GND FOR 1, SEC, NORMAL- 28 VDC	APX 72 FULSE: ENABLE-GIND FOR 1.3FC, NORMAL = 28 VDC	CSDC ALA-100 1771 NULSE: CO : 28 VIC N: CO : GND	CSDC ALA-100 DT's FULSE 28 VDC	
PRESENT GING GING STORAL STORAL STORAL	APX 72 DT3 RULSE: 00 = 28VDC NO : 20 = 0VDC	TRANSFONDER DT5 APX 72 FULSE: TEST SET 7 FOR 4 SEC, 7 FOR 4 SEC, 7 FOR 5 F	TRANSPONDER	TRANSPONDER DT3 APX 72 FULSE: ROYBXDITS EMABLE-GND FOR AFX-72 L. SEC, NORML- AFX-72 AFX-7	TAMNS PONDER 0.T.3	TR CSDC ALA-100 [77] FULSE: TO = 28 YIC FULSE: TSA) 1.00 = 080	CSDC ALQ-100 LF" FULSE 28 VDC	

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STONAL	
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SIMEWAY	Williams Tourished by St. Williams Ity St. Williams Ity St. Williams Ity St. Williams Ity St. Trends Ity St. Williams St. Williams St.	Walth End of the Service of the Community of the Communit	Vigit also To contrated by CE 1 (AM CO.) The water that the CE I contrated by CE 1 (AM CO.) The water that the CE I contrated by CE I cont	Wills when UMI instrated by UBY AMAS IPV RATES, Information is I womdited to AMAS IPV in SIRVEL-0505 Set Magne	Call about Mr. Indianated by FF. (AMS IPU S.P.Soll), Information is Transactive to AMS IPI in The Information See Figure 4.	'Alld abon DWD Intiated by OBC (AMMS lac Sapoko, , internal, , in Transmittel to AMMS lFC in DIP Clause) See Figure 4.	Could when TWO Intidates by SMC (AMCS/IPC SUPPLY), Information is Immundited to AMCS IE. In CIPCHAL-CSC See Houre 4.	
QUANTI- ZATION								
BITS/ SEC				_				
MESSAGE								
SAMPLE RATE	OBC DEPENDENT	oependent	CHC	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	
00,0	8	and and	<u></u>	30	22	ä	Ď.	- 1
S IGNAL S.	FULSE: INITIATE=28 VDC DE FOR 35 SEC, NORWAL = OPEN		PULSE: INTILATE GND :FF FOR 1 SEC, NORMAL - A VDC	PULSE GO = GND NG GO = 25 VLC	PULSE; GO = GND DE NO GO = Z5 VDC	FULSE: GO = 3ND NO GO = 25 VDC	PULSE: 10 = GND NO GO - 2; VDC	
	FULSE: INITIATE=28 VDC FOR 35 SEC, NORWAL = OPE:	DT1		od Vid				
SIGNAL	DTV ALA-10C FULSE: VIOC INITIATE-88 VIOC FOR 35 SEC, NORMAL = OPEN	PULSE: GO = 4,5 VDC NO GO = GND	PILSE: GND FIRST INTIATE: GND FOR 1 SEC, NORMALI - SA VOC	PULSE GO = GND NG GO = 25 VLC	PULST; GO = GND NO GO = 25 VDC	FULSE: GO = JND NO GO = 25 VDC	FULSE: -10 = GND	
GPMS STGNAL SINK TYPE	DT4 ALA-10C FWLSE: VOC INTLANTS-28 VOC FOR 35 SEC, NORWAL = OPER	CSDC RDR ALT DTL FULSE: CO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = GND	TT RDF ALT PILSE: OND PLOSE : OND POR LSEC, OND POR LSEC, OND ROSEAUL -28 VOZ	D3DC 8 ALR-45 D73 PULSE G0 = GND NO G0 = 2^ VLC	DT3 PULSE; GO = GND NO GO = 25 VDC	CSDC & ALR-45 DT3 PULSE: CO = JND NO GO - 35 VDC	FY3 FULSE: 10 - GND 110 GO - 25 YDC	
CIPAG GPAG STONAL SOUNCE SINK TYPE	ALG-10C FULSE: INTIATE=28 VDC FOR 35 SEC, MORWAL = OFEN	CSDC RDR ALT DT1 . FULSE; CO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = GND	CSDC RADAR PT1 RDF ALT PTLSE: ALTIMETER FOR 1 SEC, AFF-194 NORMALI - SE 100 (NAV SYSTEM)	CSDC & ALR-45 DT3 PULSE	CSDC & ALR-Lé DT3 PULS\$; 	CSDC & ALR-45 D73 RULSE: OD = JND NO GO = 25 VDC	CSDC & ALR: Dr3 PULSE: 10 - GND 10 C - 2: VDC	
PROBENT CHAS GPAS SIGNAL SINK TYPE	ALG-100 DT4 ALG-10C FULSE: VOR RURAL = OFEI: MORWAL = OFEI:	RUBE ALT DT1 FULSE: GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = GND	RADAR PT1 RDF ALT PTLSE: HT PTLS	ALR-25 DY3 PULSE GO = GND NO GO = 2^ VUC	# ALR-45 D73 PULSE: 00 = GND NO GO = 25 VDC	8 ALR-45 DT3 RULSE: 00 = JND NO GO = 25 VDC	ALR Dr3 PULSE:	

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SIGMAL	
SHE	

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COMPRAIS	Valid when OW initiated by OBC (AMCS/RW SOFCS), information is Transmitted to AMCS/RW in SIPOSOL-0505 See Figure i.	Vald when CMD initiated by OBC (AMCS/IFU SOPOSOG, Information is Transmitted to AMCS/IFU in SIPCSC1-0505 See Figure 4.	Valid when 3W Initisted by OBC (AMCS/IFV SOPS)OQ, Information is Transmitted to AMCS/IFV in SIPOSOL-0505 See Figure	Valid when CVD initiated by CBC 'AMCS/IFU SOPS/SOD, Information is Transmitted to AMCS/IFU in SIPCFC1-CFU5 See Figure	Valid when CUD Initiated by OBC (AMCS'IFU SOR', NO, information is Transmitted to AMCS'IFU in SiPO(1,-0505) See Figure	Valid then CPD Infilated by GK. (AMCV-IPU SOPPSOD, Information is fransmitted to AMCS/IRV in SIPCSOI-05-05. See Figure 4.	Vilia when OWD inditated by ORC (AMCS 1FU SaPOCC), Information is fransmitted to AMCS 1FV in SIPOCO to Cooperation to AMCS 1FV in SIPOCO to See Figure v.	
QUANTI-								
BITTS/ SEC								
MESSACE								
SAMPLE	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DE PENDENT	OBC . DEPENDENT	
S -	"	<u> </u>	-					ı
SIGNAL S.	FULSE: GO = GND NO GO = 25 VEIC	EUISE: GO = CMD NO GO = 25 VDC	FULSE: INITIATE~SVDC 1 FOR 1 SEC, NORWAL CPEN	PULSE: INITIATE=542C FOR 1 SEC, NORWAL = OPEN		PULSE: INITIATE=5VDC FOR 1 SEC: VCRUAL = OPEN	FULSE: 30 = 0VDC W0 GO = 28 VDC	
-	L	25 VDC	NDC NEW			ALR-45 FULSE: INTILATE-5VDC FOR 1 SEC. NCRUAL = OPEN		
SIGNAL	FULSE: GO = GND NO GO = 25, VDG	FULSE: GO = CMD NO GO = 25 VDC	FULSE: INITIATE*SYDC FOR 1 SEC, NORMAL CPEN	PULSE: INITIATE=542C FOR 1 SEC, NORWAL = OPEN	FULSE: INTIATE*SVDC FOR 1 SEC. NORWAL = OPEN	DT3 AIR-45 FULSE: INITIATE-SVDC FOR 1 SEC. NORMAL = OPEN	8 £	
GPMS SIGNAL SINK TYPE	CSDC & ALR-45 Dr3 RUSE: HDIG GO = GND NO GO = 25 VDG	DT3 FULSE: 00 = CBD NO GO = 25 VDC	DT3 ALR-45 FULSE: THITATA-5/DC FOR 1 SEC, NOBMAL CPEN	DT3 ALR-45 FULSE: INTITATE-5-7:0 FOR 1 SEC, NORMAL = OPEN	LT3 ALR-45 FULSE: INTLANES/VDC FOR 1 EEC. NORML = OPEN	DT3 ALR-45		
GPMS GPMS STGNAL SOURCE SIGNY TYPE	CSDC & ALR-45 D73 FULSE: (MOIG CSC - GND (NO GO - 25 VDC	CSDC & ALR-45 DT3 FULSE: 0.0 = GRD DM) NO GO = 25 VDC	DT3 ALR-U5 PULSE: INITIANE-5VC FOR 1 SEC, NORMAL CFEN	ALR-b5 PILSE: INTIATE-5:3C POR 1 SEC, NORMAL = OPEN	ALR-45 FULSE: INITAATE-55TDC FOR 1 SEC. NORMAL = OPEN	ALR-45	A18-50 D73 00 NR	
PRESENT GPMS GPMS SIGNAL SINK TYPE	ALR-145 DT3 PULSE: CO = GND NO CO = 25 VDC	ALR-45 DT3 FULSE: GO = GND NO GO = 25 VDC	ALR-45 DT3 ALR-45 FULSE: ANALYZER FOR 1 SEC, FOR 1 SEC, HORMAL CFEN	ALR-45 D73 ALR-45 PILSE: ANALYZER POR 1 SEC, ROBAL = OFEN	ALR-45 AWL72ER AWL72ER AWL72ER FOR 1 SEC. FOR 2 SEC.	ALR-45 ANALYZER DF3 ALR-45	CSDC & AIR-50 Dry GO MOTG	

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COMERTIS	Valid when CVT initiated by UBC (WMCENTU SUPLOX), information is Transmitted to AMYS IFU in CIPCAL to USO).	See Figure 4. Valid when CMD Initiated by Set (AMCS/IFU SOPOSCO), information to Transmitted to AMCS/IFU in Cit 1. to OSCo. See Figure 4.	Valid when JMD Initiated by UBC (AMCS/INU SORYSO.), information is Transmitted to AMCS/IPT in SIPCSO1 to Soft, soften the AMCS/IPT in SIPCSO1 to Soft.	Valid when OWD Intiated by OBC WWGSTPU SPREAK, information is Transmitted to AMSCIF' in SIPNOI to 0905.	Valid when CMD initiated by OBC (AMCS/IPU SOPPICO), information is Irramatited to AMCS/IPU in SIPN-oi to Syc. See Figure i.	Valid when CMT initiated by UBC (AMCS IPU SOP WCV), information is Transmitted to AMCS/IFU in SIPC OI to CMCS.	
QUANTI- ZATION							
PTTS/ SEC							
MESSAGE LENGTH							
SAMPLE RATE	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC	OBC	OBC	OBC DEFENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	
SIGNAL	DE: SVII SEC, OPEN	28 VDC	FULSE: INITIATE=28VDC FOR 3 SEC, NORMAL = OPEN	PULSE: 50 = CND NO GO = OPEN	FULSE: INITIATE=28 VDC FOR 15 SEC, NORMAL=OFEN	PULSE: 00 : 4.5 VDC NC GO = 9 VDC	
SIC	FUL. INITIAL FOR 15 NORMAL	PULSE. GO = CHD NO GO = 28 VDC	PUT INITI FOR 3	8 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05	INIT TOR FOR NORW		
GPMS STOR	ALH-SC PULGE: (MITIATE : FOR 15 SEC, NORWAL OFF	DT1 FULSI GO = GM NO GO =		H DT4	D'L INIT	DT4 SS	
			DT1 BEACON AUG. 1		. 		
GPMS SINK	ATR-50	OC BEACON DTL AUG.	DT1 BEACON AUG. 1	cspc DDI Df4	DD3 F./L	<i>DD1</i> DT4	
GPMS GPMS SOURCE SINK	24-82 24-82	OC BEACON DTL AUG.	DT1 BEACON TR AUG. 1 (STEM)	DETAIL CSDC DDI DT4 DATA LATA LATA	ў. Э	ስT ^ሲ	
PRESENT GINE GRES SINK SOURCE SINK	ALB-SO DT? 7LH-S; RCTR (ECH SYSTEM)	CSDC BEACON DTL AUG.	BEACON DT1 BEACON AUGENTER AUG. 1 R.1623 APH (COPM SYSTEM)	cspc DDI Df4	DATA LIM DD3 D/L COMMERTS CV 244,15/ ASW-27	CSDC DDI D76	

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COMENTS		Continuous Monitor by OBC (AMCS/IPV USP6500), information is Transmitten to AMCS/IPV in SIROSO1 to OSCS. See Figure 4.	Continuous Monitor by OBC (AMCS/IFU SOPSSOO), inframation is Transmitte; to AMCS/IFU in SIROSCI to 0505. See Figure b.	Continuous Monitor by OBC (AMCS/IF: SOPOSON), Information is Transmitter to AMCS/IFU in SIPOSON to CCCS. See Figure 4.	CMD_INITIATED by OBC (%JPO500), Status Transmitter to IPU in SIROSCL-0505 See Figure 4	CONTINUES MONITOR See Figure 4	OND INITIATES BY CHC See Pigure L	
QUANTI- ZATION								
BITS/ SEC							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
MESSACE								
SAMPLE RATE		OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC C DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	овс овремовут	OBC (*F) ENDE NT]
SIGNAL	FULSE: INITIATE=28VDC FOR 15 SEC, NORWAL = OFEN	DISCRETE GO = OPEN "IO GO = GND	DISCRETE FAULT=28VDC NO FAULT=OVDC	DISCRETE OBC CHAILENGE-28VDC DEPENDENT NO CHAILENGE = 0 VDC	DISCRETE GO = OPEN NO GO = GND	DISCRETE GO = GPEN NO GO = GND	DISCRETE. GO = 1,5 VDC. NO GO = 0 V/M	
STATE	Ida	2 43	21 0	2 1 2	p.r.3	DT3	LL G	
GPMS	1,100	APX 76	APX 76	APX 76	KIT 1A	APX 76	A.P.C	
PRESENT S DAK	DETAIL DATA IN- DICATIOR (DDI) ID- 1744/AS	cspc	capc	CSDC		cspc	9000	1
PRESENT SCURCE	CSDC	INTERNOA-CSDC TOR SWITCH AMPLIFIER 'A 1568/ APX 76 (IFF STSTEM)	I INTERROGATOR SYNCHPONIZER SN 4104/APX 76 (1FF JISTEM)	INTERROGATOR SYNCHRONIZER SN 416A/AFX 76 (IFF SYSTEM)	INTERROGATOR COMPUTER KIT-LA TSEC (IFF SYSTEM):	INTERROGATOR HCVR-XMTR RT 968A/ APX 76 (IFF SYSTEM)	THROTTLE CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CPIONO NSWLOS	
SIGNAL NAME	DOI BIT INITIATE	INTERROCATOR CMITCH AMPLIFIER STATUS	DATERNOIATOR SYSTEM S SAULT INDICATION S 7	CHALLENGE INDICATION INTERROGATOR STATEMENTERS STATEMENTER FOR LIFE STATEMENT	IN ZROCATOR TOWNITER INTERPOLATOR CSDC TATAS KIT-IA TSSC (IPP SYSTEM)	INTERMOLATOR HOVE IN MACURE STATUS REPORTED STATUS REPORTED STATUS REPORTED STATUS STA	THEOTILE CONTIGU. COMPUTER (AIC) STATUS CONTROL COMPUTER CPICHO STRUSS	
NO.	:£2	235	36 36	237	83.8	28	0472	
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SEMBRED	OND DRITING HE BY See Pigure 4. y. r.	OND INITIATED BY SIG. See Figure	ON DESTRUCTION OF SKIPS OF FRANCE A	Cormonal Catalog General Materials and Catalog Materials and Catal	COMMONO PORTO E TRADONIZENO DE LES DE TROSO LO STRONO PRE HIGHE A	own MITATION (§ A Price), constraint (§ Treatment to TP), cited (12), cited (13), cited (1	** MITTAGE 15 A Private Data practical Transmittees to 1971 (2)Processor Placement	
QUANTI-								
PITS/ SEC								
MESSAGE		_						
SAMPLE RATE	OBC	OBC	OEPENDENT	- DEPENDENT	ofs' cerestoern	PR. CHESTORY	## ## ## ***	
SIGNAL TYPE	DISCRETE COMPLETE=4, 5VLC ENCOMPLETE=OVEC	DISCHETE ALSYNC NO GO = 0 Vic	INITIATE=28VIC FOF 3 JEC NORML-OFEN	FULSE: INTIATE #28VDC E-E-15 SEC NOMALEO to	DESCRIPTON OF NOTE NO. 20 - OFFIN	0.150 to 1.150 to 1.00	100 A	
GPMS SIDM	1:17	E SM	A PC	TACAN/:TL	Ħ	. H	É	
GPMS SOURCE	APC	APC	TLC.	TACAN/CSSC PTL/TACAN TACAN/FTL	AFBC AND	RIGYT AIR INLET PROIBARGER	FIGHT AIR INLFT PROTEAMER	
PRESENT SINK	CSDC	Cape	THROTTLE CONTROL COMPUTER CP 1040 ASN 105	Т АСАЙ/ СВБ	osso	3 0.00	2005	
PRESENT SCURCE	THROTFILE CONFRUI CONFUTER CPIO40 ASN105	THEOTTLE CONTROL COMPUTER CP1040 ASN105	cspc	CSDC/TACAIN	ree 11A		RIGHT AIF INLET PRO- GRADECR C 8684/A	
SIGNAL NAME	A PC TEST COMPLETE DISCRETE	APC NOBMAL ACCELERO- METER STATUS	SYSTEM BIT INITIATE	TACAN SET BIT INITIATE/STATUS	AHRS AMPLIPIER STUDIN AHRS AMB (27)	LIGHT STATE: PRESCURE FIGHT AIR LIMIT PRO- BRANCE C 668/A	RI HIT TOTAL PREDUCE.	
ITEN NO.	745	245	243	7.5	545	246	247	
				_				$\overline{}$

Lis	
SIGNAL	
SHE	

SEESEDO	OMD INITIATE by SOPSOC, information Transmitter to IPU (SIPSOL-050f) See Figure to	OMS INTIBATED by SCHOOL, intermation Transmitter to IN (SIPOSOL-ONE) See Figure 4	OME INTENTED by SPR-SOC, Information Transmitter to IRV (CIP ACL-04-05) der Faum a	OD INITAXID by SUPPLICE, information Immunities to INI (SIPPLICE)	260 NOTATION OF SPECIO, 151 may 1 in Transmission of Transmission to 1971 (SIR) (SIR	ON CHARACTER OF PRINCIPAL AND CONTRACTOR OF THE CHARACTER OF CONTRACTOR	Malita when Months of the company of	
QUANTI- ZATION								
BTTS/ SEC]
MESSAGE								
SAMPLE	OBC	OBC DEFENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OFF PRINCIPLE	JAC DEPLACANT	74 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 1	
SIGNAL	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO=0 VDC	DICCHETE GO # 4.5 VDC NO GO* O VDC	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VIC NO GO+ OVIC	DIJCRETE GD * 4.5 VDC NO GO* O VDC	DISCRETE GO * 4.5 VIC NO GO* O VDC	01338ETE 30 + 4.5 VOC 80 - 0 VOC	DLYCRETE JOHN FLIS VIET RELET O VICE	
CPMS STRIK	DT.4	Ē	7.5	£.	J.L.	Ė	7,12	
GPAG SOURCE	RIGHT AIR INLET PRO- GRAPHER	RICHT AIR INLET PRO- GRAMMER	RIGHT AIR INLET PRO- GRANNER	RIGHT AIR 774 INLET PRO- GRANGER	RIGHT AIR INLET PRO- GRAMMER	HESHT ATH INLET PRO- GRAMMER	RICHT AIR INTET PRO- GRANNER	
PRESENT S INK	cspc	2020	CSDC	ogso e	3 480	capc	JCS2 &	
PRESENT SCURCE	HE RIGHT OF AIR INLET PROGRAMER C 9684/A	RIGHT CAIRT PROCHAMER C BOOLA	RICHT AIR INLET PROCRAMME C 8684A	A A A B CE	E E	PIGHT AIR CODC INLET PRO- GRAMMER	N. RICHT ALI INLET FRO- HAMBER C 9684/A	
SIGNAL NAME	RIGHT TOTAL TEMPERATURE RICHT STATUS AIR INL PROCRAM C 3668-1	RIGHT ANGLE OF ATTACH STATUS	RICHT BLEED JOOR SERVO CYLINDER STATUS	FIRST PLUIT COUPRESSOR FIGHT RAMP SERVO CYLINDER PROGRESTATUS C 986	SECOND RIGHT COMPRESSIVE AIR INL RAMP DERVO CYLINDEY AIR INL STATUS C'96644,	SERVO CYLINDER STATUS	RIGHT AIR INET CONTROL RIGHT AIR PROGRAMER STATUS INLET INC. RAMMER C REGAL/A	7
ITEM NO.	24.8	6472	250	152	252	253	455	 2) 84.10cW

LIST	
CIGNAL	
ý	

Strawer C	Table who included to the Prince of the SAF control	AMIN when To Contrate to USC with DPT OF POSON, USC OF STANDARD CONTRACTOR TO AMONG THE CONTRACTOR	Value when "Multiple and by 187 (AMC) 187 Subject of the matter of the antity of to AMCS/187 or (18-5) (40.5) See Figure	Walls when TO Instruction OR (AND FR) SCROOL, Information is Terrarity of to ANDA/FF in OTP Solving	Waltarelet DG Initiation to No AMED 199 DDFOMD), Information to The sorver to AMED/197 an opposition	Walto whom 70 Initiation by objects and additional additional to AMCS TREATHS TO TREATHS TO AMCS TREATHS TO AMCS TREATHS TO AMCS TREATHS TO AMCS TREATHS AND AM	Wallish of the latitates by Fr. ANG Pr. S.P. S. ANG Pr. S.P. S. P. S. S.P. S.
AUANTI- ZATION							
BITS/ SEC							
MESSAGE							
SAMPLE RATE	OBC DEFENDENT	OBC	OBC	IRC PEPENDENT	AK DELENJENT	OFC SEPPORATI	DEPENDENT
SIGNAL TYPE	OLSCHETE GO = 4.5 VBC NO GO : 11 VBC	DIOCHETE Go = 4.5 VDC NO = 0 VDC	DISCRETE No = 4.5 VDC NO DO = 0 VDC	11301211 50 4 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	016014 IE 30 5 - 12 3X 30 5 - 12 3X	A SON THE TO THE T	A DOMEST N N N W W W
GPMS S INK	Ę)T\$	£	ero S	<i>i</i> .	K	Ě
SOURCE	LEFT AIR INGET PHO- HAMMER	LEPT AIF INLET PRO- GRANGER	LEPT ATH INCET IRO- SRAMER	LETT AIP LIZET PRO- GRANMER	LEPT ATH INLET FIG- GRANGER	LEPT AIR INLET PHO- GRAMMER	LEPT ALH TRIET PHO-
PRESENT S.INK	900	osso	3,			C330C	
PEESENT S-1902	EFT AIR COC S INLET PR - TRANMER - C BOOM /A		LEST ATE 1SECT INLET PRO- GHANDER	LEFT AIR INLET PR - GRAMMER C B684/A	E LEFT AIP INLET PRO- SFAMER : 968L/A	LEPT AIR CSDC INLET PRO- TRAMER	LEPT AIN INLET PROGRAMMER C N. St. N.
SIGNAL NAME	LEFF ALR INLET CON- THOL PHOCHAMMEN LIATUS INLET ENGREE THOL PHOCHAMMEN LIATUS INLET ENGREE THOL PHOCHAMMEN LIATUS INLET ENGREEN	LEPT AIP INLET CAPPOL LEPT AIR PROGRAMMER STATUS INLET PROGRAMMER STATUS SUGGETS CHAMMER COMMUNICATION COMMUNICATION COMMUNICATION COMMUNICATION COMMUNICATION COMMUNICATION COMMUNICATION COMMUNICATION COMMUNICATION COMM	LEFT STATIC PRESSURE CENSOR STATUS	LEFT TOTAL PRESSURE SENSOR STATUS	LEFT TOTAL TEMP. STATUS LEFT ALF JANAGER SAWAGER	LEFT ANGLE OF ATTACK STATUS	PIRST LEFT COMPRESSER RAND SERVO CYLINDER
NO.	557	:55	95?	157	.58	25.4	260

GPMS SIGNAL LIST

SEASONO	Valid when OWD initiated by OMC (AMCS/INU SOF-560), information is Transmitted to AMCS/INU in SIP9501-0505.	Vali when 3M Initiates or old (AMES/IRU 32F%00), Information it frammittes to AMCA/IRU in SIRK-01-05-06 Figure 4.	Valii when OL Initiate: by GR. (AMCAIN SANOSO), Information is Innamitte; to AMCAIN in SIEGO. See Figure 5.	Valityhen Nu Initiates by Ne (AMCS/INU APPAN), Information is Transmittes to AMCS, IR in SINSOL- 050), Ace Elgure 4.	Wall when SE States by SS (AMES IES SP 90.) Information is sensitive in ASS SE in in SE S. 1. See Expure A.	Continuous Montter Informations Image matter to Efficient 19 123 100 124 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105
QUANTI- ZATION						
BITTS/ SEC						-
NESSAGE						
			_			
SAMPLE	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC			OBPENOUT
SIGNAL SAMPLE TYPE RATE	DISCRETE OD = 0 YDC NO GO = 0 YDC	DISCRETE OBC GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	DISCRETE ORC GO = 4 5 VDC NO GO = 0 VIC.	R PULSE TWITALESSYDC R POR 3 SEC NORMAL-OPEN	PULSE INITATE=5VPC H FOR 3 SEC NORVAL=OPEN	21.36KETE 30.0 = 4.5 V.C. 10.00 = 0 VIC
	DT3 DISCRETE OD = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC			RIGHT AIR PULSP. INILET INTIALES/DC. PHOCHAMBER POR 3 SEC. NORMAL-OPEN	LEFF AIR PULSE INGET INTERPRETATION PROGRAMMER FOR 3 2EC PROGRAMMER FOR 3 2EC	
S IGNAL TY PE	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	DISCRETE GO = 4 5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	UT4 RIGHT AIR INLET PHOGNAUMER	77.3 LEFF AIR PULSE INLET INITIATESONC PROGRAMER FOR 3 SEC NORMALSOPEN	0.00 = 4.5 V.C. R0 : 60 = 0 V.C.
GPMS SIGNAL SINK TYPE	LEFT AIR DT3 DISCRETE GO = 4-5 VDC GRAVER NO GO = 0 VDC	CSDC LEFT AIR DF3 DISCRETE HALET PRO GO = 4.5 VDC GRAMMER NO GO = 0 VDC	LEFT AIR INLET PRO GRAMMER NO GO = 4 5 VDC ORAMMER	UT4 RIGHT AIR INLET PHOGNAUMER	773 LEFT AIN IMLET PROGRAMEEN	MD 23 01300 ETS GO = 4-5 V.C. NO GO = 0 V.C.
GPMS GPMS SIGNAL SOURCE SINK TYPE	CSDC LEFT AIR DT3 DISCRETE THEFF FRO GO = 4.5 VDC GRAWER NO GO = 0 VDC	RO DISCRETE OF 3 DISCRETE NO 50 = 4.5 VDC NO 50 = 0 VDC		NICT AIR INLET PHOCHADORER	LEFT AIR INLET PROGRAMMEN	CSDC Null DF3 513CHETE Gu = 4.5 Vec No 30 = 0 VCC
PRESENT GPMS GPMS SIGNAL SIGNAL SIGNAL	CSDC LEFT AIR DT3 DISCRETE OF TALE PRO GO = 4.5 VDC GRAMER NO GO = 0 VDC	CSDC LEFT AIR DF3 DISCRETE HALET PRO GO = 4.5 VDC GRAMMER NO GO = 0 VDC	CSDC LEFT AIR IT3 DISCRETE GRAWGER NO GO = 4 5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	RIGHT AIR ITH RIGHT AIR INLET PRO INLET PRO PROGNAMER : 3084.A	LEFT AIN INET PRO- GRAWER C 8684A REST AIN INET PROGRAWER C 8684A	MD 23 01300 ETS GO = 4-5 V.C. NO GO = 0 V.C.

GPMS SIGNAL LIST

COMENTS	Controvas Montror Euformation Trais- matter to INU in sith 901-20 M. Gee Plante 4.	Continuous Mention information fransmatter to LFU in Flic501-0506. See Figure 4.	Continuous Monitor Information Transmitted to INU in EIRCGOL-CACS.	Continuous Monttor I: formation Trans- mitted to IRU in CIFC501-0505. See Figure i.	Continuous Monitor Information Transmittel to IRI in TROSOL-0509.	Continuous Monitor lifformation Transmitte: to IRU in SIPC501-0505. See Figure 4.	Continuous Monitor information Transmittel to IRU in SHF501-0506.	Valid when OWD Initiated by ORV (187 SORVSOO), Information Tennslitted in SIRVSOI to OSOS. See Figure 4.
QUANTI- ZATION								
BITS/ SEC						·		
MESSAGE								
SAMPLE RATE	OBC DEPENDENT	JBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC
SIGNAL	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VSC NO JC = OVDC	DISCRIE GO = 4.5 VDC NU GO = 0 VDC	DESCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO · · · VDC	DISCRETE GO = 1,5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	DISCHETE GG = 1.5 VDC NO GG = 0 VDG	DISCRETE GO = 1.5 VDC NO GH = 0 VDC	DISCRETE GO = OFEN NO GO = GND	PULSE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC
GPMS SIDNK	DT3	DT3	ort3	ът. Эт.	DT3	pr3		STIC
GPME SOURCE	MDIG	MDIG	VDIG	voig	voic	VDIG		BIANKER
PRESENT	cspc	cspc	cspc	CSDC	cape	ogsp	cspc	cspc
PRESENT SCURCE	INDICATOF GROUP CON- TROL/POWER SUPPLY C8573/ASA- 79	I'DICATOR GROUP CON- TROL/POWER SUFELY C8573/ASA-	ADI CON- VERTER	ADI CON- VERTER	ADI CON- VERTER	ADI CON- VERTER	COMPUTER	INTERANCE. C
SIGNAL NAME	H.D INDICATOR STATUS	PROCEASOR STATUS	VDI CONVERTER STATUS	VDI INDICATOR STATUS	HUD CONVERTER STATUS	HUD INDICATOR STATUS	CPYPTO COMPUTER STATUS	Interprance Blanker Jatus
NO.	267	568	269	270	271	272	273	27%

GPMS SIGNAL LIST

SUMBAND	Valid when OWD Initiated by OEC (IFU SOPSOO), information Transmitted in SIFOSOI to OSOS.	Walid when OWD Initiated by GMC (FW SOR9500), information Transmitted in SIPO501 to O505.	Valid when CMD Initiated by cbc (FFU SOR9500), Information Transmitted in SIR9501 to 0505.	Continuous Monitor, Transmitted to IFU (SIPO501-0505) See Figure 4.	Wall; when Okt Initiate! F CNV (INV SOPSOD), Information Transmitted to INU in SIRVAD, 0509. See Figure 4	Wall when OWD Initiate (F. K. (IPU SOPC500), information Transmitted to IFU in SIP-501-0505 See Figure 4
QUANTI- ZATION						
BITS/					_	
MESSACE LENGTH						
SAMPLE RATE	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC C DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT
SIGNAL	BLANGER INTITATE-28VDC FOR 1 SEC NORMAL = OPEN	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	PULSE INITIATE SVIC FOR 2 SEC NORMAL-OPEN	DISCRETE GO = 28VDC 3F OPEN NO GO = GND	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VIC NO GO = 0 VIC	DISCRETE 60 = 4,5 VDC NO 50 = 0 VDC
GPMB SIDNK	BLANGER	TI.	GUN CON- TROLLER	7.50	סעי	L
GPMB SOURCE	ZIA	GUN CON- TROLLER	É	AWG-15	AWG-15	AWG-1.5
PRESENT 9 INK	INTERANCE BLANKER MX-8811A	CSDC	GUN CON- TROLLER C 8571/A (ARM SYS- TEM)	cspc	cspc	ocso
PRESENT SCURCE	cspc	GUN COM- TROLLER C8571/A (ARMANENT SYSTEM)	cspc	AFMAMENT PANEL C8579/AWG 15 (AFWA-	POWER SWITCHING UNIT SA 1749/AMC15 (ARWAMENT SYSTEM)	POWER SWITCHING UNIT SA 1749/AWGLY SPSTEM)
SIGNAL NAME	INTERFERANCE BLANKER BIT INITIATE	GUN CONTROLLER STATUS	GUN CONTROLLER BIT INITIATE	FUSE FUNCTION CONTROL	STATUS	STATUS
NO.	275	276	277	87.5	279	

2184-108W

GPMS SIGNAL LIST

COMMENTS	Walliwhen OMS initiates is OMS (IRV SOPENOV), information Transmitter to See Figure 4	Wall when CMC Initiate: P. NrIN' SOMOSOD, information Transmitte: to IP' in illy/QL-0505 See Figure 4	Walts when CMU Initiate: P.S.C. (INU GARSON), Information Transmitted to INU in TF501-0505	Wall when OW: Initiate; E 3K .IR: SOMOSOO), information Transmitte; to IR: in SIP/501-090> See Figure L	Wall when CMC Initiates P. SMC (178) SOROSCO), information The amitted to IRU in SIRVFOL-0905 See Figure 4.	Walls when OKD Initiates F ORT (IPU SOPSOO), information Transmitted to IFT in SiPV501-0505	Walls when DKN Institutes F UKC (IPU SOPOSOD), information Transmittes to IRU in SIPOSOL-OOS See Figure b
QUANTI- ZATION							
BITTS/ SEC							
MESSAGE							
SAMPLE RATE	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DE PENDENT	OBC DISCRETE	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT
SIGNAL	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	DISCRETE GO = 1,5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDG	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDG	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC
GPMS	DP4	ታፓር	7,1,0	12.0	74.	יועמ	ፓ ኮኒ
GPMS SOURCE	5T- 2ne	KWG-15	AWG-15	AWG-15	AWG-15	AWG-15	AWG-15
PRESENT S INK	CSDC :/	i- canc	ogro -	- cspc	- cspc	ogso -	- cspc
PRESENT SCURCE	POWE: SWITCHING UNIT SAIT! (AR AWG 15 (AR MAMENT SYS	POWER SWITCH ING UNIT SA 1749/AWG 15 (ARWAMENT SYSTEM)	POWER SWITCE- ING UNIT SA 1749/AWG 15 (ARMAMENT SYSTEM)	POMER SMITCH- ING UNIT SA 1749/AMG 19 (ARWAMENT SYSTEM)	POWER SWITCH ING UNIT SA 1749/AWG 15 (ARWAWENT SYSTEM)	POWER SWITCH- ING UNIT SA 1749/AWG 19 (AFWAMENT SYSTEM)	OWER SWITCH INC UNIT SA 749/AWG 15 A RWAMENT SYSTEM)
SIGNAL RAME	B DECORER STA. NO.3/6 STATUS	B DECODER STA, NO. 2 POWER SWITCH. CSDC ING UNIT SA. 1749/ANG 15 (AMMARENT SYSTEM)	A DECODER SIA NO. 8 F STATUS	A DECOUER STA NO. 6 ESTATUS	A DECODER STA. NO. 5 PAMER SAITCH- TWA UNIT SA- 1749/ANG-15 (ARGAMENT SYSTEM)	A DECODER STA, NO.1. I	A DECODER STA. NO. 3 PONER SWITCH- ING UNIT SA. I'NG/AMC 15 (ARMADEN ESTEV)
NO.	281	282	283	787	285	286	287

2184-110W

GPMS SIGNAL LIST

SZAZSOGO	Valid when OWD initiated B OBC (IPU SOPPSOO), information Transmitted to IPU in SIPSOL-0505.	Valid when OWD Initiated B OBC (IFU SOPOSO) Information Transmitted to IFU in SIRS(14-0505).	Valid when OWD Initiated F OBC (INV SOPPOOD) information Transmitted to IPU in 31P-561-0555	Walld when GMD Initiated B OBC (IFV SOPOSO) information Transmitter to IFU. in SIPV-(1-05-5 See Figure 4	Valid when GMD initiated by DBC (AMCS/ IFU SOPPSOD), Information fransmitted to AMCS/IFU in SLFO501-05 See Figure 4	Vall3 when OMD Initiated by OBC (AMCS/ IPU SOPSOO), Information fran.mitted to AMCS/IPU in SIPOSO1-05 CCF Figure 1	Valitates OW Initiates by ON (AMC) INCOMMANDED Information Transmitter to AMCS/IRU in SIROSOL-05 Ser Figure 1
QUANTI- ZATION							
BITS/ SEC							
MESSACE LENGTH							
SAMPLE	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDEN	OBC TEPERDENT
SIGNAL	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDG	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = O VDC	PULSE INITIATE=5VDC FOR 4 SEC WORMAL=OPEN	PULSE INITIATE=5VDC POR 4 SEC FORML=UPEN	DISCHETE 30 = 4.5 VDC NO 30 = 0 VDC	DISCHETE 30 = 1,5 VDC NG 30 = 0 VDG	DISCRETE 30 = 1,5 VDC NO 30 + 0 V30
I I	ឧថ≊	29,5		T # 2 2			
GPNB SIDIK	OLT.	72.0	AWG-15 FINI	AWG-15 IN: POI	Ē	7 <u>7</u> 5	É
GPMB GPMB SOURCE SIDIK			DT4 AWG-15	DT4 AMG-15			
Н	SDC AWG-15 Dru	SDC AMG-15 DP4	AWG-15	AWG-15	Ğ	CS.LC APCS-YAW DPL	Ė
PRESENT GPAS S.DRK SOURCE	SDC AWG-15 Dru	SDC AMG-15 DP4	CSEC POWER DTA ANG-15 UNITO HAG BALTCH HAG SA 1749- AWS-15	DT4 AMG-15	330¢ AM0-15 DP	ī.	CSDC APTG-YAM (TPL
GPMB SOURCE	SDC AWG-15 Dru	AWG-15 DT4	POWER DT4 ANG-15 SALTCH INC UNIT SA 1749- AA7-15	POWER DTU AMG-15 SWITCHIND UNIT SM 1 (4)- SM 6-15	AMG-15 DT ¹	- CSUC APCS-YAM DPL	F. CSDC APTG-YAM 77%

2184-112W

GPMS STGMAL LIST

COMPENTS	Walls when DM, in the company of AMOS IM, SEDSON, Min. mail. in manness to to AMOS/IM in SILOMATO.	Valia when CAS in tisture to the laws into a IND Schools, information, frame into a to AMCS/IND in SIF-SCh-5, frame into a Figure 4	Valid when CMC Institute: ig CMC LAMCS/ IND SORSOO), Information Transmitter: to AMCS/INU in SIP 501-05 See Figure G	Valid when CMD Initiates by OBC TAMCS/ IND SOPOSOD), Information Transmitte: to AMCS/IND in SIPOSOL-09 See Figure 4	Valia when CMD initiated by ORC AMESSING SOROSOD), information franchites to AMCS/IN in SIPSSOLOS Ref Figure 4	Valla when CMD Initiates by ONC (ANC)/ IFU SOPSGOD), Information: Iranaciones to AMCS/IPU in SIRVSGI-05 See Figure L	Wall when OWD Initiates by BC (AWD)/ IND SOPSSOD), Information instantites to AWS/IPU in SIT 501-05 See Figure 4
QUANTI- ZATION							
HTTS/ SEC							<u>-</u>
HESSAUE LENTH					<u>.</u>		
SAMPLE	OBC DE PENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OB" D: PENDENT
SIGNAL TYPE	DISCRETE. 30 = 4.5 Vic NO GO = 0 VD	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC* NO GO = 0 VDC	DISCEPTE Go = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDQ	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDG NO GO = 0 VDG	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDQ	DISCRETE 70 = 4.5 VDC NO GO O VDC
C PMS S IDNK	7,1,10	DT4	DT4	J.I.G	DT ¹	DT3	OT3
GPAG SOURCE	AFCS-YAW	AFCS-YAW	AFCS-PITCH DT4	AFCS-PITCH DT4	APCS-PITCH	AFCS-ROLL	AFCS_ROLL :/T3
PRESENT S INK	copie	cspc	onso	CSDC	ogso	90	SSDC
PRESENT SCURCE	YAW COM- PUTER CP 1031 ASW 32	YAW COM- PUTER CP 1031 ASW 32	PITCH COMPUTER CPL030 ASW 32	PITCH COMPUTER CP1030 ASW 32	PITCH COMPUTER CP1030 ASW 32	ROLL COM- CSDE PUTER CP 1029 ASM 32	HOLL COM- EUTER CP 1C-9 ASW 32
SIGNAL NAME	NAW SEKIES SEKVO ANTVATOR STATUS	YAM COMPUTER STATUS	PITCH TATE SENSOR STATUS	PITCH SERIES SERVO ACTUATOR STATUS	PITCH COMPUTER STATUS	FOLL RATE SENCOR STATUS	POLL SEKICS SERVO ACTIATOR STATUS
ETEM NO.	595	%	297	962	562	8	301

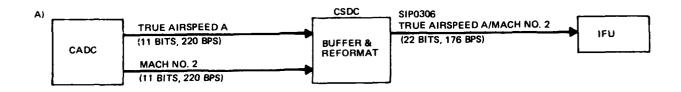
21840111W

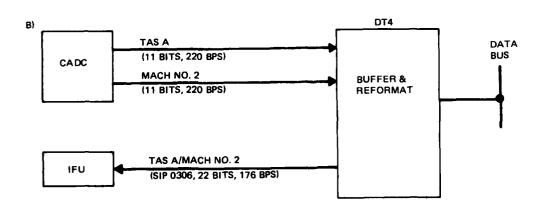
SAUDINO	Valid when CMD initiated by OBC (AMCS/ IPD SOPOSO), Information Transmitted to AMCS/IPU in SIPOSOL-05. See Pigure L	Valid when CMD Initiated by CBC (AMCS/ IRV SOPOSO), Information Transmitted to AMCS/INT in SIPOSOL-05.	Continuous Monitor, Transmitted to IFU in SIPOSO1-0505 Figure 4	CONTINUOUS MONITORING, TRANSMITTED TO 1FU IN SIPOSOL - 0505 SEE FIGURE &	WALID WERN COD INTIATED BY CRE. (SOPPSOO), INFORMATION TRANSMITTED TO INU IN SIPOSOI to CSOF SEE FIGURE 4	VALID WEN OF INTIATE: BY ONC (SOPPOSE,) INFORMATION TRANSMITE: TO IN: IN SLOSOI TO USC: SEE FIGURE 4.	OBC & ALIGNERT INTERLOCK SEE FIGURE 5	OBC & ALLONGNY INTERLOCK SEE FLUNE 6	OBC EMBLE FOR CLASS 2A ORC SEE FIGURE 8
QUANTI- ZATION						_			
BITS/ SEC									
MESSACE								<u> </u>	
SAMPLE RATE	OBC DEFENDENT	OBC	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT	OBC DEPENDENT			
SIGNAL TYPE	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	FULSE LINITIATE=28VDC FOR 3 SEC NORMAL = OPEN	DISCRETE GO = 15 VDC NO GO = 0 VDC	DISCPETE GO = 15VDC NO GO = 0VDC	DISCRETE GO = 4.5 VDC NO GO = OVDC	PULSE DITIATE=GND FOR 3 SEC NORMAL = 20 VDC	OPEN/GND	OPEN/GND	D ISCRETE
GPIE S.DIK	נזת	AFCS-P, Y, R	21.0	נגמ	DEF	cADC	DT3	DT3	MASTER TEST PNL
GPME SOURCE	AFCS-ROLL	DT4	DAU (NAV) P.S.	DAG.	cADC	7LG	LGRB	1,078	27.2
PRESENT S INT	CSDC	P, Y&R COMPUTERS ASW 32	cspc	cspc	csnc	CADC (CPL035A)	cspc	CSDC	MASTER TEST PNL
PRESENT SCURCE	ROLL COM- CSDC PUTER CP 1029 ASH 32	cspc	INU PONTR CSDC SUPPLY PP 6188/ASM 92V	DAU CM1263/ SN92V	CADC (CP1035A)	cspc	LEFT GLOVE RELAY BOX	LEFT GLOVE RELAY BOX	CBDC
SIGNAL NAME	ROLL COMPUTER STATUS	RSSCS BIT INITIATE	DW P.S. STATUS	IMU STATUS	CADC STATUS	CADC BIT INITIATE	WOW DISCRETE	WOW DISCRETE	PILLET'S ORC DISCRETE
E S	305	Š	Ž.	8	8	307	98	303	370

TO D/L (R/G 336) NGEG 13TO 4 BITD, FIG 17 QUANTI-ZATION BITS/ SEC MESSAGE GPMS SIGNAL LIST SAMPLE 3/C ANALOC SIGNAL G PNE S IDNY DT2 GPAG SOURCE FUEL QUANTITY SENSOR PRESENT S DYK SIGNAL NAME FUEL QUANTITY 2184-114W ¥ o ∏

A-43

APPENDIX B GPMS FUNCTIONAL FLOW BLOCK DIAGRAMS



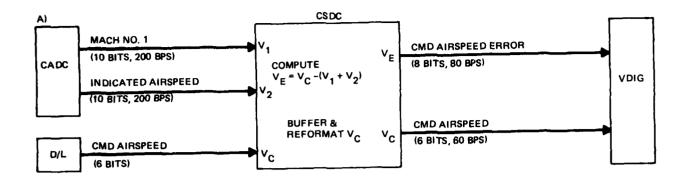


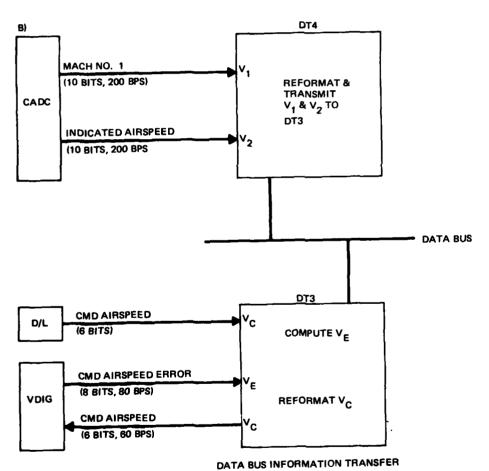
DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER

NOT REQUIRED CADC & IFU SERVICED BY SAME DT

2184-044W

Figure 1 True Airspeed A/Mach No. 2



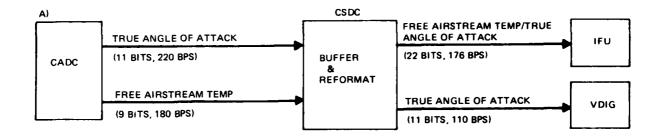


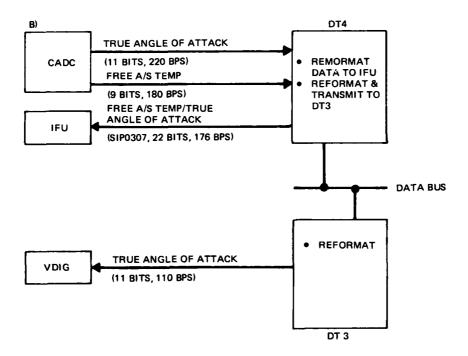
DT4 TO DT3

1) MACH NO. 1 (10 BITS, 200 BPS) 2) INDICATED AIRSPEED (10 BITS, 200 BPS)

2184-045W

Figure 2 Command Airspeed/Error

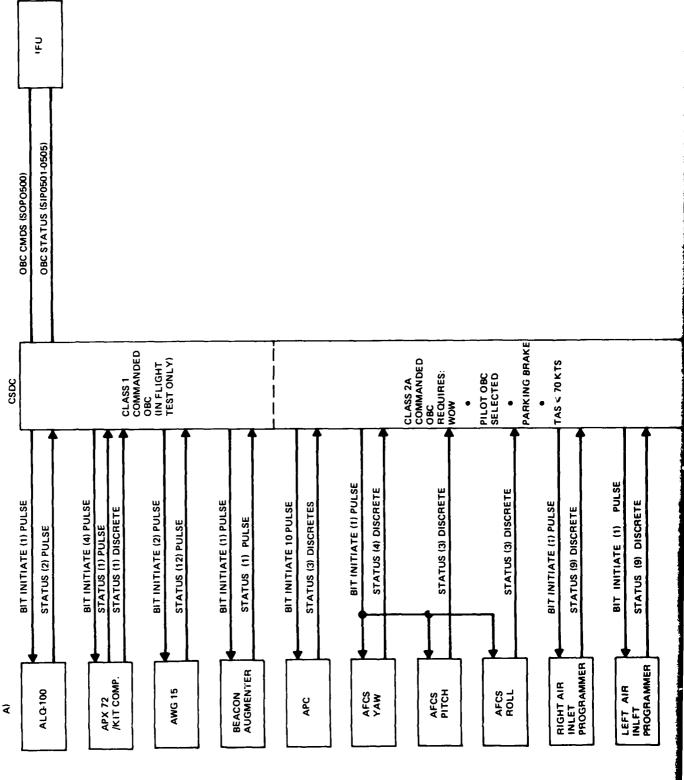




DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER
DT4 TO DT 3 - TRUE ANGLE OF ATTACK (11 BITS, 110 BPS)

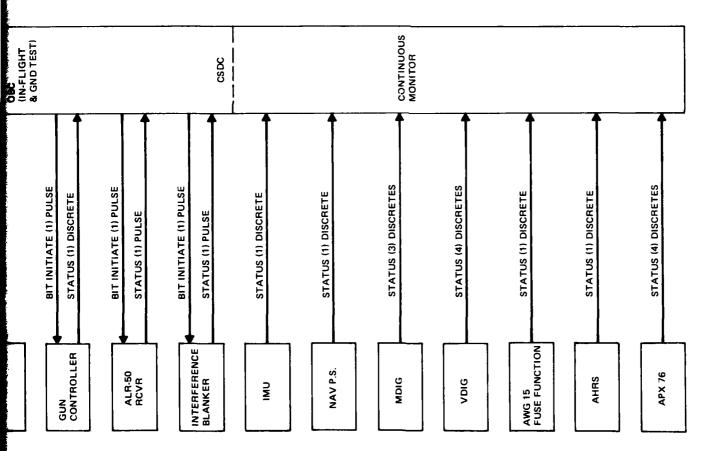
2184-046W

Figure 3 Free Airstream Temp/True Angle of Attack



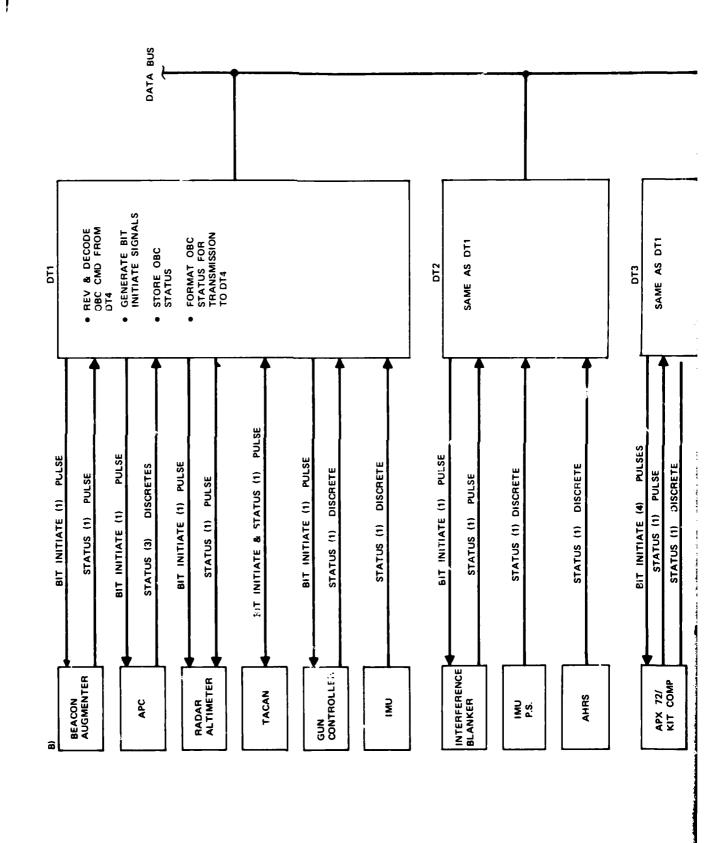
PARKING BRAKE CLASS 3 COMMANDED OBC (IN-FLIGHT & GND TEST) CLASS 2B COMMANDED OBC (GND TEST ONLY) TAS < 70 KTS CSDC PILOT OBC SELECTED BIT INITIATE & STATUS (1) PULSE BIT INITIATE (1) PULSE STATUS (3) DISCRETE BIT INITIATE (1) PULSE BIT INITIATE (1) PULSE STATUS (9) DISCRETE BIT INITIATE (1) PULSE BIT INITIATE (4) PULSE BIT INITIATE (1) PULSE BIT INITIATE (1) PULSE BIT INITIATE (1) PULSE BIT INITIATE (1) PULSE BIT INITATE (1) PULSE STATUS (9) DISCRETE STATUS (1) DISCRETE STATUS (1) DISCRETE STATUS (1) PULSE STATUS (6) PULSE STATUS (2) PULSE STATUS (1) PULSE STATUS (1) PULSE RIGHT AIR INLET PROGRAMMER LEFT AIR
INLET
PROGRAMMER INTERFERENCE BLANKER GUN RADAR ALTIMETER **ALR-45** TACAN ALR-50 RCVR AFCS ROLL CADC 90 O/L

2



the second secon

Figure 4 OBC



(

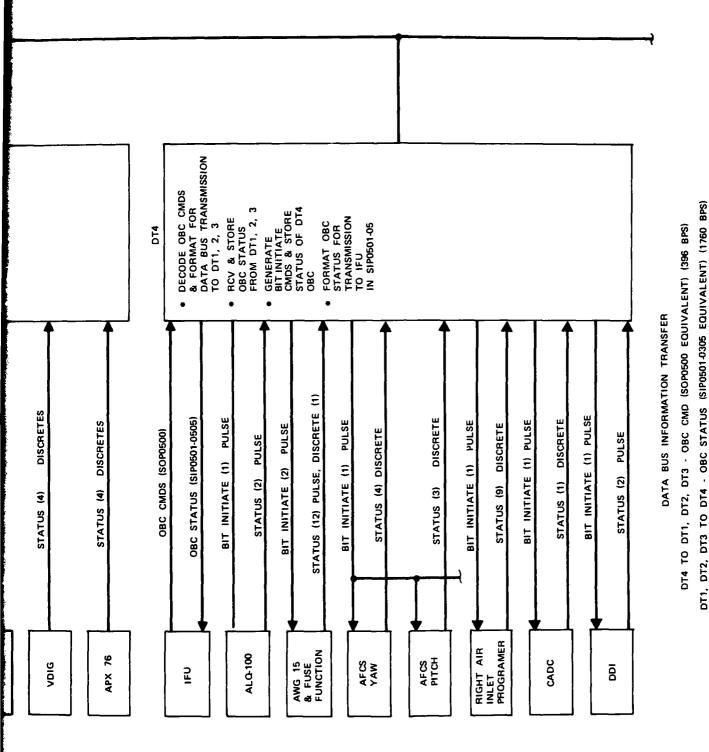
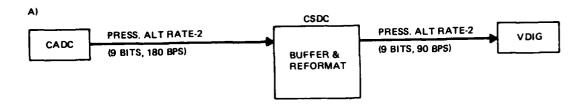
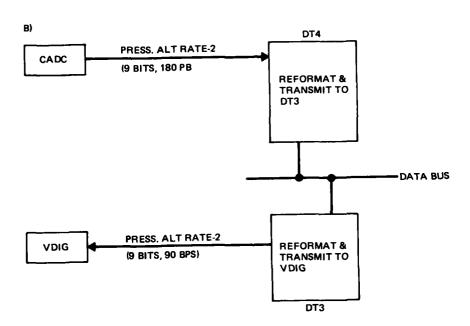


Figure 4 OBC (Cont.)





DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER
DT4 TO DT3 PRESS. ALT RATE-2 (9 BITS, 180 BPS)

2184-049W

Figure 5 Pressure Altitude Rate -2

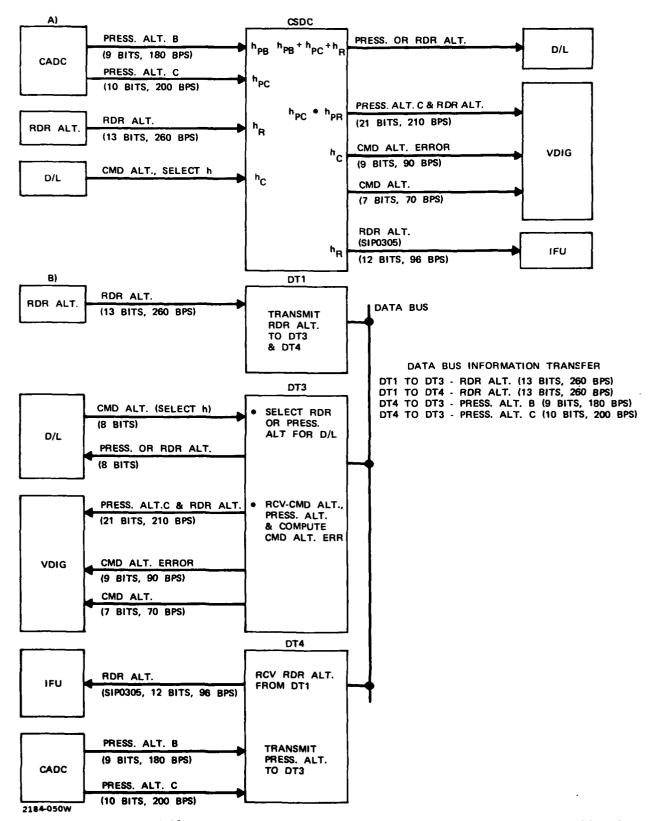
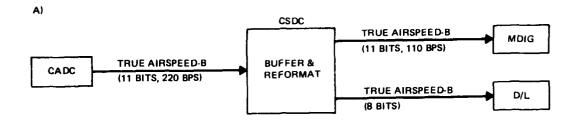
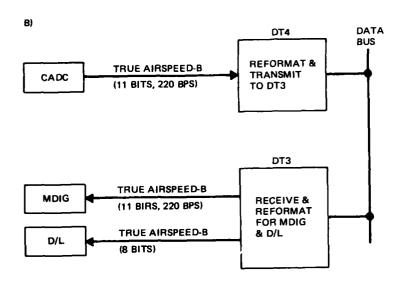


Figure 6 Command Altitude Error, Command Altitude, Pressure Altitude, Radar Altitude



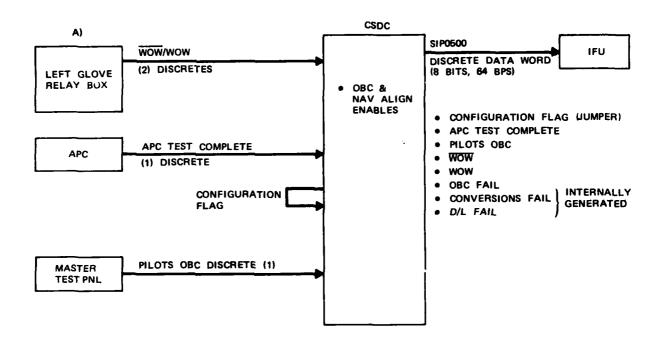


DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER

DT4 TO DT3 - TRUE AIRSPEED-B (11 BITS, 220 BPS)

2184-051W

Figure 7 True Airspeed-B



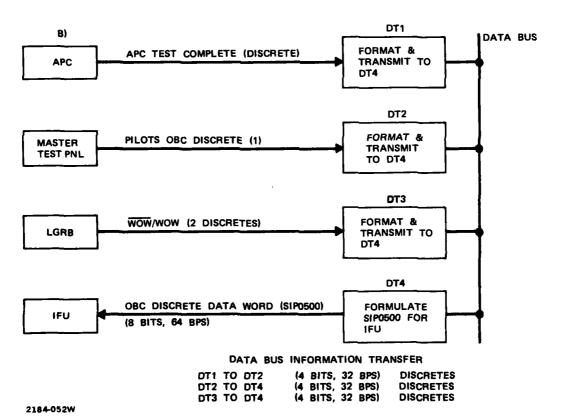
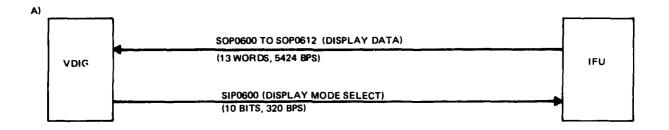
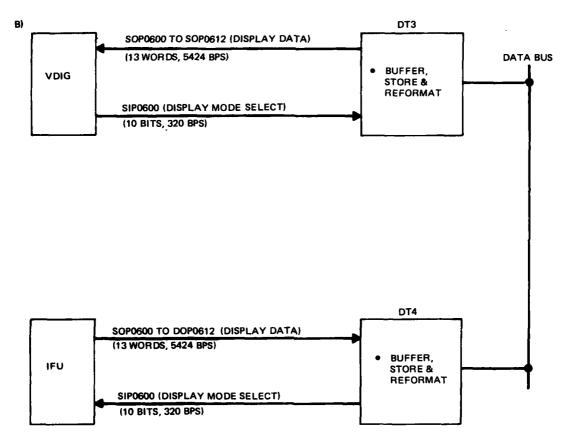


Figure 8 SIP0500 - OBC Discrete Data Word



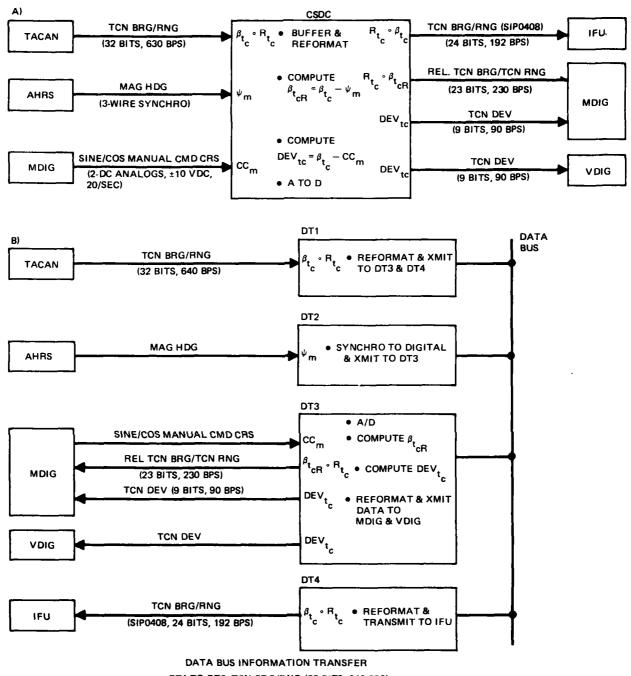


DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER

DT4 TO DT3 - SOP0600 TO SOP0612 (13 WORDS, 9 TO 24 BITS/WORD, 5424 BPS)
DT3 TO DT4 - SIP0600 (10 BITS, 320 BPS)

2184-053W

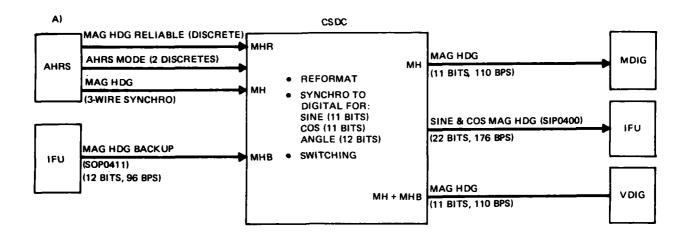
Figure 9 VDIG/IFU SIP/SOP06



DT1 TO DT3 TCN BRG/RNG (32 BITS, 640 BPS) DT1 TO DT4 TCN BRG/RNG (32 BITS, 640 BPS) DT2 TO DT3 MAG HDG (16 BITS, 320 BPS)

Figure 10 TACAN Bearing/Range, TACAN Deviation, Relative TACAN Bearing Angle

2184-054W



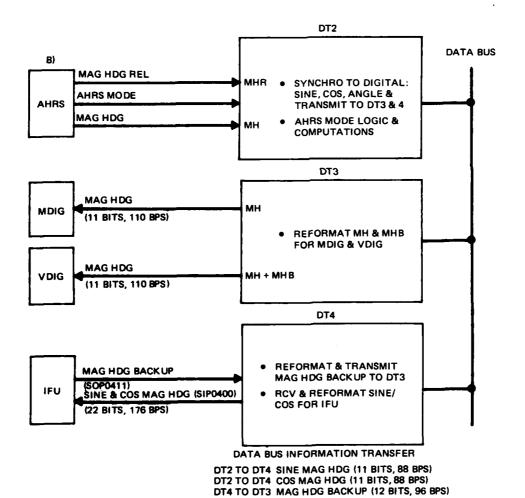
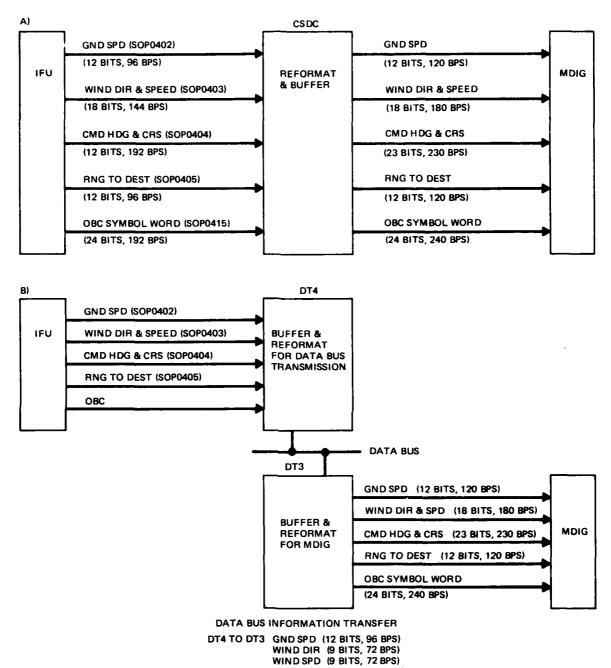


Figure 11 Magnetic Heading, Sine and Cos Magnetic Heading

2184-055W

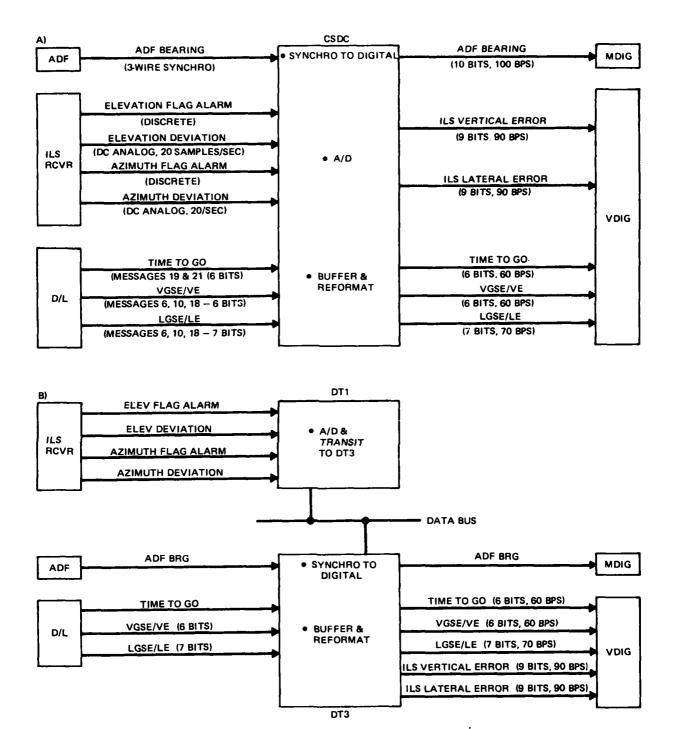


CMD HDG (12 BITS, 96 BPS)
CMD CRS (12 BITS, 96 BPS)
RNG TO DEST (12 BITS, 96 BPS)

2184-056W

Figure 12 Range to Destination, OBC Symbol Word, Groundspeed, Wind Direction, Wind Speed, Command Heading, Command Course

OBC SYMBOL WORD (24 BITS, 192 BPS)



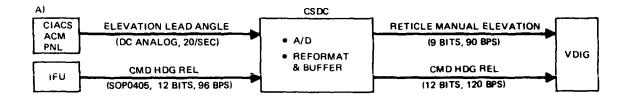
DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER

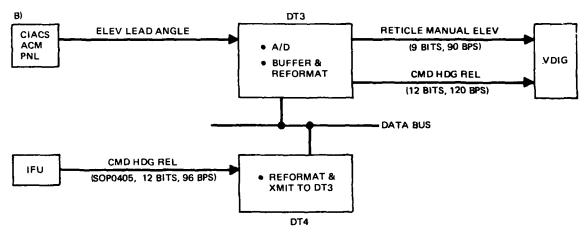
DT1 TO DT3 ILS VERTICAL ERROR (9 BITS, 90 BPS)

ILS LATERAL ERROR (9 BITS, 90 BPS)

2184-057W

Figure 13 ADF Bearing ILS Vertical Error, ILS Lateral Error, Time to Go, Vertical Guide Slope Error/Vertical Error, Lateral Guide Slope Error/Lateral Error

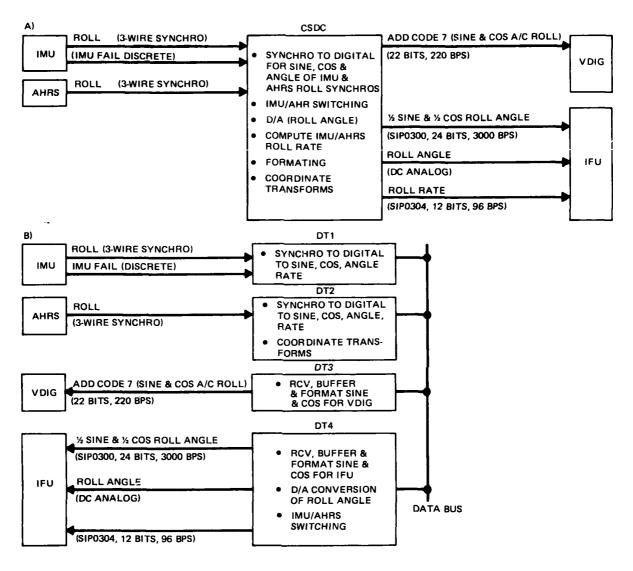




DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER DT4 TO DT3 CMD HDG REL (12 BITS, 96 BPS)

Figure 14 Reticle Manual Elevation, Command Heading Reliable

2184-058W



DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER

Figure 15 Sine and Cos Aircraft Roll, Roll Angle and Rate

2184-059W

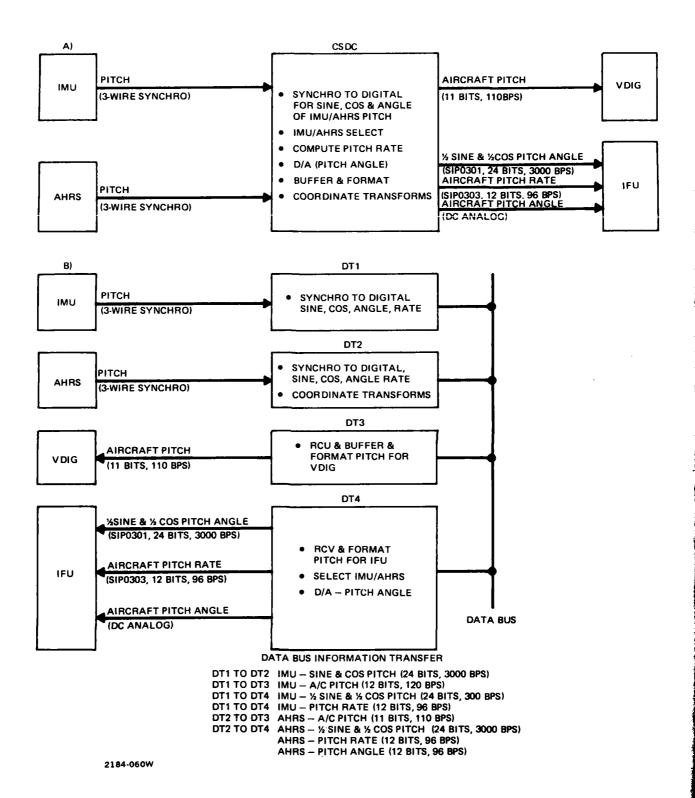
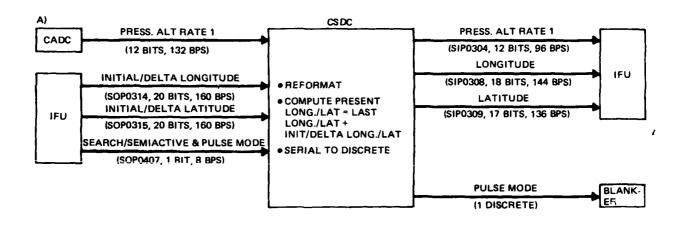
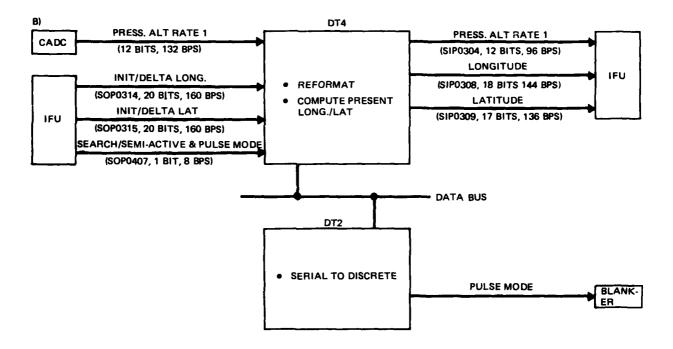


Figure 16 Sine and Cos Aircraft Pitch, Pitch Angle and Rate

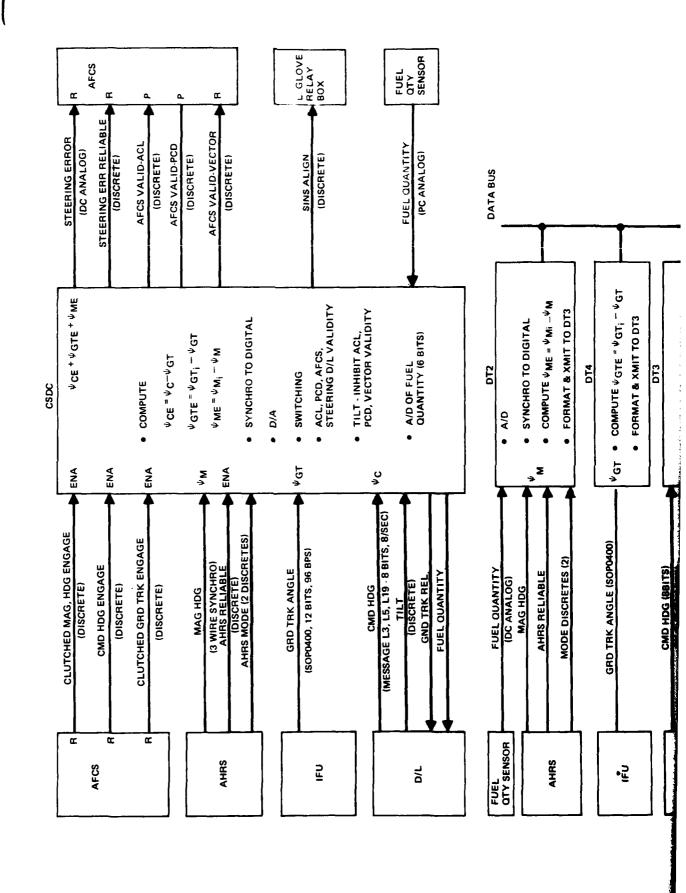




DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER DT4 TO DT2 PULSE MODE (1 BIT, 8 BPS)

2184-062W

Figure 18 Search/Semi-Active Mode, Pressure Altitude Rate 1, Longitude/Latitude



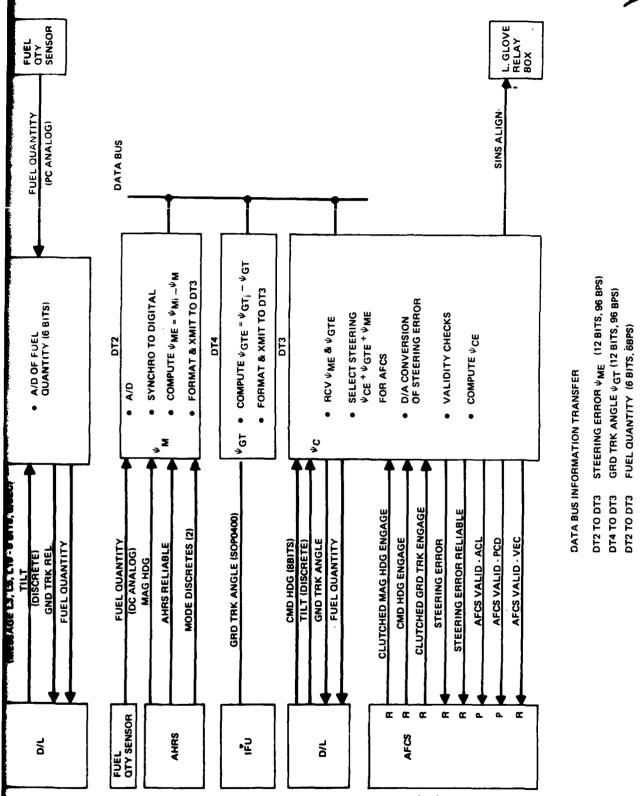
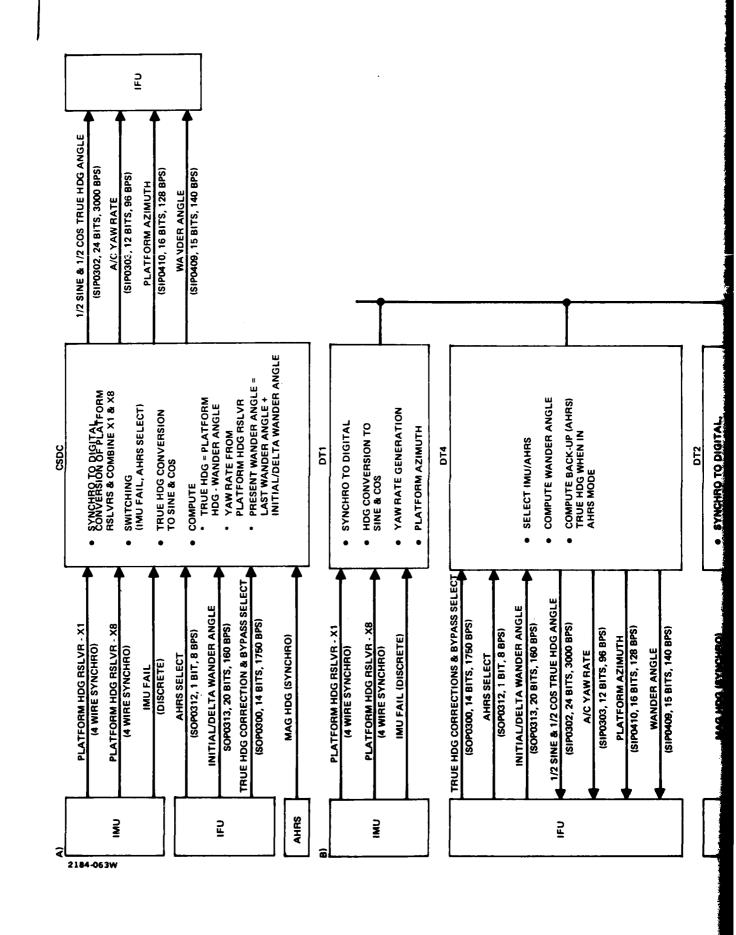


Figure 17 Steering Error and Discretes



2

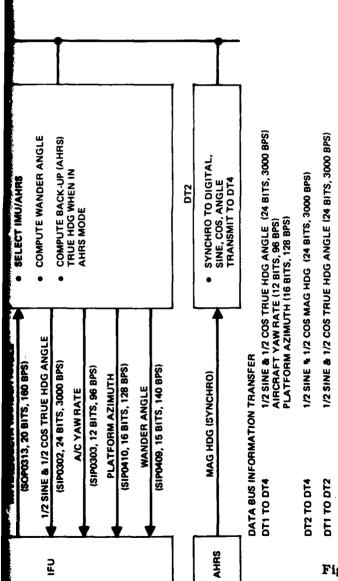
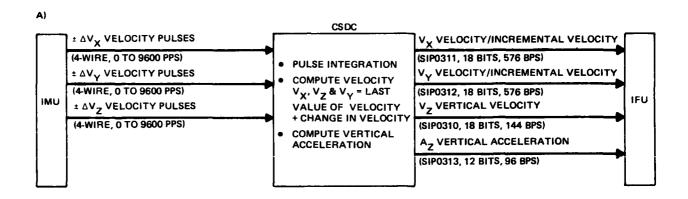
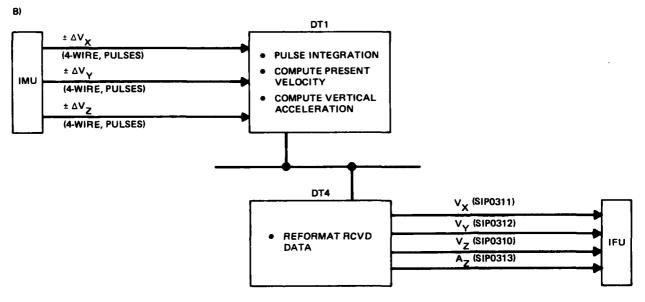


Figure 19 Sine and Cos Aircraft True Heading Angle, Yaw Rate, Wander Angle

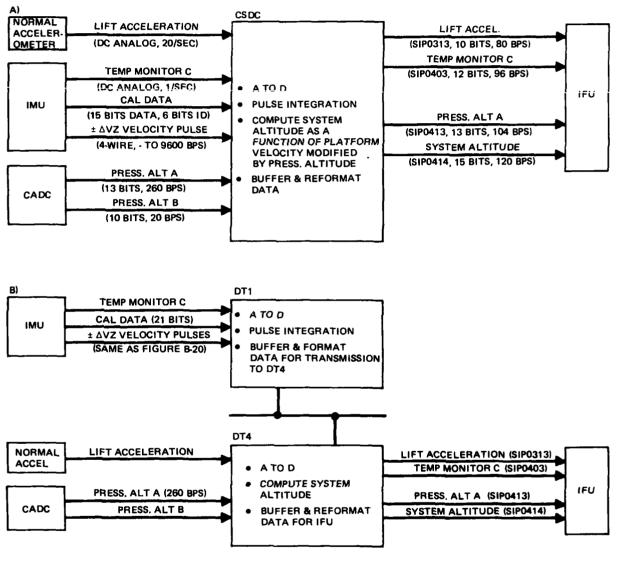




DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER DT1 TO DT4 $\ V_X \ (18 \ BITS, 576 \ BPS) \ V_Y \ (18 \ BITS, 144 \ BPS) \ A_Z \ (12 \ BITS, 96 \ BPS)$

2184-064W

Figure 20 $\,^{V}Z$ Vertical Velocity, $\,^{V}X$ Velocity/Incremental Velocity and $\,^{V}Y$ Velocity/Incremental Velocity



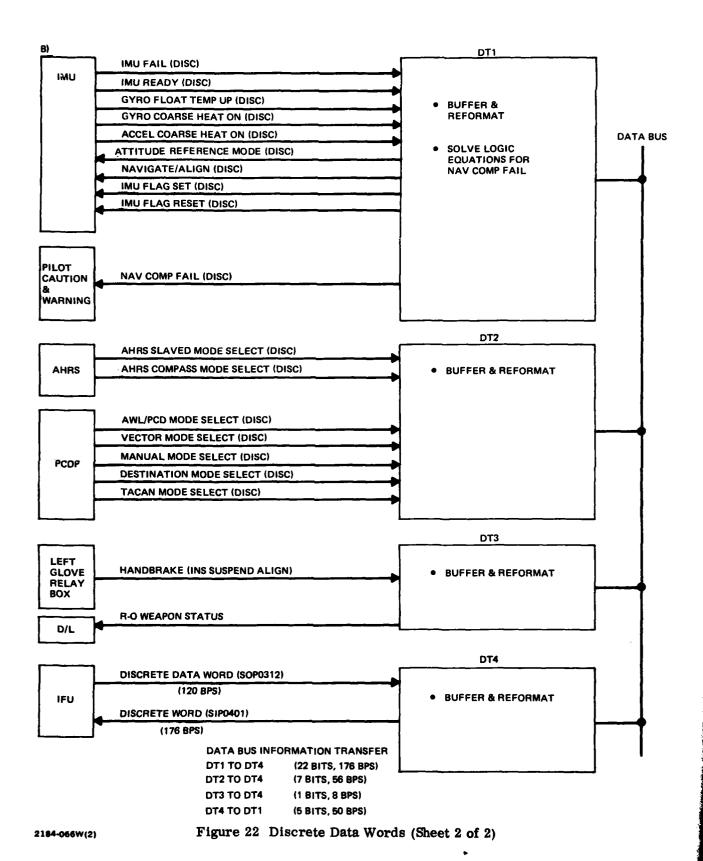
DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER
DT1 TO DT4 TEMP MONITOR C (12 BITS, 96 BPS)

2184-065W

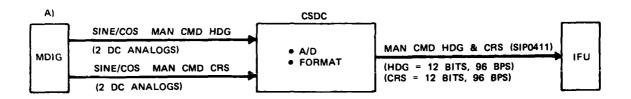
Figure 21 Lift Acceleration, System Altitude, Temp Monitor C, Pressure Altitude A

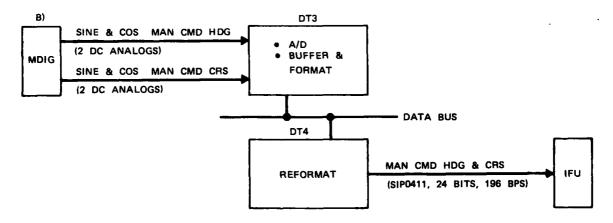
B-23

Figure 22 Discrete Data Words (Sheet 1 of 2)



B-24



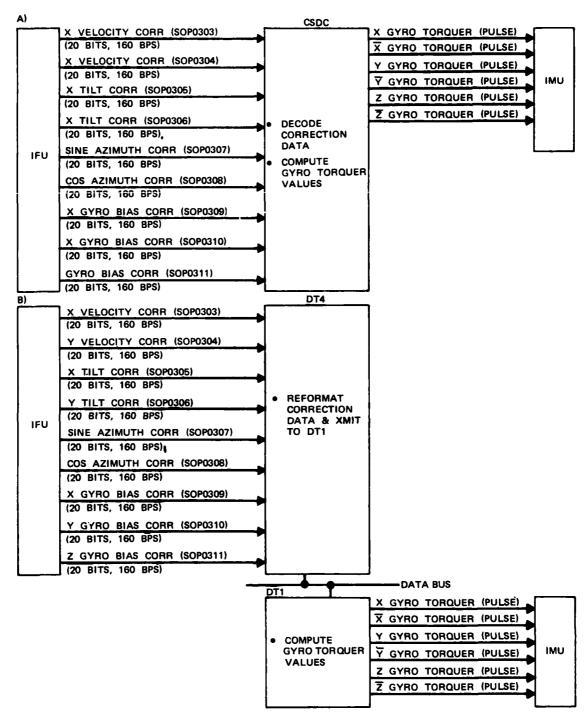


DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER

DT3 TO DT4 - MAN CMD HDG (12 BITS, 96 BPS) MAN CMD CRS (12 BITS, 96 BPS)

2184-067W

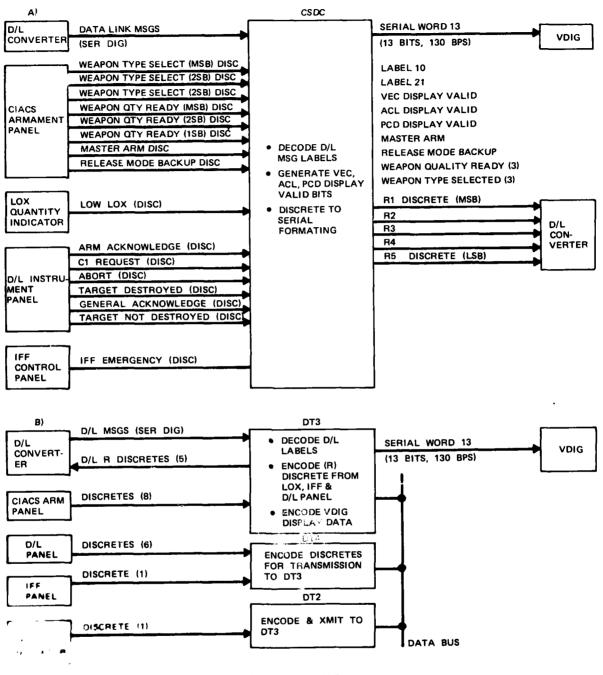
Figure 23 Manual Command Heading and Command Course



DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER
DT4 TO DT1 - SOP0303 TO SOP0311 (180 BITS, 1440 BPS)

2184-068W

Figure 24 Gyro Torquing Pulses

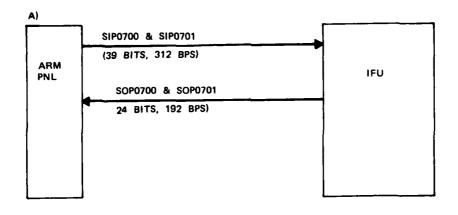


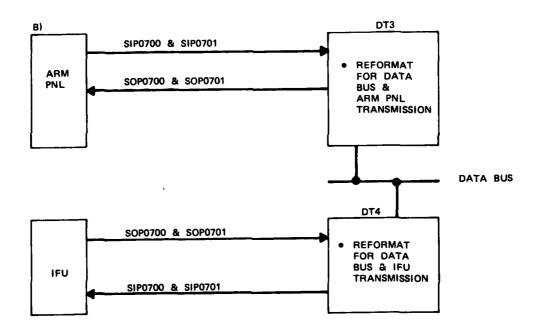
DATA SUS INFORMATION TRANSFER

TO TO DT3 (1 SIT 10 SPS) DISCRETES

TO DT4 (7 SITS 70 SPS) DISCRETES

wrial Word of and Discrete Interface





DATA BUS INFORMATION TRANSFER

DT3 TO DT4 - SIP0700 & SIP0701 (39 BITS, 312 BPS)

DT4 TO DT3 - SOP0700 & SOP0701 (24 BITS, 192 BPS)

2184-070W

Figure 26 SIP 07/SOP 07 CIACS (AWG 15)

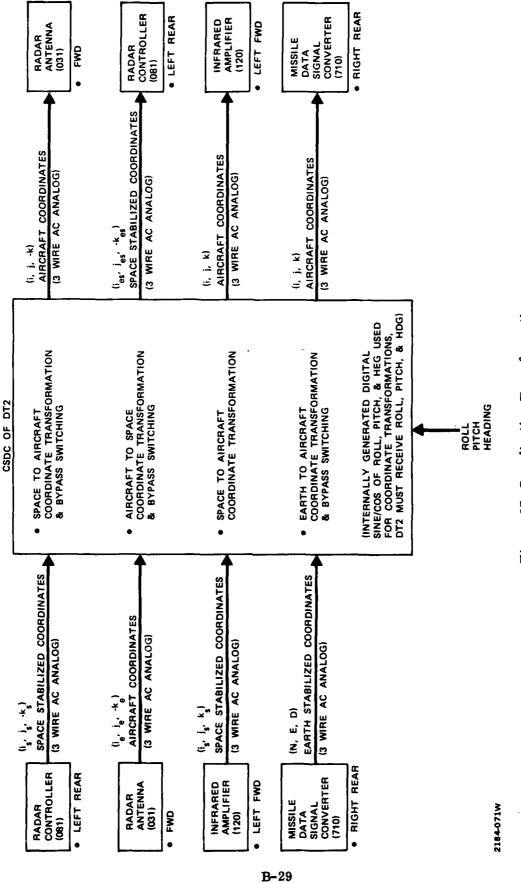


Figure 27 Coordination Transformations